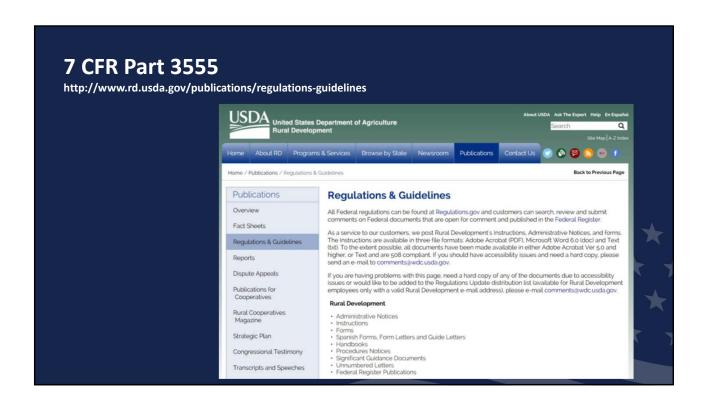
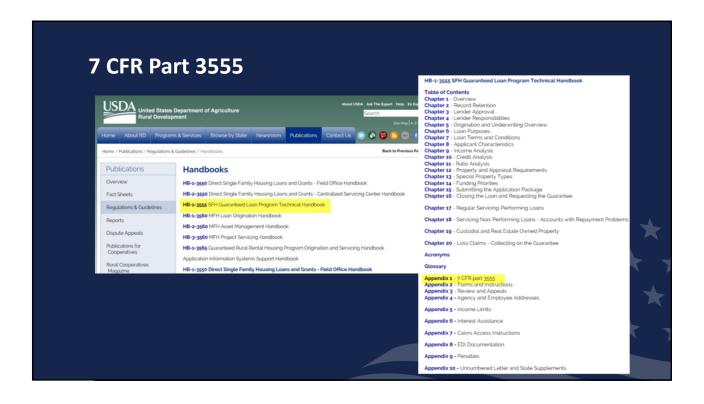


Training Objectives

- Where is the topic located?7 CFR 3555, and HB-1-3555
- Learning Checks
- Resources







7 CFR Part 3555

• § 3555.104 <u>Loan Terms.</u>

• § 3555.105 <u>Combination construction and permanent loans.</u>

HB 12.28 - Purchase with Rehabilitation and Repair Loan

Applicant Advantages

- Purchase existing dwelling
- Customize improvements
- One loan closing
- Funds to purchase the dwelling and provide eligible rehabilitation



Applicant Advantages

- 100% financing
- Maximum loan amount: 100% of "As Improved" appraised value
- Upfront guarantee fee may be included above "As Improved" value
- No future loan amount changes, no re-amortization



HB 12.28 - Purchase with Rehabilitation and Repair Loan

Applicant Advantages

- Correct dwelling deficiencies
- Revitalize existing housing stock
- Retain personal reserves postclosing





Lender Advantages

- REDUCED RISK!
- LNG is issued post-closing
- Repair/Renovation completed post-closing
- Immediate sale on secondary market

Eligible Loan Costs

- Upgrade/modernize kitchens, bathrooms, interior floor covers, etc.
- Create accessible amenities to accommodate disabilities
- Additions, structural alterations or reconstruction
- Install energy conservation or weatherization features



Eligible Loan Costs

- Repair or install septic systems and water wells
- Remove safety and health hazards
- Repair existing amenities; swimming pools, saunas and accessory units





Non-Structural Repairs

- Finance up to \$35,000 in repairs
- No minimum repair costs
- Dwelling must be habitable
- Contingency reserves allowed:
 - 10% utilities on
 - 15% utilities off

Structural Repairs

- Finance over \$35,000 in repair costs
- Qualified Inspector required; write-up and all inspections.
- Contingency reserves allowed
 - 10% utilities on
 - 15% utilities off
- PITI reserves; up to 6 months when the dwelling is not habitable.



