CHAPTER 9: INCOME ANALYSIS 7 CFR 3555.152

9.1 INTRODUCTION

The lender is responsible to confirm applicants and households meet the eligibility criteria for the Single Family Housing Guaranteed Loan Program (SFHGLP). Lenders must calculate and document annual, adjusted annual, and repayment income. The guidance provided applies to all loans, including manually underwritten loans and loans that utilize the Agency's automated underwriting system, GUS.

SECTION 1: ELIGIBILITY INCOME

9.2 OVERVIEW

The SFHGLP assists very-low, low, and moderate-income households. Therefore, the lender must certify that any household that requests a loan guarantee does not exceed the adjusted annual income threshold for the applicable state and county where the dwelling is located. Additional information on income limits can be found in Appendix 5 of this Handbook.

This section assists lenders in analyzing income types, completing income calculations (annual, adjusted annual, and repayment), and documenting the income with acceptable verifications. Documentation of income calculations are recorded on Attachment 9-B, *Worksheet for Documenting Eligible Household and Repayment Income*, FNMA Form 1008 or Freddie Mac Form 1077, *Uniform Underwriting and Transmittal Summary*, or an equivalent lender income worksheet. Attachment 9-C provides a case study to illustrate how to properly complete the income worksheet. A public website is available to assist in the calculation of annual and adjusted annual income at:

https://eligibility.sc.egov.usda.gov/eligibility/incomeEligibilityAction.do?pageAction=state.

9.3 ANNUAL INCOME [7 CFR 3555.152(b)]

Annual income includes all eligible income sources from all adult household members, not just parties to the loan note. The annual income for the household will be used to calculate the adjusted annual household income. The adjusted annual income determines if the household is eligible for a guaranteed loan.

A. Income that is Never Counted

7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5) lists income sources that are never included in the annual income calculation. Refer to Attachment 9-A to review income and asset types, guidance for annual and repayment purposes, and documentation options acceptable to verify the income or asset source.

B. Calculation of Annual Income

Annual income is calculated for the ensuing 12 months, based on income verifications, documentation, and household composition. Lenders must examine all evidence to ensure the calculation is supported.

In addition to 7 CFR 3555.152(b) and Attachment 9-A, lenders must consider the following to calculate annual income:

- Use the gross amount, before any payroll deductions, of base wages and salaries, overtime pay, commissions, fees, tips, bonuses, housing allowances, and other compensations for personal services of all adult members of the household, unless they meet the exclusion criteria of 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5) and Attachment 9-A. Documented cost of living allowances or wage increases that will be effective on or before loan closing must be included in the annual income calculation.
- Include the first \$480 of earned income from adult full-time students who are not an applicant, or a spouse of an applicant.
- Include the income of an applicant's spouse, unless the spouse has been living apart from the applicant for at least three months (for reasons other than military or work assignment), or court proceedings for divorce or legal separation have been commenced. Evidence to support living apart for three months may include, but is not limited to, an apartment lease, bills, or bank statements in their name alone delivered to a different address, etc. This guidance applies to domestic partners, significant others, and fiancée's that are currently living with the applicant as a household/family unit. This guidance does not apply to adult dependents age 18 and up.
- An adult household member that is currently unemployed but is seeking new employment must have their previous earnings included in annual income. The previous earnings are not required to be included when there is documented evidence to support they are not seeking to be reemployed, such as a tendered resignation or official termination from previous employer, or a signed statement

from the adult household member that they do not plan to pursue new employment.

- Income verifications provided by applicants that do not currently support historical earnings with the same employer (e.g. less hours worked, less overtime, less bonus, declining self-employment income, etc.) must be carefully reviewed to determine appropriate calculations.
- Verified changes of income amounts or sources in the ensuing 12 months must be documented. Examples include, but are not limited to, pending retirement, resignation tendered, documented raise that will occur prior to loan closing, etc.
- When an income source will not be received for the entire year, the amount anticipated to be received within the ensuing 12 months must continue to be included in annual income unless excluded under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5). Examples include, but are not limited to, child support, alimony, maintenance, Social Security, etc. Annual income is the total of all income sources for a 12-month timeframe. Income calculations must state the income source, the number of months receipt remaining for the ensuing 12-month timeframe, and the total amount to be received.

Lenders are responsible for accurately calculating annual household income. The calculation should be logical based on the history of income and documentation provided. Training is available on the USDA LINC Training and Resource Library website, located at <u>https://www.rd.usda.gov/resources/usda-linc-training-resource-library/lender-training</u>.

Annual income calculations will typically vary from adjusted annual and repayment income.

C. Income of Temporarily Absent Household Members

A household member is defined as all persons routinely living in the dwelling as a principal residence, except for live in aides, foster children, and foster adults (7 CFR 3555.10). If a member of the household that will make the dwelling their principal residence is temporarily absent, their income must be included.

D. Applicant Assets

Income earned from non-retirement assets may be required to be included in the annual income calculation, as applicable. Refer to paragraph 9.4 for guidance.

E. Verification Requirements

Lenders must verify income and asset documentation provided by applicants and other adult household members. Lenders will verify the income for each adult household member for the previous 2 years. The following guidance will assist:

- Written, oral, or electronic verifications, and documents provided or prepared by third-party sources are acceptable, unless otherwise specified. These verifications must be provided directly to the lender.
- Lenders may not accept verifications or documents transmitted by, or passed through, an interested third party such as builders, real estate professionals, or sellers.
- Facsimiles, photocopies, digital images, and computer-generated documents may be accepted in lieu of original forms, unless otherwise specified.
- The lender is responsible for the integrity and accuracy of the information in the mortgage underwriting file. Regardless of the type of documentation used to support the loan application, the documents must be legible and free of any alterations, erasures, "white-outs," or similar indications that changes have been made.
- Verification documentation of household annual, adjusted annual, and repayment income will be retained in the lender's permanent case file.
- Paystubs/earning statements must include adequate information to calculate income and include year-to-date earnings. The lender must utilize paystub(s)/earning statement(s) that are dated no earlier than 30 days prior to the initial loan application date.
- W-2 forms must include the most recent one or two years, as applicable. W-2's must clearly identify the applicant and employer.
- Tax returns for self-employed borrowers must be copies of the original returns filed with the IRS and include all supporting schedules. Lenders may substitute IRS transcripts obtained directly from the IRS with all supporting schedules. The most recent tax return refers to the last return filed as determined by IRS schedule/deadlines. Lenders must continue to obtain the most recent two years of returns, as applicable. Applicants must not be delinquent on federal taxes as determined by the IRS.

- Applicants with an approved IRS extension for the current tax year may continue to be eligible if they are not delinquent on taxes owed, as determined by the IRS. Evidence of tax payments made, if applicable, must be retained in the lender's permanent loan file in accordance with Chapter 10 of this Handbook.
- Income and asset documents and verifications cannot be greater than 120 days old at time of loan closing. Divorce decrees, income tax returns, and other documents that do not expire will continue to have the most recent or filed copy accepted.
- Applicable income and asset documents greater than 120 days old at the time of loan closing must be updated or re-verified to support applicant/household eligibility.

For all loan types, lenders must verify the income for all applicants and adult household members (excluding eligible full- time students ages 18 and above) through one of the following documentation methods. Refer to Attachment 9-A for documentation and verification options that are acceptable to support income types.

1. Full Income Documentation – Non-Self-Employed

- W-2 forms for the most recent two tax years, which may be electronically generated or provided in paper format, or IRS Wage and Income transcripts;
- Paycheck stubs or payroll earning statements that report the most recent four weeks of earnings; and
- Prior to loan closing, a Verbal Verification of Employment (VVOE) must be obtained for all applicants within 10 business days of loan closing. A written verification or email confirmation (other than a paystub), that confirms the applicant's current employment status within this time frame is also acceptable. The documentation must include the name and title of the person who completed the verification for the employer. This verification will be retained in the lender's permanent loan file. Adverse changes to the applicant's employment may render the loan ineligible.

2. Alternative Income Documentation – Non-Self-Employed

• Written Verification of Employment (VOE): Electronically generated verifications from the employer or a verification service utilized by the employer, Form RD 1910-5, *Request for Verification of Employment*, or an equivalent HUD, VA, Fannie Mae, or Freddie Mac form may be utilized to verify the current year-to-date (YTD) and previous year's employment earnings. This verification must confirm base income/wages, bonus, overtime,

commissions, and other income sources earned, as applicable;

- Recent paycheck/earnings statement: Lenders must compare a recent paystub that includes YTD earnings and employment information to the VOE to confirm these two documents reasonably agree; and
- Prior to loan closing, a Verbal Verification of Employment (VVOE) must be obtained for all applicants within 10 business days of loan closing. A written verification or email confirmation (other than a paystub), that confirms the applicant's current employment status within this time frame is also acceptable. The documentation must include the name and title of the person who completed the verification for the employer. This verification will be retained in the lender's permanent loan file. Adverse changes to the applicant's employment may render the loan ineligible.

3. Self-Employed Income Documentation

Applicants or household members are considered self-employed when they have a 25 percent or greater ownership interest in a business. If the ownership interest is less than 25 percent, neither the "Business Owner" or "Self-Employed" options should be selected in GUS.

Federal Income Tax Returns for the business will be required when ownership is 25 percent or greater. The lender must analyze the most recent two- year history of the business earnings. Sharp increases or decreases in self-employment income may require the lender to review additional documentation to support their calculation of annual, adjusted annual, and repayment income. Sharp increases or decreases are defined as a 20 percent or greater variance for income earnings from the previous 12 months. The lender's permanent file must contain the following, as applicable:

- Federal Income Tax Returns (filed and signed) for the most recent two consecutive years with all schedules, or IRS transcripts that include all applicable schedules;
- Federal Income Tax Returns for the business (filed and signed) for the most recent two consecutive years with all schedules, or IRS transcripts that include all applicable schedules, if required for the ownership interest/business type;
- Recent profit and loss statement (not required to be audited); and
- Confirmation the business is operational, obtained within 30 days of the loan closing. Documentation may include evidence of a website, additional internet

documentation, licensing bureau certification, etc. Adverse changes to the business may render the applicants ineligible.

Lenders may utilize Fannie Mae Form 1084, *Cash Flow Analysis*, Fannie Mae Form 1088, *Comparative Income Analysis*, or a comparable self-employment evaluation form(s), and Attachment 9-E to assist in the calculation of self-employment income.

A business (full time or part-time) that is closed may be removed from consideration for annual income when the applicants provide a letter of explanation and documentation to the lender which details: 1. When the business was closed; 2. Why the business was closed; 3. How the business was closed; and 4. Evidence, satisfactory to the lender, to support the closure of the business.

REMINDER: Refer to Attachment 9-A for documentation options and verification requirements of additional income and asset types that may apply to the household. If a specific income or asset type is not listed, refer to 7 CFR 3555.152. All income and asset types must be documented and verified. The lender must retain all documentation and calculations in their permanent loan file.

4. IRS Transcripts: Verification of Income

IRS transcripts are required for all required household members in addition to the documentation option selected by the lender. Lenders must require each adult household member, as applicable, to complete and sign IRS Form 4506-T, *Request for Transcript of Tax Return,* or IRS Form 4506-C, *IVES Request for Transcript of Tax Return,* for the previous two tax years at the time of submission to the Agency. The 4506-T/4506-C must be used to request full transcripts with all schedules.

Full time students ages 18 and up that are not the applicant, co-applicant, or spouse of an applicant are not required to sign the 4506-T/4506-C or have transcripts provided.

Guaranteed loans cannot be made to a household that exceeds the applicable adjusted annual income limit. The transcripts provide a quality control measure to ensure all income and asset earnings reported to the IRS have been disclosed to the lender.

Lenders must obtain and review available transcripts prior to loan closing and retain them in their permanent loan file.

Previously unknown/undisclosed income or asset sources that are identified by the transcripts will require additional review by the lender and may render a loan file ineligible.

The lender is responsible for requesting tax transcripts in the early stages of the application process. When the lender is unable to obtain transcripts from the IRS for the applicants or required household members, they may document their correspondence to and from the IRS in the permanent loan file to support the omission. The loan file will be considered complete when the explanation is documented. Loan closings will not be delayed due to obstacles in obtaining the tax transcripts. The lender remains responsible for obtaining transcripts, even if post-closing.

9.4 CALCULATING INCOME FROM ASSETS [7 CFR 3555.152(d)]

Household members with cumulative net family assets (non-retirement) of \$50,000 or greater, must have those assets reviewed for annual income purposes, as indicated in 7 CFR 3555.152(d). Lenders must review the most recent asset information provided by applicants and household members at the time of loan application. Net family assets with actual earnings will use the stated rate of interest to calculate annual income. Net family assets that do not earn interest will use a current passbook savings rate (verified through the lender's personal banking rates, online website, etc.) to calculate annual income.

If the applicants have ownership in a business, or are self-employed, the lender should closely review the asset accounts to verify assets are not transferred between a personal account and a business account and vice versa. These accounts should function as two separate financial tools, one for personal transactions and one for business transactions. In the event the assets from the business account and personal account are co-mingled, the co-mingled assets would need to be included in the calculation of net family assets.

Refer to the Asset section in Attachment 9-A for individual asset types and options for documentation/verification.

9.5 ADJUSTED ANNUAL INCOME [7 CFR 3555.152(c)]

The adjusted annual income calculation will determine if the household is eligible for the guaranteed loan program. Adjusted annual income is calculated by using the annual income calculation and subtracting any of the eligible deductions in 7 CFR 3555.152(c) for which the household may qualify. Attachment 9-C provides an example of using deductions.

HB-1-3555 Paragraph 9.5 Adjusted Annual Income

Refer to Attachment 9-A for information and documentation options to support these eligible deductions:

- Dependents
- Child Care Expenses
- Elderly Household
- Care of Household Members with Disabilities
- Medical Expenses

9.6 AGENCY REVIEW OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME

The Agency will recalculate the lender's determination of adjusted annual income, as a quality control step, when the lender's calculation is within 10 percent of the applicable published income limit. The Agency review is only required for manually underwritten loans, defined as application types that are not supported by GUS and applications submitted to GUS that have received an underwriting recommendation of Refer or Refer with Caution.

If the Agency's calculation exceeds the adjusted annual income threshold, the Agency will contact the approved lender to review the results and determine the appropriate calculation. This review will ensure adjusted annual household income calculations are correctly computed and include all applicable income. The Agency will complete Attachment 9-F, *Worksheet for Documenting Eligible Household and Repayment Income*, to record their calculation, which will then be uploaded to the Electronic Customer File (ECF).

SECTION 2: REPAYMENT INCOME [7 CFR 3555.152(a)]

9.7 OVERVIEW

Repayment income will determine if applicants have sufficient income to repay the mortgage in addition to recurring debts. Repayment income calculations often differ from the calculation of annual and adjusted annual income.

Repayment income is the stable and dependable income of the applicants who will be parties to the note. Co-signers and non-occupant co-borrowers are not permitted for a guaranteed loan transaction.

9.8 STABLE AND DEPENDABLE INCOME [7 CFR 3555.152(a)]

7 CFR 3555.152(a) and Attachment 9-A assist lenders in reviewing income types. The following guidance also assists lenders to consider repayment income sources:

- The income source must be documented.
- There must be evidence to support the historical receipt of earnings.
- Establish the likelihood of its continuance for at least 3 years into the mortgage.
- Analyze any gaps in employment to make a final determination of stable and dependable income. The Agency does not impose specific criteria regarding when a gap in employment is acceptable. It is the approved lender's responsibility to analyze the complete employment history to determine stable and dependable income.
- Caution should be utilized for applicants that have documented declining wages or earnings. Lenders must ensure repayment income is not inflated/overstated.
- Caution should be utilized for applicants that have a documented sharp increase in earnings. A sharp increase in earnings is defined as a 20 percent or greater variance in income from the previous 12 months. Lenders must determine if an increase is supported and logical. Examples include, but are not limited to, a promotion with the current employer, documented pay raise, income trend analysis for overtime, bonus, commission, seasonal employees, etc.
- Caution should be utilized for applicants that have a documented decrease in earnings. A documented decrease in earnings is defined as a 20 percent or greater variance in income from the previous 12 months. Lenders must determine if the decrease has/will continue or if there is evidence to support the earnings have stabilized. Examples include, but are not limited to, loss of job but new employment secured with lower wages, new profession/line of work, loss of contract/clients, economic cycle impact such as real estate, finance/lending, manufacturing, construction, etc.
- Lenders may gross up income that is not subject to Federal taxes 25 percent.

HB-1-3555 Paragraph 9.8 Stable and Dependable Income

• Any loss incurred by a self-employed business (full time or part-time) that is closed may be removed from consideration when the applicants provide a letter of explanation and documentation to the lender which details: 1. When the business was closed; 2. Why the business was closed; 3. How the business was closed; and 4. Evidence, satisfactory to the lender, to support the closure of the business.

REMINDER: Approved lenders are responsible for their underwriting decisions, which includes the determination of stable and dependable income. Loans that default within 60 months of the date the Loan Note Guarantee is issued may result in indemnification from the approved lender to USDA due to unauthorized underwriting per 7 CFR 3555, HB-1-3555, and additional published USDA guidance.

9.9 AGENCY REVIEW OF REPAYMENT INCOME

The Agency will recalculate the lender's determination of repayment income, as a quality control step, when the repayment ratios are within 10 percent of the published debt ratio threshold of 7 CFR 3555.151(h). The Agency review is only required for manually underwritten loans, defined as application types that are not supported by GUS and applications submitted to GUS that have received an underwriting recommendation of Refer or Refer with Caution.

If the Agency's calculation does not agree with the repayment income calculation of the lender, the Agency will contact the approved lender to review the results and determine the appropriate calculation. This action will strengthen the oversight procedures to verify compliance with regulatory requirements. The Agency will complete Attachment 9-F, *Worksheet for Documenting Eligible Household and Repayment Income*, to record their calculation, which will then be uploaded to the Electronic Customer File (ECF).

9.10 OPTIONAL DOCUMENTATION OF INCOME FORMS

Attachment 9-G of this Chapter provides optional verification forms for the lender's use in verifying non-employed income or adjusted annual income deductions as follows:

- Verification of Pensions and Annuities
- Verification of Student Income and Expenses

HB-1-3555 Paragraph 9.10 Optional Documentation of Income Forms

- Verification of Medical Expenses
- Verification of Social Security Benefits
- Verification of Public Assistance
- Verification of Child/Dependent Care
- Verification of Unemployment Benefits
- Verification of Business Expenses
- Verification of Support Payments

Also available is an optional form to record an oral verification of employment.

• Record of Oral Verification of Employment

9.11 EDUCATION

The Agency will allow time spent in school towards the required employment history for repayment income This includes college, technical school, and career-based certificates in high school (e.g. health and public safety career tracks). A standard high school diploma without an accompanying certificate does not meet the time requirements.

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	ome guidance: 7 CFR 3555, Sections	
to use sound judgment to mak		ario, etc. USDA requires approved lenders of income per 7 CFR 3555.152. Exclusions
	Considerations for Income Ca	lculations
 Annual and adjusted annuhousehold members, not Annual income is calcula household composition. Include only the first \$48 a spouse of an applicants Income from assets that mincome. Repayment income calculathat meet the minimum redependable income by the Income used in repayment the mortgage. If the income is tax exemption. 	0 of earned income from adult full-time in annual and adjusted annual income. neet the criteria of Section 9.4 must be in lations include the income sources of the equired history identified in this matrix e approved lender. t income calculations must be confirmed pt, it may be grossed up 25 percent for the Options" lists eligible documentation.	eligible income sources from all adult a income verifications, documentation, and e students who are not the applicants, or included in annual and adjusted annual are applicants who will be parties to the note and have been determined to be stable and ed to continue a minimum of three years into repayment income.
income calculations.		
Income Type	Annual Income	Repayment Income
Adoption Assistance or Subsidy	If the income will be received in the ensuing 12 months, include the first \$480 of adoption income or subsidy assistance for each grantee.	 Required History: None, the income must be received at the time of submission to the Agency. Lenders must document: The applicants are currently receiving the income; and The amount of the income received each month. Benefits that do not include expiration dates on the documentation will be presumed to continue.

Documentation Source Options:

- Benefit/Award letter to document the amount and duration of payments.
- Online payment schedule from the Agency, bank statements, etc.
- Federal income tax returns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedules.

Income Type	Annual Income	Repayment Income
Automobile Allowance	Include amounts documented on the pay statements as taxable gross earnings that will be received in the ensuing 12 months.	Required History: Two years Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease. The full amount of the expense allowance may be included. Refer to Chapter 11 for additional guidance when there is a monthly debt associated with the income (such as a car payment).
-	ent(s). employer to state terms and duration of s or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule	
Base Wages (Hourly or Salary) Full or Part Time	Include amounts received before deductions for payroll taxes, insurance, etc. Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	Required History: One year Income must be received at the time of submission to the Agency. The one year of required history may be met through a combination of employers,

Documentation Source Options:

- Paystub(s)/Earning statement(s).
- W-2's.
- Written Verification of Employment (VOE) or electronic verifications.
- Federal income tax returns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedules.
- Section 9.3E provides additional information on employment verification options.

Boarder IncomeIneligibleIneligibleGuaranteed loans are for the purchase of a primary residence. Boarder income refers to rental income received from an individual renting space inside the dwelling, thus making the property income producing. The financing of income producing property is an ineligible loan purpose for the SFHGLP.IneligibleIneligibleBonusInclude amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months based on employment verifications. Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).Requ or sin Under for the earning	ayment Income gible uired History: One year in the same,
received in the ensuing 12 months based on employment verifications. Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	uired History: One year in the same.
incombe ar once consi dependent Continue to co	milar, line of work. erwriters must analyze bonus income ne current pay period and YTD ings. Significant variances (increase o ease) of 20 percent or greater in me from the previous 12 months mus nalyzed and documented (e.g. paid annually, paid monthly, etc.) before idering the income stable and ndable. tinuance: Income will be presumed ntinue unless there is documented ence the income will cease.

- Written VOE or electronic verifications.
- Federal income tax returns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedules.
- Section 9.3E provides additional information on employment verification options.

Capital Gains	Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	Required History: Two years Lenders must analyze the previous two years of capital gains income. An average of the previous two years may be logical, or if the current year was 20 percent less than the previous year, the lesser must be utilized.
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- Federal income tax returns or IRS transcripts with all schedules.
- Evidence of additional property or assets retained by the applicants through title, bank statements, etc.

Income Type	Annual Income	Repayment Income
Income Type Child Support	Annual Income Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5). Legally enforceable payments that have not been received may be excluded when payments are not received for an extended time and a reasonable effort has been made to collect them through the official entity responsible for enforcing such payments.	Repayment IncomeCourt Ordered Payments:Required History: Six monthsChild support that meets the minimum history, but the payment amounts are not consistent, must use an average consistent with the payor's current ability/willingness to pay.Voluntary Payment Agreements: Required History: One year
		Child support that meets the minimum history, but the payment amounts are not consistent, must use an average consistent with the payor's current ability/willingness to pay.

Documentation Source Options:

- Final divorce decree, legal separation agreement, or court order (front and pertinent pages) to document the amount and timeframe of the obligation.
- Evidence of timely receipt/consistent amount for required history: bank statements, canceled checks, deposit slips, tax returns, etc.

Commission	Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months.	Required History: One year in the same, or similar, line of work.
	Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	Underwriters must analyze commission for the current pay period and YTD earnings. Significant variances (increase or decrease) of 20 percent or greater in income from the previous 12 months must be analyzed and documented (e.g. variances due to seasonal/holiday, etc.) before considering the income stable and dependable.
		Continuance: Income will be presumed
		to continue unless there is documented
		evidence the income will cease.

Documentation Source Options:

- Paystub(s)/Earning statement(s).
- W-2's.
- Written VOE or electronic verifications.
- Federal income tax returns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedules.
- Section 9.3E provides additional information on employment verification options.

Income Type	Annual Income	Repayment Income
Contract / Employment Offer	Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months based on employment verifications.	Required History: One year The one year of required history may be met through a combination of employers, education, or military service. This history is not required to be with the same or current employer. Applicants moving to a new employer (e.g. school district, same profession, etc.) with a contract to begin employment within 60 days of loan closing may be eligible if the underwriter determines the applicants have reserves available post loan closing to cover all monthly liability payments and the new mortgage obligation until employment begins.
 W-2's. Written Verification of En Federal income tax returns 	ent contract/offer. ent(s) of current/former employer to co nployment (VOE) or electronic verificat s or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule itional information on employment veri	tions. es.
Depreciation/Depletion	The amount(s) of straight-line depreciation and/or depletion documented on acceptable IRS forms may be deducted.	Required History: Two years Continuance: These amounts will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence they will cease. The amount(s) of straight-line depreciation and/or depletion may be added back to repayment income.
Required Documentation:		
Federal income tax returns	s or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule	es.