HB 12.28 - Purchase with Rehabilitation and Repair Loan

Prohibited Loan Purposes:

- Investment properties
- Install new inground swimming pools, hot tubs, or saunas
- Installation of luxury items (exterior fireplace and kitchen, etc.)
- Convert existing structures to SFH dwellings

Prohibited Loan Purposes:

- Alterations that allow income-producing features
- Repair new or existing manufactured homes or condos
- Repairs or improvements to common space areas (community meeting rooms, playground, etc.)

HB12.28 - Purchase with Rehabilitation and Repair Loan

7 CFR 3555 / HB-1-3555

LEARNING CHECKS

- Ben and Leslie want to purchase an existing dwelling for \$85,000.
- The home is habitable. Repairs include: carpet, tile, kitchen cabinets and countertops.
- Total repair cost is \$35,000 plus \$3,500 contingency and \$500 of permit/inspection fees.
- The "as improved" market value of the property is \$125,000.

This proposal is eligible for a rehab/repair loan.

True/False

HB 12.28 - Purchase with Rehabilitation and Repair Loan

Answer: TRUE 3555.107(d) and HB 12.28

Part One: Maximum Loan Amount

- Purchase Price: \$85,000 + \$39,000 repairs/fees/contingency = \$124,000
- As-Improved Value: \$125,000
- Maximum Loan amount: \$126,262.60
 - \$125,000 \$124,000 = \$1,000 closing costs + \$1,262.62 GRH Fee

Answer: TRUE 3555.105 and HB 12.28

Part Two: Loan Eligibility

- Home is habitable
- Ben and Leslie may occupy and make mortgage payments
- · Lender must obtain interim and final inspections
- Lender will work with borrowers to approve disbursements for completed work

HB 12.28 - Purchase with Rehabilitation and Repair Loan

 After the loan closes, Ben and Leslie decide they don't want to renovate kitchen and instead want to add a covered patio with an outdoor kitchen.

This proposal is eligible for a rehab/repair loan.

True/False

Answer: FALSE 3555.105 and HB 12.24 and 12.28

Loan Eligibility

- Proposed changes should not affect the scope of the project and/or affect the appraised value.
- An outdoor kitchen is considered a luxury feature and is a prohibited loan purpose.

HB 12.28 - Purchase with Rehabilitation and Repair Loan

 Using the same scenario, Ben and Leslie have an unused balance in the contingency reserve in the amount of \$3,000.
 New appliances were not included in their contract. They want to use the funds to purchase appliances for their newly renovated kitchen.

This proposal is eligible for a rehab/repair loan.

True/False

Answer: TRUE 3555.105 and HB 12.24 and 12.28

Loan Eligibility

- The change order does not change the scope of the work.
- New appliances are an eligible loan purpose.

HB12.28 - Purchase with Rehabilitation and Repair Loan

- April and Andy want to purchase an old 2 bedroom, 1 bath home on a 1 acre lot for \$30,000
- They want to add 2 bedrooms and a full bathroom. They expect the cost to be at approximately \$50,000.
- The lender's qualified inspector determined that the structure is too dilapidated and not stable enough to withstand renovations.
- He determines the foundation to be structurally sound.

This proposal is eligible for a rehab/repair loan.

True/False

Answer: TRUE 3555.105 and HB 12.28

Part One: Loan Eligibility

- Obtain certification from qualified structural engineer that the existing foundation is sound.
- Qualified inspector assigned by their lender can develop a plan to raze the building and rebuild a new structure using the existing foundation.
- A qualified contractor can work with them to design and rebuild using the existing foundation and expand to suit their needs.
- The builder and inspector will work on the final cost estimate.

HB 12.28 - Purchase with Rehabilitation and Repair Loan

Answer: TRUE 3555.105 and HB 12.28

Part Two: Maximum Loan Amount

- The "As Improved" market value of the property must cover the costs to purchase, demolish, and renovate; including inspection fees, PITI reserves and contingency fees, if applicable.
- The dwelling is not habitable; PITI reserves may be established to cover mortgage payments up to 6 months.
- No loan modification needed. Borrower takes over mortgage payments when the dwelling is deemed habitable.

- April and Andy's final cost for demolition and construction of the dwelling is \$110,000, including inspection and permit fees.
- 10% contingency reserve would equal to \$11,000.
- 6 month PITI reserves equal to \$7,077.24
- "As Improved" market value is \$150,000.