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Income Type	Annual Income	Repayment Income
Disability Income – Long Term This section does not refer to disability income received from the Social Security Administration.	Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	 Required History: None, the income must be received at the time of submission to the Agency. Lenders must document: The applicants are currently receiving the income; The amount of the income received each month; and Determine if there is a contract termination or modification date.
benefits, amount and freq	bility policy or benefits provider to docu uency of payments, and termination/mo s or IRS transcripts with all schedules.	
Dividends	Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	Required History: Two years
of interest, and payment a		ayment purposes, including the balance, rate
Earned Income Tax Credit	Do not include	Do not include
Employee Fringe Benefits	Include amounts documented on the pay statements as taxable gross earnings that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	Required History: One year Employer-provided fringe benefit packages documented on earning statements as taxable income may be included.
Documentation Source Options: Paystub(s)/Earning statem Contract/agreement from Written VOE or electronic 	employer to state terms and duration of	payments.

- Federal income tax returns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedules. •
- Section 9.3E provides additional information on employment verification options.

Income Type	Annual Income	Repayment Income
Benefit/Award verification	Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5). employer to state terms and duration of n letter, IRS 1099, evidence of current r	
Federal income tax return	s or IRS transcripts with all schedules.	
Expense Allowance	Include amounts documented on the pay statements as taxable gross earnings that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	Required History: Two yearsContinuance: Income will be presumedto continue unless there is documentedevidence the income will cease.The full amount of the expense allowancemay be included.Refer to Chapter 11 for additionalguidance when there is a monthly debtassociated with the income.
-	ent(s). employer to state terms and duration of s or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule	
Foreign Income	Include all wages, salaries, and additional income types that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	Required History: One year (Refer to Base Wages)Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease.
Written VOE or electronicFederal income tax returns	nent(s), translated into English if applica c verifications. s or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule litional information on employment veri	es.
Foster child or adult income	Do not include	Do not include

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	Do not include Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months.	Repayment Income Do not include Required History: None, the income must
directly to veterans and/or their dependents attending college or university for the purpose of covering tuition and related expenses. Government Benefits		Required History: None, the income must
university for the purpose of covering tuition and related expenses. Government Benefits		Required History: None, the income must
expenses. Government Benefits		Required History: None, the income must
		Required History: None, the income mus
		,,,,
		be received at the time of submission to
	Exclusions may apply under 7	the Agency.
	CFR 3555.152(b)(5) and Attachment 9-C.	Lenders must document:The applicants are currently
		receiving the income; and
		• The amount of the income received each month.
		Continuance: Benefits that do not includ
		expiration dates on the documentation will be presumed to continue.
Required Documentation:	ion to support payment amounts and d	uration
	ion to support payment amounts and u	
	Include amounts that will be	Required History: None, the income mus
Income	received in the ensuing 12 months.	be received at the time of submission to the Agency.
This guidance does not apply to ncome earned from foster care.	Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	Lenders must document:
neome camea nom ioster care.		• The applicants are currently
		 receiving the income; and The amount of the income received each month.
		Continuance: Benefits that do not includ expiration dates on the documentation wi
		be presumed to continue.

- Documentation to support payment amounts and duration, such as a court order, legal documents, or other supplemental information.
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- Online payment schedule from the Agency, bank statements, etc. Federal income tax returns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedules. •

Іпсоте Туре	Annual Income	Repayment Income
Housing or Parsonage Allowance	Include the amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	 Required History: One year The full amount of the allowance may be included. Do not offset the mortgage payment with the amount of the allowance. Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease.
	ent(s). employer to state the terms and duratio s or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule	
Individual Retirement Account (IRA) Distributions	Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Lump sum withdrawals or sporadic payments may be excluded under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	Required History: None, the income must be received at the time of submission to the Agency. Lenders must document: • The applicants are currently receiving the income; and • The amount of income received each month. Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease.
	, evidence of current receipt, bank state s or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule	
Interest	Include income that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Net family assets that do not exceed a cumulative total of \$50,000 are not required to be considered in the annual income calculation.	Required History: Two years
-	port the balance, rate of interest, and pa s or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule	
Live in Aides	Do not include	Do not include

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Income Type	Annual Income	Repayment Income
Medical Reimbursement	Do not include	Do not include
Mileage	Include amounts documented on the	Required History: One year
	pay statements as taxable gross	Continuance: Income will be presumed
	earnings that will be received in the	to continue unless there is documented
	ensuing 12 months.	evidence the income will cease.
		Mileage documented on earning
		statements as taxable income may be included.
		When a mileage deduction is claimed on
		the income tax return, the calculated
		amount may be added to repayment
		income. Lenders must follow current IRS guidance to calculate this amount.
		guidance to calculate this amount.
 Documentation Source Option Paystub(s)/Earning state Federal income tax returns 		es.
 Paystub(s)/Earning stat Federal income tax returns 	tement(s). urns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule	
Paystub(s)/Earning stat	tement(s). urns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule Include all wages and pay	Required History: One year
 Paystub(s)/Earning stat Federal income tax returns 	tement(s). urns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule	
 Paystub(s)/Earning stat Federal income tax returns 	tement(s). urns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule Include all wages and pay allowances that will be received in the ensuing 12 months.	Required History: One year College/Technical School attendance may be substituted.
 Paystub(s)/Earning stat Federal income tax returns 	tement(s). urns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule Include all wages and pay allowances that will be received in	Required History: One year College/Technical School attendance may
 Paystub(s)/Earning stat Federal income tax returns 	tement(s). urns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule Include all wages and pay allowances that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Hazardous duty pay and additional	Required History: One year College/Technical School attendance may be substituted. Continuance: Income will be presumed
 Paystub(s)/Earning stat Federal income tax returns 	tement(s). urns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule Include all wages and pay allowances that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Hazardous duty pay and additional income sources may be excluded	Required History: One year College/Technical School attendance may be substituted. Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease. In addition to base pay, military personne
 Paystub(s)/Earning stat Federal income tax returns 	tement(s). urns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule Include all wages and pay allowances that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Hazardous duty pay and additional income sources may be excluded	Required History: One year College/Technical School attendance may be substituted. Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease. In addition to base pay, military personne may be entitled to additional forms of
 Paystub(s)/Earning stat Federal income tax returns 	tement(s). urns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule Include all wages and pay allowances that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Hazardous duty pay and additional income sources may be excluded	Required History: One year College/Technical School attendance may be substituted. Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease. In addition to base pay, military personne
 Paystub(s)/Earning stat Federal income tax returns 	tement(s). urns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule Include all wages and pay allowances that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Hazardous duty pay and additional income sources may be excluded	Required History: One year College/Technical School attendance may be substituted. Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease. In addition to base pay, military personne may be entitled to additional forms of pay. Income sources such as basic allowance for housing and subsistence (BAH/BAS), clothing allowances, flight
 Paystub(s)/Earning stat Federal income tax returns 	tement(s). urns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule Include all wages and pay allowances that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Hazardous duty pay and additional income sources may be excluded	Required History: One year College/Technical School attendance may be substituted. Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease. In addition to base pay, military personnel may be entitled to additional forms of pay. Income sources such as basic allowance for housing and subsistence (BAH/BAS), clothing allowances, flight or hazard pay, rations, and proficiency
 Paystub(s)/Earning stat Federal income tax returns 	tement(s). urns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule Include all wages and pay allowances that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Hazardous duty pay and additional income sources may be excluded	Required History: One yearbe substituted.Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease.In addition to base pay, military personnel may be entitled to additional forms of pay. Income sources such as basic allowance for housing and subsistence (BAH/BAS), clothing allowances, flight or hazard pay, rations, and proficiency pay may be used for repayment income
 Paystub(s)/Earning stat Federal income tax returns 	tement(s). urns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule Include all wages and pay allowances that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Hazardous duty pay and additional income sources may be excluded	Required History: One year College/Technical School attendance may be substituted. Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease. In addition to base pay, military personne may be entitled to additional forms of pay. Income sources such as basic allowance for housing and subsistence (BAH/BAS), clothing allowances, flight or hazard pay, rations, and proficiency pay may be used for repayment income provided it is verified to continue.
 Paystub(s)/Earning stat Federal income tax returns 	tement(s). urns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule Include all wages and pay allowances that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Hazardous duty pay and additional income sources may be excluded	Required History: One year College/Technical School attendance may be substituted. Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease. In addition to base pay, military personne may be entitled to additional forms of pay. Income sources such as basic allowance for housing and subsistence (BAH/BAS), clothing allowances, flight or hazard pay, rations, and proficiency pay may be used for repayment income provided it is verified to continue. Additional consideration for the tax-
 Paystub(s)/Earning stat Federal income tax returns 	tement(s). urns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule Include all wages and pay allowances that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Hazardous duty pay and additional income sources may be excluded	Required History: One year College/Technical School attendance may be substituted. Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease. In addition to base pay, military personne may be entitled to additional forms of pay. Income sources such as basic allowance for housing and subsistence (BAH/BAS), clothing allowances, flight or hazard pay, rations, and proficiency pay may be used for repayment income provided it is verified to continue.

ocumentation Source Options:

- Military Earnings and Leave Statement(s).
- W-2's.
- Written VOE or electronic verifications.
- Federal income tax returns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedules.
- Section 9.3E provides additional information on employment verification options.

Income Type	Annual Income	Repayment Income
Mortgage Credit Certificate	Do not include	Required History: None
		The monthly benefit amount may be included in repayment income.
		Self-employed applicants are not eligible for MCC.

• Copy of the approved MCC award letter/contract with the rate of credit documented.

GUS Instructions:

• In the "Borrower Information" page under "Income from Other Sources," use the dropdown button in the "Income Source" field and select "Mortgage Credit Certificate." Tab to the "Monthly Income" field and enter the amount.

Mortgage Differential Payment	Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	Required History: One yearInclude the differential payment in repayment income. Do not offset the mortgage payment with the amount of the allowance.Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease.
 Required Documentation: Verification from the employer to confirm the subsidy amount and duration of payments. 		
Notes Dessivable	Include amounts that will be	Dequired History, Two years

Notes Receivable	Include amounts that will be	Required History: Two years
	received in the ensuing 12 months.	
	Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	
Described Descriptions		

Required Documentation:

- Copy of note to establish the amount and length of time of payment.
- Federal income tax returns or IRS transcripts with all schedules, for proof of receipt of income.

Income Type	Annual Income	Repayment Income
Overtime	Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months based on employment verifications. Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	 Required History: One year in the same, or similar, line of work. Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease. Underwriters must analyze overtime for the current pay period, and YTD earnings. Significant variances (increase or decrease) of 20 percent or greater in income from the previous 12 months must be analyzed and documented (e.g. variances due to seasonal/holiday, etc.) before considering the income stable and dependable.

Documentation Source Options:

- Paystub(s)/Earning statement(s).
- W-2's.
- Written VOE or electronic verifications.
- Federal income tax returns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedules.
- Section 9.3E provides additional information on employment verification options.

Income Type	Annual Income	Repayment Income
Pensions	Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Lump sum withdrawals or sporadic payments may be excluded under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	 Required History: None, the income must be received at the time of submission to the Agency. Lenders must document: The applicants are currently receiving the income; and The amount of the income received each month. Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease.
Documentation Source O Benefit/Award ve	ptions:	

- Benefit/Award verification letter, retirement documents, IRS 1099, evidence of current receipt, bank statements, etc.
- Federal income tax returns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedules.

Per Diem	Include amounts documented on the pay statements as taxable gross earnings that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	Required History: One yearTaxable income may be included.Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease.
Documentation Source Options: Paystub(s)/Earning statement(s). 		

- Contract/agreement from employer to state terms and duration of payments.
- Federal income tax returns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedules.

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Income Type	Annual Income	Repayment Income
Rental Income A retained dwelling must meet the requirements of 7 CFR 3555.151(e).	Include positive net rental income that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Negative net rental income is counted as zero in the annual income calculation.	Required History: Two yearsRents Received 24 Months or MorePositive net rental income receivedmay be included in the repaymentincome.Negative net rental income is treated as a recurring liability in the debt ratios.Refer to Chapter 11 for additional guidance when there is a mortgage liability associated with the rental income.Rents Received Less than 24 Months No rental income may be included for repayment purposes.Negative net rental income is treated as a recurring liability in the debt ratios.Refer to Chapter 11 for additional guidance when there is a mortgage liability in the debt ratios.

Required Documentation:

- Federal income tax returns with all schedules, specifically Schedule E; or
- IRS transcripts with all schedules, confirm Schedule E is completed.
- Evidence of cash/check deposits, money order receipts, electronic payment receipt, etc. to document rents received for last 30 days.
- Signed lease of current occupants.

GUS Instructions:

- Complete the applicable fields in the "Real Estate" page. Include the corresponding mortgage debt associated with the property, if applicable.
- Unless manually overwritten, GUS auto-calculates net rental income by employing a 25% vacancy factor. GUS uses 75% of the lender entered amount for monthly rental income and subtracts the lender entered amounts for monthly mortgage payment(s), insurance, taxes, association dues, etc.

Restricted Stock Units (RSU)	Include amounts listed as taxable	Required History: Two years
	income on the pay statements as	
	gross earnings that will continue to	
	be received in the ensuing 12	
	months. Exclusions may apply	
	under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	
Required Documentation:		

- RSU account statements or award letters.
- Paystubs, VOE's, or other documentation from the employer to support previous and future payments.

	Annual Income	Repayment Income
Retirement	Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Lump sum withdrawals or sporadic payments may be excluded under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	 Required History: None, the income must be received at the time of submission to the Agency. Lenders must document: The applicants are currently receiving the income; and The amount of the income received each month. Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease.
Documentation Source Options:		
statements, etc.	letter, retirement documents, IRS 1099 or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule	-
Royalty Payments	Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	Required History: Two years Lenders must confirm the amount, frequency, and duration of these payments
Required Documentation:		
Royalty contract or agreeme		
• Federal income tax returns of	or IRS transcripts including all schedul	es.
Schedule K-1		
	Include monetary amounts (cash distributions) that will be received	Required History: Two years

Income Type	Annual Income	Repayment Income
Scholarships	Include funds that will be received	Required History: Two years
	in the ensuing 12 months after deducting for tuition, fees, books and equipment.	Include remaining funds after deducting tuition, fees, books, and equipment.

- Award letter to state the benefit/scholarship amount or tuition assistance and date of termination.
- Evidence to support the deductions required to arrive at any repayment amount.

Seasonal Employment	Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months.	Required History: Two years, in the same line of work.
	Evidence of resignation, termination, retirement, or relocation from these positions may result in the exclusion of this income.	If the income is not earned at the time of submission to the Agency, the employer must provide verification that the applicants are still an employee along with an anticipated return to work date.
		Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease.

Documentation Source Options:

- Paystub(s)/Earning statement(s).
- W-2's.
- Written VOE or electronic verifications.
- Federal income tax returns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedules.
- Section 9.3E provides additional information on employment verification options.

relocation from these positions may result in the exclusion of this to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease.	Secondary Employment	Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months.	Required History: One year of working primary and secondary employment concurrently.
		termination, retirement, or relocation from these positions may	

Documentation Source Options:

- Paystub(s)/Earning statement(s).
- W-2's.
- Written VOE or electronic verifications.
- Federal income tax returns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedules.
- Section 9.3E provides additional information on employment verification options.

Income Type	Annual Income	Repayment Income
Section 8 Housing Vouchers	Do not include	Required History: None
		The amount of the benefit payment may be included in repayment income. When the benefit is paid directly to the servicer, the amount of the benefit may be considered as a reduction of the PITI, rather than an addition to repayment income. A manual file submission is required in this instance.

- Benefit/Award letter to verify the subsidy amount.
- When used as a reduction of the PITI, documentation verifying the benefit is paid directly to the servicer must be maintained in the lender's permanent loan file.

GUS Instructions:

• Enter the amount on the "Borrower Information" page under "Income from Other Sources." Use the dropdown button in the "Income Source" field and select "Housing Choice Voucher Program." Tab to the "Monthly Income" field and enter the amount.

Self-Employment Income and	Lenders must analyze Federal tax	Required History: Two years
Independent Contractors (1099)	returns to determine the appropriate	
	gross income calculations.	Lenders must analyze Federal tax
	Include zero in annual income for a business loss.	returns to determine the appropriate gross income.
		Depreciation, depletion, business use
		of home, and other paper deductions
		may be allowed to be added back to
		the net profit/loss. Lenders may refer
		to Fannie Mae Form 1084 or
		comparable self-employment analysis
		form for assistance.
		A business loss must be deducted from
		repayment income.

Required Documentation:

- Most recent two years of Federal income tax returns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedules; and
- YTD Profit and Loss Statement (audited or unaudited), used for income trend analysis.

Income Type	Annual Income	Repayment Income
Separate Maintenance/Alimony	Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Legally enforceable payments that have not been received may be excluded when payments are not received for an extended period of time and a reasonable effort has been made to collect them through the official entity responsible for enforcing such payments.	Court Ordered Payments: Required History: Six months Maintenance that meets the minimum history, but the payment amounts are not consistent must use an average that is consistent with the payor's current ability/willingness to pay. Voluntary Payment Agreements: Required History: One year Maintenance that meets the minimum history, but the payment amounts are not consistent must use an average that is consistent with the payor's current ability/willingness to pay.

- Final divorce decree, legal separation agreement, or court order (front and pertinent pages) to document the amount and timeframe of the obligation.
- Evidence of timely receipt and consistent amount for required history: bank statements, canceled checks, deposit slips, tax returns, etc.

Social Security Income	Include amounts that will be	Required History: None, the income
	received in the ensuing 12 months.	must be received at the time of
	Exclusions may apply under 7	submission to the Agency.
	CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	Benefits that do not include an expiration date and are expected to be received for at least three years into the mortgage may be considered.
		Benefits received by applicants on behalf of minors (funds are intended for their support) may be utilized for repayment income if they are expected to be received for at least three years into the mortgage.
		Benefits received by applicants on behal of an adult household member may be used for repayment income if they are expected to be received for at least three years into the mortgage when there is
		evidence they are the legal guardian for the non-applicant adult household member.

Documentation Source Options:

- Benefit statement from the Social Security Office or Form SSA-1099/1042S, Social Security Benefit Statement.
- Legal guardianship/payee status for adult household members.

Income Type	Annual Income	Repayment Income
Student Loans	Do not include	Do not include
Supplemental Nutrition	Do not include	Do not include
Assistance Program (SNAP)		
Temporary Leave	Include amounts that will be	Required History: None, the income
Income/Temporary Reduction	received in the ensuing 12 months.	must be received at the time of loan
to Income with current	Exclusions may apply under 7	closing.
employer	CFR 3555.152(a)(5).	The lender must obtain all the
		following from the employer:
This guidance is for applicants		 Verification the applicants have the
that are currently employed. This		
guidance does not apply to		right to return to work following the leave;
applicants that are currently		
unemployed.		• Documentation of the applicant's return date;
1 5		 Verification of the duration and
		amount of temporary leave income;
		and
		 Documentation of regular
		employment prior to temporary leav
		Applicants that will return to work prior
		to the first mortgage payment may use
		their pre-leave income.
		Applicants that will not return to work
		prior to the first mortgage payment must
		use their current income received (which
		may be zero) plus non-retirement liquid
		reserves. Reserves must meet the
		required history and calculations in the
		Asset and Reserves section of this
		matrix. The total of income and assets
		must meet the mortgage obligation and
		additional monthly liability payments
		until the applicant's date of return to work.
		Lenders must document their calculation
		of income plus reserves divided by
		applicable months on Attachment 9-B,
		the Uniform Underwriting and
		Transmittal Summary, or on an alternate
		underwriting form.
		6
Documentation Source Options:		
All employer verifications	required by this section	

- Benefit statement/Contract. •
- •
- ٠
- Paystub(s)/Earning statement(s). Written VOE or electronic verification. Section 9.3E provides additional information on employment verification options. •

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Income Type	Annual Income	Repayment Income
Tips	Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	Required History: One year Underwriters must analyze tip income for the current pay period, and YTD earnings. Significant variances (increase or decrease) of 20 percent or greater in income from the previous 12 months must be analyzed and documented (e.g. variances due to seasonal/holiday/etc.) before considering the income stable and dependable. Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease.

Documentation Source Options:

- Paystub(s)/Earning statement(s).
- W-2's.
- Written VOE or electronic verifications.
- Federal income tax returns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedules.
- Section 9.3E provides additional information on employment verification options.

Trust Income	Include amounts that will be	Required History: Six months
	received in the ensuing 12 months.	
	Exclusions may apply under 7	
	CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	

Required Documentation:

- Trust documents: legally filed or recognized to document the balance, monthly payments, term of payments, mode of payment delivery (revocable or irrevocable), etc.
- Documentation to support payments received: bank statements, deposit slips, trust account statements, etc.

Unemployment	Include amounts that will be	Required History: Two years
	received in the ensuing 12 months. Benefits received while seeking new full/part time employment that have ended are excluded under 7	Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease.
	CFR 3555.152(b)(5)(v).	Applicants with a sole source of unemployment income are ineligible for a guaranteed loan.
Documentation Source O	ptions:	
• Evidence of comp	ensation: IRS Form 1099 or equivalent.	

Federal income tax returns or IRS tax transcripts with all schedules.

Income Type	Annual Income	Repayment Income
Unreimbursed Employee or Business Expenses	The total amount of unreimbursed expenses may be deducted from annual and adjusted annual income.	Required History: None The amount(s) of unreimbursed employee or business expenses deducted from the annual income must also be deducted from repayment income.
	A, Schedule C, or equivalent IRS filed or IRS tax transcripts with all schedule	
VA Benefits	Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	Required History: None, the income must be received at the time of submission to the Agency. Lenders must document: • Applicants are currently receiving the income; and • The amount of the income received each month Benefits with no expiration date stated will be presumed to continue. Benefits received by applicants on behalf of minors (funds are intended for their support) may be utilized for repayment income. Benefits received by applicants on behalf of an adult household member may be used for repayment income when there is evidence they are the legal guardian for the non-applicant adult household member.

• Legal guardianship/payee status for adult household members.

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Income Type	Annual Income	Repayment Income
Variable Income (e.g. piece rate, union work, and other similar types of pay structures)	Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Exclusions may apply under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	 Required History: One year, in the same or similar line of work. Underwriters must analyze variable income earnings for the current pay period and YTD earnings. Significant variances (increase or decrease) of 20 percent or greater in income from the previous 12 months must be analyzed and documented (e.g. variances due to seasonal/holiday, etc.) before considering the income stable and dependable. Continuance: Income will be presumed to continue unless there is documented evidence the income will cease.
Worker's Compensation Required Documentation:	Include amounts that will be received in the ensuing 12 months. Lump sums or sporadic payments may be excluded under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5).	Required History: Six months

- Award letter or settlement to state amount and duration of payments.
- Earnings statements/Paystubs.
- Written VOE from employer.

	7 CFR 3555.152(c)
epen	dent Deduction [7 CFR 3555.152(c)(1)]:
٠	\$480 deduction per eligible dependent at the time of submission to the Agency.
٠	Applicants with shared custody may include their child(ren).
ocun	nentation Source Options:
٠	Certify to the household number on Form RD 3555-21.
٠	List all household members in GUS and Attachment 9-B, the lender's Uniform Underwriting Transmittal
	Summary (FNMA Form 1008/Freddie Mac Form 1077), or equivalent.
hild	Care Expenses [7 CFR 3555.152(c)(2)]:
٠	Care for children age 12 and under.
٠	Care is necessary to enable a family member to work, seek employment, or attend school.
٠	Calculate anticipated child care expenses for the ensuing 12 months.
•	Applicants that have not placed their child into care or have no evidence to support payments, deposits, or registration fees are ineligible for this deduction.
٠	Child care expenses that exceed the earnings of the family member enabled to work are not permissible for deduction.
ocun	nentation Source Options:
•	Utilize income tax returns, receipts, or third- party verifications provided by a licensed childcare facility or provider on letterhead that 1. Identifies the child enrolled; 2. Date of enrollment; 3. Payment due; and 4. Payment history.
٠	Relatives or non-licensed private individuals who provide care must also provide evidence of payments made (e.g. canceled checks, money order receipts, bank statements, etc.).
•	Child support payments and school tuition are not eligible deductions.
•	Attachment 9-G is an available option to document childcare expenses, but may not be used alone when additional documentation is required per this section to verify payment (i.e. relatives and private individuals).
•	Calculations must be recorded on Attachment 9-B, the lender's Uniform Underwriting Transmittal Summary (FNMA Form 1008/Freddie Mac Form 1077), or equivalent.
isahi	ility Expenses [7 CFR 3555.152(c)(3)]:
•	Deduction for eligible expenses that exceed three percent of the annual income.
•	Eligible expenses: 1. Allow the disabled individual or another household member to work; 2. Are non-
	reimbursable by insurance or other sources; and 3. Do not exceed the income earned by the person who is
	working due to the care provided.
•	Examples include but are not limited to daily living assistance, wheelchairs, ramps, adaption needs,
	workplace equipment, etc.
٠	Utilize documentation to estimate anticipated annual expenses.
	nentation Source Options:
•	Third party verifications for caregivers/agencies for the dates, costs, and fees.
•	Receipts, itemized income tax returns, and other evidence to support the deductions.
-	Calculations must be recorded on Attachment 9-B, the lender's Uniform Underwriting Transmittal Summary

Calculations must be recorded on Attachment 9-B, the lender's Uniform Underwriting Transmittal Summary (FNMA Form 1008/Freddie Mac Form 1077), or equivalent.