This proposal is eligible for a rehab/repair loan.

True/False

HB 12.28 - Purchase with Rehabilitation and Repair Loan

Answer: TRUE 3555.105 and HB 12.28

Let's review:

Item	Amount
Maximum Loan Amount (\$150,000 + \$1,515.05 GRH fee)	\$151,515.15
Less Purchase/Demo/Reno Cost	\$140,000.00
Less financed GRH fee	\$ 1,515.15
Available Loan Funds	\$ 10,000.00

Remaining loan funds are not sufficient to cover both the 10% Contingency Reserves of \$11,000 and the 6-month PITI Reserves of \$7,077.24.

No problem!

A few options:

- Fund one of the reserves and reduce the other; amounts may be adjusted,
- Borrower may fund the remaining amount needed out of pocket,
- Omit one reserve. April and Andy must have sufficient cash reserves to cover either PITI payments and/or costs for change orders/cost overruns, if they occur.

Contingency and PITI Reserves are recommended but are optional.

HB 12.28 - Purchase with Rehabilitation and Repair Loan

- Jack and Diane want to purchase a two year old manufactured home.
- Home is on a permanent foundation.
- · No interior work is needed.
- They want to add a covered porch and a two-car garage for \$20,000.
- This proposal is eligible for a rehab/repair loan. True/False

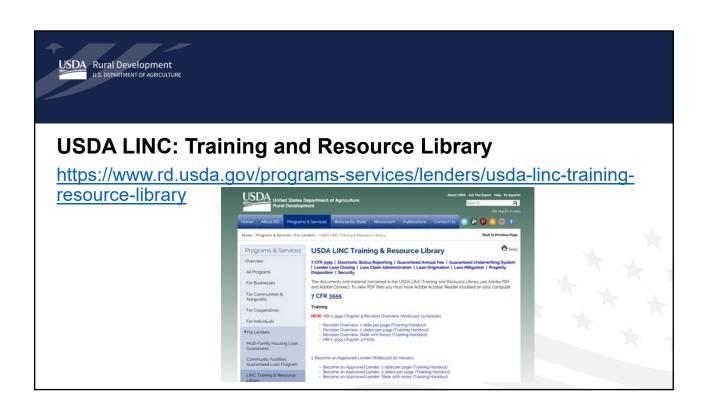
Answer: FALSE 3555.102, 3555.105 and HB 12.28

 Manufactured homes, condominiums and newly constructed homes are not eligible.

HB 12.28 - Purchase with Rehabilitation and Repair Loan



- This is a 100% LTV program.
- Include the amount of contingency and reserves in the construction contract
- Contract or worksheet similar to HUD 203(k) Form 92700





In accordance with Federal civil rights law and U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) civil rights regulations and policies, the USDA, its Agencies, offices, and employees, and institutions participating in or administering USDA programs are prohibited from discriminating based on race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity (including gender expression), sexual orientation, disability, age, marital status, family/parental status, income derived from a public assistance program, political beliefs, or reprisal or retaliation for prior civil rights activity, in any program or activity conducted or funded by USDA (not all bases apply to all programs). Remedies and complaint filing deadlines vary by program or incident

Persons with disabilities who require alternative means of communication for program information (e.g., Braille, large print, audiotape, American Sign Language, etc.) should contact the responsible Agency or USDA's TARGET Center at (202) 720-2600 (voice and TTY) or contact USDA through the Federal Relay Service at (800) 877-8339. Additionally, program information may be made available in languages other than English.

To file a program discrimination complaint, complete the USDA Program Discrimination Complaint Form, AD-3027, found online at How to File a Program Discrimination Complaint and at any USDA office or write a letter addressed to USDA and provide in the letter all of the information requested in the form. To request a copy of the complaint form, call (866) 632-9992. Submit your completed form or letter to USDA by: (1) mail: U.S. Department of Agriculture, Office of the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW, Washington, D.C. 20250-9410; (2) fax: (202) 690-7442; or (3) email: program.intake@usda.gov.

USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and lender.