(03-09-16) SPECIAL PN Revised (05-06-24) PN 613 •

Adjusted Annual Income Deductions 7 CFR 3555.152(c) Elderly Household Deduction [7 CFR 3555.152(c)(4)]: Applicants age 62 or older.

One \$400 deduction allowed per household. •

Documentation Source Options:

Certify to date of birth on the loan application. ٠

Medical Expenses [7 CFR 3555.152(c)(5)] (Elderly and Disabled Households Only):

- Deduction for eligible expenses that exceed 3 percent of the annual income for entire family.
- Definition of elderly family is in 7 CFR 3555.10. •
- Utilize documentation to estimate anticipated annual expenses. •

Documentation Source Options:

- Itemized tax return documents. •
- Receipts for insurance premiums, prescriptions, dental and eye exams, eyeglasses, medical/health products • or apparatus, hearing aids, visiting or live in care providers, etc.
- Calculations must be recorded on Attachment 9-B, or lender's Uniform Underwriting Transmittal Summary ٠ (FNMA Form 1008/Freddie Mac Form 1077), or equivalent.

7 CFR 3555.152(d)

Cash Reserves calculated by the system represent the amount of liquid assets that remain available to the applicants/borrowers after loan closing (includes amounts received at closing). Lenders must use caution and not overstate assets utilized for reserves.

Although all household assets must be verified and documented in the permanent loan file, the lender may underwrite to the most conservative approach with no consideration of assets entered into GUS.

When assets are entered into GUS and used as reserves, lenders must ensure that the funds will be available to the applicants post-closing.

Unverified funds are not an acceptable source of funds for down payment, closing costs, etc.

USDA does not require evidence from all parties to access joint or business accounts unless access to the funds are restricted without it.

Bridge Loan

Documentation:

- Evidence of loan proceeds, where they are held (depository account, etc.), and balance remaining.
- Confirm corresponding liability for this debt is included in the total debt ratio if applicable.

Reserves: Eligible

Funds to Close: Eligible

Business Accounts

Documentation:

- Two months of recent bank statements; or
- Verification of Deposit (VOD) and a recent bank statement (official electronic printout of monthly statement is acceptable).

Reserves: Eligible

• Lenders must use the balance as reflected on the most current bank statement, or on the verification of deposit if the date on the verification of deposit is dated after the bank statement (online transaction printouts, registers or lists are not permitted in lieu of bank statements).

Funds to Close: Eligible

GUS Instructions:

• Enter as Asset Type "Other" in the "Other Assets You Have" section and select either "Other Liquid Asset" or "Other Non-Liquid Asset."

Cash on Hand

Documentation:

- Applicants must supply a letter of explanation to state how the funds were accumulated (how much weekly/monthly/etc.).
- Lender must determine reasonableness of accumulation based on income stream, spending habits, etc.

Reserves: Ineligible

Funds to Close: Eligible

Certificate of Deposit (CD)

Documentation:

• Recent account statement (monthly, quarterly, etc.) to evidence the account balance and early withdrawal penalty, if applicable.

Reserves: Eligible

• Lenders may use the current vested balance, minus applicable fees/penalties.

Funds to Close: Eligible

Depository Accounts: Checking, Money Market Accounts, and Savings

Documentation:

- Two months of recent bank statements; or
- Verification of Deposit (VOD) and a recent bank statement (official electronic printout of monthly statement is acceptable).
- Investigate all recurring deposits on the account statements that are not attributed to wages or earnings to confirm the deposits are not from undisclosed income sources. There is no tolerance or percentage of the amount of a recurring deposit that is not required to be investigated.
- Investigate individual (non-recurring) deposits greater than \$1,000 on the account statements that are not attributed to wages or earnings to confirm the deposits are not from undisclosed income sources.
- If the source of a deposit is readily identifiable on the account statement(s), such as a direct deposit from an employer, the Social Security Administration, an IRS or state income tax refund, or a transfer of funds between verified accounts, and the source of the deposit is printed on the statement, the lender does not need to obtain further explanation or documentation. However, if the source of the deposit is printed on the statement, but the lender still has questions as to the source of the deposit, the lender should obtain additional documentation.

Reserves: Eligible

• Lenders must use the ending balance as reflected on the most current bank statement, or on the verification of deposit if the date on the verification of deposit is dated after the bank statement. Lenders may also opt for a more conservative approach and use a lower figure at their discretion. Electronic printouts are not permitted, unless they are the official electronic statements provided by the banking institution. Deposited gift funds require further documentation and calculation. Refer to the "Gift Funds" section of this Attachment for further guidance.

Funds to Close: Eligible

• In addition to the documentation requirements above, electronic printouts are permitted to verify cash to close.

Earnest Money

Documentation:

• Retain a copy of the check, money order receipt, etc. that was remitted for the earnest money. **Reserves:** Eligible

Funds to Close: Eligible

GUS Instructions:

- Earnest money that has cleared an applicant's depository account may be entered under the "Other Credits" section of the "Lender Loan Information" GUS application page. The amount of earnest money should not be reflected in the balance of any asset entered on the "Assets and Liabilities" application page.
- Refer to the "Gift Funds" section of this Attachment for additional guidance when gift funds are used for the Earnest Money deposit.

Foreign Assets (Assets located outside of the United States and its territories)

Documentation:

- Documentation verifying assets have been exchanged to U.S. dollars and held in a Federal or State regulated financial institution prior to closing.
- Lender must verify funds availability and accompanying documentation that has been converted to English, or provide a translation attached to each document, and ensure the translation is complete and accurate.

Reserves: Eligible

Funds to Close: Eligible

Gift of Equity, Sweat Equity, or Rent Credits

Documentation:

- These gifts or credits must be applied as a reduction to the purchase price of the dwelling.
- Ensure the appraiser is aware of the gift and/or credit. This will allow them to properly complete the appraisal report, note the reduction, and support the appraised value compared to purchase price, if applicable.
- The borrower may not receive cash back at loan closing for these gifts and/or credits.

Reserves: Ineligible

Funds to Close: Ineligible

Gift Funds

Documentation:

- Gift funds are considered the applicant's own funds, therefore excess gift funds are eligible to be returned to the applicant at loan closing.
- Gift funds may not be contributed from any source that has an interest in the sale of the property (seller, builder, real estate agent, etc.).
- Cash on hand is not an acceptable source of donor gift funds.
- A gift letter must be obtained to specify the donor, the dollar amount of the gift, and include a statement that the funds do not have to be repaid.
- The lender must verify that sufficient funds to cover the gift have been transferred to the applicant's account, or will be documented as received by the closing agent at the time of closing. Acceptable documentation includes:
 - Evidence of the applicant's deposit;
 - A copy of the donor's funds by check/electronic transfer to the closing agent; or
 - A copy of the Closing Disclosure showing receipt of the donor's funds.

Reserves: Ineligible

Funds to Close: Eligible

GUS Instructions:

- Gift funds should be entered in the "Gifts or Grants You Have Been Given or Will Receive for This Loan" section of the "Loan and Property Information" GUS application page. If the funds have already been deposited into an asset account, select "deposited" and include the amount of the gift in the applicable asset account on the "Assets and Liabilities" GUS application page. If the funds have not been deposited into an asset account, select "not deposited" and do not include the gift in an asset account on the "Assets and Liabilities" GUS application page.
- Gift funds applied as Earnest Money should not be reflected in the "Gifts or Grants You Have Been Given or Will Receive for This Loan" section of the "Loan and Property Information" GUS application page.

Individual Development Account (IDA)

Documentation:

- Two months of account statements; or
- Verification of Deposit (VOD); or
- Alternate evidence provided by the account trustee/management to support account activity and monthly balances.
- Verification must document the vested/amount available for withdrawal without penalty or reimbursement.

Reserves: Eligible

- Lenders must use the lesser of the current vested balance or the previous month's ending vested balance.
- Funds to Close: Eligible

Life Insurance Documentation:

- Documentation:
 - Document the applicant's receipt of funds from the policy.
 - Verify where the proceeds are held and confirm they are available to the applicants.
 - Confirm corresponding liability for this debt in the total debt ratio, if applicable.

Reserves: Eligible

Funds to Close: Eligible

Lump Sum Additions: IRS Refunds, Lottery Winnings, Inheritances, Withdrawals from Retirement Accounts

Documentation:

- Document the applicant's receipt of funds.
- Verify where the proceeds are held and confirm they are available to the applicants.
- One-time deposits may not require annual income consideration under 7 CFR 3555.152(b)(5)(vi).
- Do not enter into GUS separately if it is already included in the borrower's depository account.

Reserves: Eligible

Funds to Close: Eligible

Personal Property Sold

Documentation:

- Document the applicant's ownership of the asset.
- Evidence of the transfer of ownership of the asset through a bill of sale or statement from the purchaser.
- Receipt of sales proceeds through deposit slips, bank statements, or a copy of the purchasing party's canceled check, money order, or electronic funds transfer.

Reserves: Eligible

Funds to Close: Eligible

Retirement: 401(k), IRA, etc.

Documentation:

- Recent account statement (monthly, quarterly, etc.) to evidence the account balance, vested balance available for withdrawal, and early withdrawal penalty, if applicable.
- Funds borrowed against these accounts may be used for funds to close but are not considered in reserves. The borrowed funds should not be reflected in the balance of any asset entered on the "Assets and Liabilities" application page.

Reserves: Eligible

- 60 percent of the vested amount available to the applicants may be used as reserves.
- Funds borrowed against these accounts are <u>not</u> eligible for reserves. The borrowed funds should not be reflected in the balance of any asset entered on the "Assets and Liabilities" application page.

Funds to Close: Eligible

Sales Proceeds: Real Estate Owned

Documentation:

- Closing disclosure or acceptable alternative.
- Verify where the proceeds are held and confirm they are available to the applicants.

Reserves: Eligible

- Reserves will be calculated based on the data entered in the "Assets and Liabilities" and "Real Estate" application pages in GUS. Lenders must confirm the GUS calculation. An override of the data entry, or other asset data entry for this purpose, must have supporting documentation.
- Net equity/sales proceeds manually entered on a loan application must have supporting documentation.

Funds to Close: Eligible

Secured Loan from Personal Asset

Documentation:

- Document the amount of the secured loan proceeds and the source (e.g. Certificate of Deposit, stocks, etc.).
- Confirm corresponding liability for this debt is included in the total debt ratio, if applicable.
- This guidance does not apply to funds borrowed from an applicant's retirement account (e.g. 401(k), IRA, etc.). Please review the "Retirement" section of this matrix for guidance on these types of accounts.

Reserves: Eligible

Funds to Close: Eligible

Stocks, Stock Options, Bonds, Mutual Funds, and Investments

Documentation:

• Recent account statement (monthly, quarterly, etc.) to evidence the account balance, vested balance available for withdrawal, and early withdrawal penalty, if applicable.

Reserves: Eligible

Funds to Close: Eligible

Trust Accounts

Documentation:

- Verify applicants have access to the funds, amounts, circumstances, requirement to repay withdrawal, etc.
- Recent account/trust statement (monthly, quarterly, etc.) to evidence the account balance.

Reserves: Eligible

Funds to Close: Eligible

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Assets and Reserves

Unsecured Loan: Borrowed Funds

Documentation:

- Document the amount of the loan proceeds and the source (e.g. signature loan, line of credit, credit card advance/loan, overdraft protection, etc.).
- Confirm corresponding liability for this debt is included in the total debt ratio, if applicable.

Reserves: Ineligible

Funds to Close: Ineligible

ASSET CHANGES AFTER CONDITIONAL COMMITMENT ISSUANCE

Assets verified prior to loan closing that are less than the amounts entered into GUS or on the loan application may retain the issued Conditional Commitment (Form RD 3555-18/18E) when one the following are met:

- 1. The application was approved with zero months of cash reserves; or
- 2. The application will continue to have a minimum of four months of cash reserves.

Applicant:

Co Applicant:

WORKSHEET FOR DOCUMENTING ELIGIBLE HOUSEHOLD AND REPAYMENT INCOME

Lender Instructions: Determine eligible household income for the Single-Family Housing Guaranteed Loan Program (SFHGLP) by documenting all sources/types of income for all household members. Qualify the loan by documenting all sources/types of income that is stable and dependable, utilized to repay the loan.

Identify all Household Members	Age	Full-time Student Y/N?	Disabled Y/N?	Receive Income Y/N?	Source of Income
ANNUAL INCOME CALCULATION	N (Consid	er anticipated income for t	he next 12 months for a	ll adult household members	s as described in 7 CFR 3555.152(b)

and HB-1-3555, Chapter 9. Website for instructions: <u>https://www.rd.usda.gov/resources/directives</u>)

1. Applicant (Wages, salary, self-employed, commission, overtime, bonus, tips, alimony, child support, pension/retirement, social security, disability, trust income, etc.). Calculate and record how the calculation of each income source/type was determined in the space below.	
2. Co-Applicant (Wages, salary, self-employed, commission, overtime, bonus, tips, alimony, child support, pension/retirement, social security, disability, trust income, etc.) Calculate and record how the calculation of each income source/type was determined in the space below.	
3. Additional Income to Primary Income (Automobile Allowance, Mortgage Differential, Military, Secondary Employment, Seasonal Employment, Unemployment, etc.). Calculate and record how the calculation of each income source/type was determined in the space below.	
4. Additional Adult Household Member (s) who are not a party to the note (Primary Employment from Wages, Salary, Self- Employed, Additional Income to Primary Employment, Other Income, etc.). Calculate and record how the calculation of each income source/type was determined in the space below.	
5. Income from Assets (Income from household assets as described in HB-1-3555, Chapter 9). Calculate and record how the calculation of each income source/type was determined in the space below.	
6. Annual Household Income (Total 1 through 5)	

Applicant:

Co Applicant: _____

ADJUSTED ANNUAL INCOME CALCULATION (Consider qualifying deductions as described in 7 CFR 3555.152(c) and HB-1-3555 Chapter 9)

7. Dependent Deduction (\$480 for each child un \$480	nder age 18, full-time student, or disabl	led family member over the age of 18) - #	X
8. Annual Child Care Expenses (Reasonable of space below.	expenses for children 12 and under) Ca	lculate and record the calculation of the deduc	tion in the
9. Elderly/Disabled Household (1 household a	leduction of \$400 if 62 years of age or o	older, or disabled and a party to the note)	
10. Disability (Unreimbursed expenses in excess of Calculate and record the calculation of the dedu		.152(c) and HB-1-3555 Chapter 9)	
11. Medical Expenses (Elderly/Disabled househ and HB-1-3555 Chapter 9) Calculate and record			R 3555.152(c)
	12. Total	Household Deductions (Total 7 through	11)
	13. Adjust Income cannot exceed Moderate In	ted Annual Income (Item 6 minus item 12) <i>income Limit to be eligible for SFHGLP</i>	
Moderate Income Limit:	State:	County:	

MONTHLY REPAYMENT INCOME CALCULATION (Consider stable and dependable income of parties to the note as described in 7 CFR 3555.152(a) and HB-1-3555 Chapter 9. Non-occupant borrowers or co-signers are not allowed.)

14. Stable Dependable Monthly Income (Parties to note only). Calculate and record how the calculation of each income source/type was determined in the space below. Identify income type by party to note.

	Applicant	Co-Applicant	Total
Base Income			
	Calculation of Base Income:	Calculation of Base Income:	
Other Income			
	Calculation of Other Income:	Calculation of Other Income:	
Total Income			
		15. Monthly Repayment Income (Total of 14)	
Preparer's Signature:			
Name (Print):			
Title:			
_			
(03-09-16) SPEC	CIAL PN		

ATTACHMENT 9-C EXAMPLE CASE STUDY

Household members:

Name	Relationship	Comments	Household Income, Assets, and Expenses
David Example	Applicant	Employed, party to note	\$1,250/week wages;
Limitple	Age: 40		Savings account balance \$41,400 (APY .5) Checking account balance \$3,500
Betsy Example	Applicant	Employed, party to note	\$15.50/hr wages – working 20 hours week
	Age: 40		\$100/month child support from ex-husband (Kathy's father)
Cynthia Example	David's mother	Disabled, moved in when husband died, not a party to the	\$800/month Social Security benefits
-	Age: 67	note	Savings account balance \$3,800 (APY .045) Checking account balance \$1,400
Janet Smith	Daughter	Full-time college student, part- time employed, not a party to	\$600/month wages
	Age: 19	the note	
Kathy Smith	Daughter	Full-time junior-high school student, part-time employed,	\$9.00/hour x 8 hours per week x 4 weeks = \$288 monthly earnings
	Age: 14	not a party to the note	\$200 monuny carnings
Chris Doe	Foster child	Full-time elementary student,	County pays household \$800/month to care for
	Age: 8	not a party to the note	foster child. The family pays \$50 per week/\$200 per month for after school child care.

<u>Eligible Household Income</u>: Calculate annual and adjusted annual income to determine eligibility of the household for the SFHGLP. For Annual Income Calculation – Consider income of all household members:

•	Count David's wages	•	Count Betsy's wages	•	Count child support (Betsy)	•	Count only the first \$480 of Janet's wages (Household member is greater than 18 years of age but is a full- time student)
•	Do not count Kathy's wages (Household member is a minor and less than 18 years of age)	•	Count Cynthia's Social Security	•	Count actual income from assets from all members of the household if they total \$50,000 or more.	•	 Do not count payments for Care of foster child Passbook rate is .03

Adjusted Annual Income Calculation:

Dependent Deduction

- Three dependent deductions are permitted for Kathy (a minor), Janet (an adult full-time student, who is not the head of household or spouse), and Cynthia (an adult individual with disabilities, who is not the head of household or spouse).
- A foster child is not a permanent household member, and therefore is not an eligible dependent.
- Total household members that meet the Household member definition in 7 CFR 3555.10 are David, Betsey, Cynthia, Janet, and Kathy.
- A deduction of \$1,440 in this example may be deducted (\$480 for each eligible dependent x 3 = \$1,440). Dependents are Kathy, Janet, and Cynthia.

Child Care Deduction

- Child care expenses are permitted for the care of a foster child but must not exceed the amount earned by the family member enabled to work.
- Child care expenses are not permitted if another adult household member is available to care for the child. In this example, it is assumed there are no adult household members available to care for the child.
- Since the cost of child care does not exceed an adult household member's monthly earnings, the full amount of the child care may be deducted.

Elderly or Disabled Household Deduction

• Cynthia, a household member, is 67. But she is not an applicant on the loan, therefore no elderly family deduction is allowed.

Medical Expense Deduction

• Family medical expenses cannot be deducted since this is not an elderly or disabled household as defined in 7 CFR 3555.152(c).

Disability Assistance Expenses

• No disability assistance expenses were claimed. To be allowed a deduction, the expenses would have to be necessary to enable a family member to work.

<u>Repayment Income</u>: Calculate the income utilized to repay the loan. Consider only income from parties to the note that is determined to be stable and dependable per 7 CFR 3555.152(a).

David and Betsy are parties to the note. David has worked the last two years earning \$1,250 per week or \$65,000 annually. Betsy has made \$15.50/hour and worked 20 hours per week for the past five years consistently. Betsy receives child support for Kathy, paid through the court at \$100 a month, or \$1,200 annually. She has received support consistently for the past three years. Kathy is 14. David and Betsy have cared for foster children for the past three years. Chris Doe is 8 years of age. The county pays \$800.00 per month, or \$9,600 annually to the household to care for the foster child. Foster care is not a source of income that is eligible for repayment income.

- David: \$65,000 historical employment income divided by 12 = \$5,416.67
- Betsy: \$16,120 historical employment income divided by 12 = \$1,343.33
- Betsy: 1,200 historical child support income divided by 12 = 100.00 [3-year continuance since Kathy is 14]
- Total stable and dependable income in accordance with 7 CFR 3555.152(a) = \$6,860.00/month

ATTACHMENT 9-C EXAMPLE CASE STUDY:

Applicant: David Example

Co Applicant: Betsy Example

WORKSHEET FOR DOCUMENTING ELIGIBLE HOUSEHOLD AND REPAYMENT INCOME

Lender Instructions: Determine eligible household income for the Single-Family Housing Guaranteed Loan Program (SFHGLP) by documenting all sources/types of income for all household members. Qualify the loan by documenting all sources/type of income that is stable and dependable utilized to repay the loan.

Identify all Household Members	Age	Full-time Student Y/N?	Disabled Y/N?	Receive Income Y/N?	Sourc	e of Income		
David Example	40	Ν	Ν	Y	XYZ Employment			
Betsy Example	40	Ν	Ν	Y	123 Employment, child support			
Cynthia Example								
Janet Smith	19	Y	N	Y	PT Emplo			
Kathy Smith	14	Y	N	Y	PT Emplo	•		
Chris Doe	8	Y	N	Y	Foster ca			
ANNUAL INCOME CALCULATION	N (Consid	er anticipated income for	the next 12 months for a	ll adult household member	s as dascribad i	n 7 CER 3555 152(b)		
and HB-1-3555 Chapter 9. Website for instruction			````	i uuun nousenota members	s us uescribeu i	n / CIK 5555.152(0)		
						1		
1. Applicant (Wages, salary, self-employed, or disability, trust income, etc.) Calculate and					2 ·			
David - \$1,250/wk x 52 = \$65	5,000					\$65,000.00		
 Co-Applicant (Wages, salary, self-employed, commission, overtime, bonus, tips, alimony, child support, pension/retirement, social security, disability, trust income, etc.) Calculate and record how the calculation of each income source/type was determined in the space below. 								
Betsy - \$15.50/hr x 20 hrs/v Betsy – child support - \$10		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				\$17,320.00		
 Additional Income to Primary Income (Automobile Allowance, Mortgage Differential, Military, Secondary Employment, Seasonal Employment, Unemployment, etc.) Calculate and record how the calculation of each income source/type was determined in the space below. 								
 Additional Adult Household Member (s) who are not a party to the note (Primary Employment from Wages, Salary, Self-Employed, Additional income to Primary Employment, Other Income). Calculate and record how the calculation of each income source/type was determined in the space below. Cynthia- \$800/month x 12 = \$9,600 								
Janet = first \$480 must be	counted as	s full-time student over 1	8 years of age					
5. Income from Assets (Income from household assets, if total exceeds \$50,000, as described in HB-1-3555, Chapter 9). Calculate and record how the calculation of each income source/type was determined in the space below. Total assets=\$50,100 David: Savings \$41400x.005=\$207, Checking: 3500x.003(passbook rate)=\$10.50 Cynthia: Savings \$3800x.0045=\$17.10, Checking: \$1400x.003=\$4.20								
6. Annual Household Income (Total 1 through 5)								

Applicant: David Example

Co Applicant: <u>Betsy Example</u>

ADJUSTED ANNUAL INCOME CALCULATION (Consider qualifying deductions as described in 7 CFR 3555.152(c) and HB-1-3555 Chapter 9)

7. Dependent Deduction (\$480 for each child under age 18, full-time student, or disabled family member over the age of 18) - #3 x \$480	\$1,440.00
8. Annual Child Care Expenses (Reasonable expenses for children 12 and under) Calculate and record the calculation of the deduction in the space below.	\$2,600.00
\$50/week x 52 weeks/year = \$2,600	
9. Elderly/Disabled Household (1 household deduction of \$400 if 62 years of age or older, or disabled and a party to the note)	\$0
10. Disability (Unreimbursed expenses in excess of 3% of annual income per 7 CFR 3555.152(c) and HB-1-3555 Chapter 9) Calculate and record the calculation of the deduction in the space below.	\$0
11. Medical Expenses (Elderly/Disabled households only. Unreimbursed medical expenses in excess of 3% of annual income per 7 CFR 3555.152(c) and HB-1-3555 Chapter 9.) Calculate and record the calculation of the deduction in the space below.	\$0
12. Total Household Deductions (Total 7 through 11)	\$4,040.00

	Income ca	\$88,598.80		
Moderate Income Limit: \$121,300	State:	Oklahoma	County: Washington	

Co Applicant: <u>Betsy Example</u>

MONTHLY REPAYMENT INCOME CALCULATION (Consider stable and dependable income of parties to the note as described in 7 CFR 3555.152(a) and HB-1-3555 Chapter 9. Non-occupant borrowers or co-signers are not allowed.)

14. Stable Dependable Monthly Income (Parties to note only). Calculate and record how the calculation of each income source/type was determined in the space below. Identify income type by party to note.

	Applicant	Co-Applicant	Total
Base Income	\$5,416.67 Calculation of Base Income: David: \$65,000 / 12 = \$5,416.67	\$1,343.33 Calculation of Base Income: Betsy: \$16,120/12 = \$1,343.33	\$6,760.00
Other Income	Calculation of Other Income:	\$100.00 Calculation of Other Income: Betsy: Child Support: \$1,200 / 12 = \$100.00 [3 year continuance confirmed: Kathy is 14]	\$100.00
Total Income	\$5,416.67	\$1,443.33	\$6,860.00
		15. Monthly Repayment Income (Total of 14)	\$6,860.00
Preparer's Signature:_[Name (Print): _[Title: [Date: []	Name] Title]		

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ATTACHMENT 9-D

ANNUAL INCOME

SOURCES OF INCOME WHICH BY FEDERAL STATUTE ARE EXCLUDED FROM ANNUAL INCOME

The following sources, subject to exemption by Federal statute, are never considered when calculating annual income.

Any revenue which a Federal statute exempts shall not be considered income or used as a basis for determining eligibility for an Agency loan, payment assistance, or denying or reducing Federal financial assistance or benefits to which the recipient would otherwise be entitled. Additional financial assistance, which is considered exempt income under Federal statutes, includes:

- The imminent danger duty-pay to a service person applicant or spouse away from home and exposed to hostile fire. Amounts of imminent danger pay for military personnel stationed in the Combat Zone are excluded from annual income effective August 2, 1990. Any military pay received by persons serving in the Combat Zone received on or after January 17, 1991, is excluded from annual income. The Combat Zone, as defined by the Presidential Executive Order 12744 dated January 21, 1991, consists of the Persian Gulf, the Red Sea, the Gulf of Oman, that portion of the Arabian Sea that lies north of 10 degrees north latitude and west of 68 degrees east longitude, the Gulf of Aden, the total land areas of Iraq, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, Oman, Bahrain, Qatar, and the United Arab Emirates. Immediately upon notification by the family or based on information from a knowledgeable source that a member of the household was serving in the Combat Zone, the Loan Approval Official shall re- determine the household income retroactive to January 17, 1991, and adjust the applicant's payment assistance accordingly.
- 2. Payments and assets, including for supportive services and reimbursement of out-ofpocket expenses, for volunteers under the Domestic Volunteer Service Act of 1973, including, but not limited to:
 - a. National Volunteer Antipoverty Programs, which include Volunteers in Service to America (VISTA), Peace Corps, Service Learning Programs, and Special Volunteer Programs.

- b. National Older American Volunteer Programs for persons age 60 and over who include Retired Senior Volunteer Programs, Foster Grandparent Program, Older American Community Services Program, and National Volunteer Programs to Assist Small Business and Promote Volunteer Service to Persons with Business Experience, Service Corps of Retired Executives (SCORE), and Active Corps of Executives (ACE).
- 3. Allowances, earnings, and payments to individuals participating in programs under the Workforce Investment Act of 1998 reauthorized as the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act of 2014.
- 4. Allowances, earnings, and payments to AmeriCorps participants under the National and Community Service Act of 1990.
- 5. Payments and assets received after January 1, 1989, from the Agent Orange Settlement Fund or any other fund established pursuant to the settlement in the "*In Re Agent Orange Product Liability Litigation*", M.D.L. No. 381 (E.D.N.Y.).
- 6. Payments and assets received under the "Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act" or the "Maine Indian Claims Settlement Act". Additionally, lump sum or periodic payments received by an individual Indian pursuant to the Class Action Settlement Agreement in the case entitled *Elouise Cobell et al.* v. *Ken Salazar et al.*, for a period of one year from the time of receipt of that payment as provided in the Claims Resolution Act of 2010. This exclusion also applies to assets.
- 7. Income and assets derived from certain sub-marginal land of the United States that is held in trust for certain American Indian tribes.
- 8. Payments and assets received by the Indian Claims Commission to the Confederated Tribes and Bands of the Yakima Indian Nation or the Apache Tribe of the Mescalero Reservation.
- 9. Payments, funds, or distributions authorized, established, or directed by the Seneca Nation Settlement Act of 1990. This exclusion also applies to assets.
- 10. Assistance payments or allowances made under the Department of Health and Human Services Low- Income Home Energy Assistance Program.
- 11. Assistance received under the Richard B. Russell School Lunch Act, and the Child Nutrition Act of 1966, including reduced-price lunches and food under the Special Supplemental Food Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC).
- 12. Payments received from the Job Training Partnership Act.
- 13. Income and assets derived from the disposition of funds of the Grand River Band of Ottawa Indians.

- 14. The first \$2,000 of per capita shares received from judgment funds awarded by the National Indian Gaming Commission or the U.S. Claims Court, the interests of individual Indians in trust or restricted lands, and the first \$2,000 per year of income received by individual Indians from funds derived from interests held in such trust or restricted lands. This exclusion does not include proceeds of gaming operations regulated by the Commission. This exclusion also applies to assets.
- 15. Payments received from programs funded under Title V of the Older Americans Act of 1965.
- 16. Payments from any deferred U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs disability benefits that are received in a lump sum amount or in prospective monthly amounts.
- 17. Amounts of student financial assistance funded under title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965, including awards under Federal work-study programs or under the Bureau of Indian Affairs student assistance programs.
- 18. The amount of any refund (or advance payment with respect to a refundable credit) issued under the Internal Revenue Code is excluded from income and assets for a period of 12 months from receipt.
- 19. Any allowance paid to children of Vietnam veterans born with spina bifida, children of women Vietnam veterans born with certain birth defects, and children of certain Korean and Thailand service veterans born with spina bifida is excluded from income and assets.
- 20. Any amount of crime victim compensation and assets that provides medical or other assistance (or payment or reimbursement of the cost of such assistance) under the Victims of Crime Act of 1984 received through a crime victim assistance program, unless the total amount of assistance that the applicant receives from all such programs is sufficient to fully compensate the applicant for losses suffered as a result of the crime.
- 21. Any amounts in an "individual development account" are excluded from assets and any assistance, benefit, or amounts earned by or provided to the individual development account are excluded from income, as provided by the Assets for Independence Act.
- 22. Federal assistance for a major disaster or emergency received by individuals and families under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act and comparable disaster assistance provided by States, local governments, and disaster assistance organizations. This exclusion also applies to assets.

- 23. Any amount in an Achieving Better Life Experience (ABLE) account, distributions from and certain contributions to an ABLE account established under the ABLE Act of 2014.
- 24. The value of any child care assistance provided or arranged (or any amount received as payment for such care or reimbursement for costs incurred for such care) under the Child Care and Development Block Grant Act of 1990.
- 25. Assistance and assets received by a household under the Emergency Rental Assistance Program pursuant to the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2021 and the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021.
- 26. Any other income which is exempted under Federal statute.

ATTACHMENT 9-E INFORMATION FOR ANALYZING TAX RETURNS FOR SELF-EMPLOYED APPLICANTS

Self-employed applicants must submit current documentation of the business' income and expenses, including any applicable Federal tax returns that were filed with the IRS for the most recent two years in addition to year-to-date profit and loss and balance statements. Lenders are encouraged to use Fannie Mae Form 1084, *Cash Flow Analysis*, and Fannie Mae Form 1088, *Comparative Income Analysis*, to document a trend analysis for the applicant's business. Lenders may use the Fannie Mae forms or any documentation that provides the same information. Regardless of the analysis method used, and the documentation prepared by the lender, the loan file must contain clear and sufficient support for the lender's decision regarding the viability of the business and loan approval.

A. Individual Tax Returns (IRS Form 1040)

The amount shown on the IRS Form 1040 as "adjusted gross income" must be either increased or decreased based on the lender's analysis of the individual tax returns and any related tax schedules. Particular attention must be paid to:

- Wages, salaries, tips. If an amount is shown here, this may indicate the individual is a salaried employee of a corporation or has other sources of income. It may also indicate the spouse is employed, in which case the income must be subtracted from the adjusted gross income in the analysis.
- **Business income or loss (from Schedule C)**. The sole proprietorship income calculated on Schedule C is business income. Depreciation or depletion may be added back to adjusted gross income.
- Rents, royalties, partnerships, etc. (from Schedule E). Any income received from rental properties or royalties may be used as income after adding back any depreciation shown on Schedule E.
- Capital gain or loss (from Schedule D). This is generally a one-time transaction and should not be considered in determining repayment income. However, if the business has a constant turnover of assets resulting in gains or losses, the capital gain or loss may be considered in determining the income provided the applicants have at least two years' tax returns evidencing capital gains. An example would include an individual who purchases old houses, remodels them, and sells them for a profit.
- Interest and dividend income (from Schedule B). This income, both taxable and tax- exempt, may be added back to the adjusted gross income only if it has been received for the past two years and is expected to continue. If the interest-bearing asset will be liquidated as a source of the cash investment, the lender must adjust accordingly.

- Farm income or loss (from Schedule F). Any depreciation shown on Schedule F may be added back to the adjusted gross income.
- **IRA distributions, pensions and annuities, and social security benefits**. The nontaxable portion of these items may be added back to the adjusted gross income if the income is expected to continue for the first three years of the mortgage.
- Adjustments to income. Certain adjustments to income shown on the IRS Form 1040 may be added back to the adjusted gross income. Among these are IRA and Keogh retirement deductions, penalties on early withdrawal of savings, health insurance deductions, and alimony payments.
- **Employee business expenses.** These are actual cash expenses that must be deducted from the applicant's adjusted gross income, if applicable.

B. U.S. Corporate Income Tax Returns (IRS Form 1120)

Corporations are state chartered businesses owned by their stockholders. Compensation to its officers, generally in proportion to the percentage of ownership, is shown on the corporate tax returns and will appear on individual tax returns. If the applicant's percentage of ownership is not shown, it must be separately obtained from the corporation's accountant with evidence the applicants have the right to those funds. Once the adjusted business income is determined, it is to be multiplied by the applicant's percentage of ownership in the business.

In analyzing the corporate tax returns, lenders must adjust for the following:

- **Depreciation and depletion**. The corporation's depreciation and depletion must be added back to after-tax income.
- **Taxable income**. This is the corporation's net income before federal taxes. It must be reduced by the tax liability.
- **Fiscal year versus calendar year**. If the corporation operates on a fiscal year that is different from the calendar year, an adjustment must be made by the lender to relate corporate income to the individual tax return.
- **Cash withdrawals**. The applicant's withdrawal of cash from the corporation may have a severe negative impact on the corporation's ability to continue operating.

C. "S" Corporation Tax Returns

An "S" corporation is generally a small, start-up business, with gains and losses passed onto stockholders in proportion to each stockholder's percentage of business ownership. The income for the owners comes from W-2 wages and is taxed at the individual rate.

The "compensation of officers" line on the IRS Form 1120-S is transferred to the applicant's IRS Form 1040. Both depreciation and depletion may be added back to income in

proportion to the applicant's share of income. However, income must also be deducted proportionately by the total obligations payable by the corporation in less than one year. The applicant's withdrawal of cash from the corporation may have a severe negative impact on the corporation's ability to continue operating which must be considered in the analysis.

D. Partnership Tax Returns

A partnership is formed when two or more individuals form a business and share in profits, losses, and responsibility for running the company. Each partnership pays taxes on his or her proportionate share of the partnership income.

Both general and limited partnerships report income on the IRS Form 1065, *U.S. Return* of *Partnership Income*, which must be reviewed by the lender to assess the viability of the business. The partner's share of income is carried over to Schedule E of IRS Form 1040. Both depreciation and depletion may be added back to income in proportion to the applicant's share of income. However, income must also be deducted proportionately by the total obligations payable by the partnership in less than one year. The applicant's withdrawal of cash from the partnership may have a severe negative impact on the partnership's ability to continue operating that must be considered in the analysis.

E. LLC Corporation Tax Returns

A limited liability corporation (LLC) can be formed by one or more individuals. Only Massachusetts and the District of Columbia require two or more individuals. Owners in an LLC are referred to as members. A member of an LLC normally has at risk, only his or her share of capital paid into the business. Members are not personally liable for the debts of the LLC. There are three ways in which an LLC is taxed:

- **Single-owner LLC.** LLC owners are taxed on business profits each year on their individual income tax returns. The IRS treats the LLC as a sole proprietorship. Profits are reported on Schedule C of an individual 1040 tax return.
- LLCs. The IRS treats the LLC as a partnership. The LLC prepares and files IRS Form 1065, *U.S. Return of Partnership Income*, each year. LLC profits are allocated to each of the owners according to the profit-sharing arrangement set up in the LLC operating agreement. Each owner is given a Schedule K-1, which shows each owner's share of LLC income. The owner then reports and pays taxes on this income on the owner's 1040 income tax return.
- Check-the-Box Corporate Tax Treatment. Under these rules, any eligible business can elect to be taxed as a corporation by filing IRS Form 8832, *Entity Classification Election*, and checking the corporate income tax treatment box on the form. After making this election, profits kept in the business are taxed at the separate income tax rates that apply to corporations.

ATTACHMENT 9-F WORKSHEET FOR DOCUMENTING ELIGIBLE HOUSEHOLD AND REPAYMENT INCOME [AGENCY USE ONLY]

Agency Instructions: Recalculate income in the circumstances noted below. Retain this worksheet as part of the permanent SFHGLP file, when applicable. If the reviewer agrees with the lender's income calculation, check the box indicating agreement with the lender's calculation; otherwise complete the recalculation of income in the space provided.

Eligible Household Income: Recalculate the lender's determination of eligible income if the lender's adjusted annual income calculation is within 10 percent of the applicable published income limit for manually underwritten loans. The published income limits may be found at the public website: <u>http://eligibility.sc.egov.usda.gov/eligibility/</u>

Repayment Income: Recalculate the lender's determination of repayment income for manually underwritten loans if the lender's repayment ratios are within 10 percent of the published debt ratio limit found at $\S7 CFR 3555.151(h)$.

Definition - Manually Underwritten Loan Files: 1) Loans submitted by lenders that are not supported by the automated underwriting system, GUS. 2) Loans submitted to GUS, that have received an underwriting recommendation of Refer or Refer With Caution. Accept and Accept with Full Documentation loans are not manually underwritten loans.

GENERAL INFORMATION			
Applicant(s):	GLS Borrower ID:	Lender:	
		D	
AGENCY WRITTEN ANALYSIS DOCUMENTIN Consider anticipated income for the next 12 months for			Consider
qualifying deductions as described in 7 CFR 3555.152(Collsider
https://www.rd.usda.gov/resources/directives.	- ,		
	<i>//</i>		
Calculate and record how the calculation of each inc	come source/type and deduction was do	etermined in the space bel	0W.
□ I have reviewed the lender's calculation and compar	ed it to income verifications. I agree with	n the lender's	
calculation of eligible household income.			
			\$
	Dru		

Date: _____

- -

(Title)

Applicant(s):	GLS Borrower ID:	Lender:

AGENCY WRITTEN ANALYSIS MONTHLY REPAYMENT INCOME

Consider the stable and dependable income of parties to the note as described in 7 CFR 3555.152(a). Website for instructions/technical handbook/notices: <u>https://www.rd.usda.gov/resources/directives.</u>

Calculate and record how the calculation of each income source/type and deduction was determined in the space below.

□ I have reviewed the lender's calculation and compared it to income verifications. I agree with the lender's calculation of stable, dependable repayment income.	
	\$

By: _____

Date: _____

(Title)

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ATTACHMENT 9-G OPTIONAL VERIFICATION OF INCOME FORMS

VERIFICATION OF PENSIONS AND ANNUITIES

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

APPLICANT IDENTIFICATION

Name_____

Social Security Number_

REQUESTED INFORMATION

A. INCOME FROM ANNUITIES

- 1. <u>Current monthly gross amount received.</u> Will the applicant continue to receive this monthly amount for the next twelve months? Yes No If, no please explain.
- 2. Describe any deductions from the gross amount that are taken.

B. VERIFICATION OF ASSETS

- 1. <u>Current market value of assets held in the retirement or pension plan.</u>
- Can the applicants withdraw amounts from the retirement account without retiring or terminating employment? ____Yes ____No. If yes, explain the terms of the withdrawal, including any penalties.
- 3. Can the applicants borrow against amounts in the retirement account? <u>Yes</u> No If yes, explain the terms (maximum amount, interest rate, repayment term, purposes, etc.)

LENDER CERTIFICATION: Verifier must print their name, address and telephone number and certify to the accuracy of information recorded by executing below.

Name:	Title:
	Telephone Number:
(Signature)	
WARNING : Knowingly and willingly making a fals. States Government is a felony punishable by fine and	e or fraudulent statement to any department of the United l imprisonment (Title 18, Section 1001, U.S. Code)

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VERIFICATION OF STUDENT INCOME AND EXPENSES

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

APPLICANT IDENTIFICATION

Name

Social Security Number_

REQUESTED INFORMATION

1. Describe any financial assistance the above-reference student receives.

<u>Amount</u> <u>Source</u> <u>Purpose for Which Funds May Be Used</u>
--

2. Describe any expenses the above-referenced student has for:

\$	Tuition

\$____Housing

\$____Books

\$_____Supplies and Equipment

5	Transportation
---	----------------

§_____Misc. Personal Expenses

\$_____Total

LENDER CERTIFICATION: Verifier must print their name, address and telephone number and certify to the accuracy of information recorded by executing below.

Name:	Title:
	Telephone Number:
(Signature)	
WARNING : Knowingly and willingly making a false United States Government is a felony punishable by f Code)	

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VERIFICATION OF MEDICAL EXPENSES		
REQUEST FOR INFORMATION		
APPLICANT IDENTIFICATION		
Name Social Security Number		
REQUESTED INFORMATION		
1. Please list the purpose of any accumulated medical bills, identify to whom the amount is owed, and provide the amount to be paid during the coming 12 months.		
Amount Owed To Medical Expenses for		
 Medical Insurance Premiums <u>Amount Paid</u> Payment Period: per month, per year Medical Insurance Premiums 		
 Amount Paid Payment period: per month, per year List other anticipated medical expenses 		
LENDER CERTIFICATION : Verifier must print their name, address and telephone number and certify to the accuracy of information recorded by executing below.		
Name: Title:		
Telephone Number:		
(Signature)		
WARNING : Knowingly and willingly making a false or fraudulent statement to any department of the United States Government is a felony punishable by fine and imprisonment (Title 18, Section 1001, U.S. Code)		

REQUEST FOR IN	FORMATION
APPLICANT IDEN	
Name	Social Security Number
REQUESTED INFC	DRMATION
Social Security Data	
	Date of Birth
	Gross Monthly Social Security Benefit Amount, Type of Benefit
	Gross Monthly Supplemental Security Income Payment Amount (including State Supplement) Type of Benefit
	Amount of Monthly Deductions for Medicare Paid by the Applicants
	CATION : Verifier must print their name, address and telephone number and certify to the on recorded by executing below.
Name:	Title:
	Telephone Number:
(Signature)	

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VERIFICATION OF PUBLIC ASSISTANCE		
REQUEST FOR INFORMATION		
APPLICANT IDENTIFICATION		
Name Social	Security Number	
REQUESTED INFORMATION		
Number in Family:	Rate Per Month	
Aid to Families with Dependent Children	\$	
General Assistance	\$	
Does this amount include Court Awarded Support Payments	Yes No	
Amount Specifically Designated for Shelter and Utilities	\$	
Other Assistance - Type:	\$	
Total Monthly Grant	\$	
Other Income - Source:	\$	
*Maximum Allowance for Rent and Utilities	\$	
Amount of Public Assistance given during the past 12 mont	hs \$	
LENDER CERTIFICATION : Verifier must print their nar accuracy of information recorded by executing below.	ne, address and telephone number and certify to the	
Name: Title:		
Telep	hone Number:	
(Signature)		
WARNING : Knowingly and willingly making a false or fra States Government is a felony punishable by fine and impris		

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VERIFICATION OF CHILD/DEPENDENT CARE		
REQUEST FOR INFORMATION		
APPLICANT IDENTIFICATION		
Name	Social Security Number	
REQUESTED INFORMATION		
Name of Person or Agency Providing Care:		
Address:		
Name(s) of person or Persons Cared for:		
Specify Hoursand Days	_of Care.	
Average Amount Paid for Care: \$	Week	Month
Estimated Amount to be Paid in coming 12 months applicable): <u>\$</u>	s (including full-time summer care	e of school children, if
Will any amount of this expense be reimbursed by	an outside source: Yes	D No
LENDER CERTIFICATION : Verifier must prin accuracy of information recorded by executing bel		ne number and certify to the
Name:	Title:	
	Telephone Number:	
(Signature)		
WARNING : Knowingly and willingly making a fast States Government is a felony punishable by fine a		

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VERIFICATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS						
REQUEST FOR INFORMATION						
APPL	APPLICANT IDENTIFICATION					
Name_		Social Security Numbe	er			
REQUESTED INFORMATION						
1.	Are benefits being paid now?	Yes	🗌 No			
2.	If yes, what is Gross Weekly payment?	\$				
3.	Date of Initial Payment					
4.	Duration of Benefits		weeks			
	Is claimant eligible for future benefits?	Yes	No No			
5.	If yes, how many weeks?					
6.	If no, what is termination date of benefits?					
LENDER CERTIFICATION : Verifier must print their name, address and telephone number and certify to the accuracy of information recorded by executing below.						
Name:	. <u> </u>	Title:				
		Telephone Number:				
(Signa	ture)					
WARNING : Knowingly and willingly making a false or fraudulent statement to any department of the United States Government is a felony punishable by fine and imprisonment (Title 18, Section 1001, U.S. Code)						

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VERIFICATION OF BUSINESS EXPENSES REQUEST FOR INFORMATION					
APPLICANT IDENTIFICATION NameSocial Security Number					
REQUESTED INFORMATION					
Based on business transacted during	, to	20			
1. Gross Income		\$			
2. Expenses:					
(a) Interest on Loans	\$				
b) Cost of Goods/Materials	\$				
(c) Rent	\$				
(d) Utilities	\$				
(e) Wages/Salaries	\$				
(f) Employee Contributions	\$				
(g) Federal Withholding Tax	\$				
(h) State Withholding Tax	\$				
(i) FICA	\$				
(j) Sales Tax	\$				
(k) Other	\$				
(l) Straight Line Depreciation	\$				
Total Expenses	\$				
3. Net Income		\$			
LENDER CERTIFICATION : Verifier must accuracy of information recorded by executin		bhone number and certify to the			
Name:					
WARNING: Knowingly and willingly makin	g a false or fraudulent statement to	any department of the United			

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VERIFICATION OF SUPPORT PAYMENTS				
REQUEST FOR INFORMATION				
APPLICANT IDENTIFICATION				
Name Social Security Number				
REQUESTED INFORMATION				
Name of Person Paying Support:				
Address:				
For () Former Spouse				
() Children				
Children Names are:				
Amount of Support \$ Week, [] Month, [] Year				
LENDER CERTIFICATION : Verifier must print their name, address and telephone number and certify to t accuracy of information recorded by executing below.	ne			
Name: Title:				
Telephone Number:	_			
(Signature)				
WARNING : Knowingly and willingly making a false or fraudulent statement to any department of the United States Government is a felony punishable by fine and imprisonment (Title 18, Section 1001, U.S. Code)	ł			

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RECORD OF ORAL	VERIFICATION OF	EMPLOYMENT
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APPLICANT INFORMATION Applicant Name of Applicant/Co-Applicant:	Co-Applicant			
EMPLOYMENT INFORMATION VERIFIED Present Previous Employment				
Company:				
Name and Title of Person Contacted:				
Telephone Number:	Date:			
Source of Telephone Number:				
Date of Employment:	Position:			
Probability of Continued Employment:				
Salary:				
Probability of continued bonus and/or overtime is	likely to continue:			
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION VERIFIED				
Signature of Person Receiving Verification	Date and Time			
WARNING : Knowingly and willingly making a false or fraudulent statement to any department of the United States Government is a felony punishable by fine and imprisonment (Title 18, Section 1001, U.S. Code)				