APPENDIX C

IPAC Report



United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE Arkansas Ecological Services Field Office 110 South Amity Suite 300 Conway, AR 72032-8975 Phone: (501) 513-4470 Fax: (501) 513-4480 http://www.fws.gov/arkansas-es



In Reply Refer To: Project Code: 2022-0019821 Project Name: Augusta Solar March 15, 2022

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project location or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

The enclosed species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed and candidate species, as well as proposed and final designated critical habitat, that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project and/or may be affected by your proposed project. The species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*).

New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list. Please feel free to contact us if you need more current information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species and federally designated and proposed critical habitat. Please note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the Act, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. This verification can be completed formally or informally as desired. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the ECOS-IPaC website at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested through the ECOS-IPaC system by completing the same process used to receive the enclosed list.

The purpose of the Act is to provide a means whereby threatened and endangered species and the ecosystems upon which they depend may be conserved. Under sections 7(a)(1) and 7(a)(2) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 *et seq.*), Federal agencies are required to utilize their authorities to carry out programs for the conservation of threatened and endangered species and to determine whether projects may affect threatened and endangered species and/or designated critical habitat.

A Biological Assessment is required for construction projects (or other undertakings having similar physical impacts) that are major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment as defined in the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2)

(c)). For projects other than major construction activities, the Service suggests that a biological evaluation similar to a Biological Assessment be prepared to determine whether the project may affect listed or proposed species and/or designated or proposed critical habitat. Recommended contents of a Biological Assessment are described at 50 CFR 402.12.

If a Federal agency determines, based on the Biological Assessment or biological evaluation, that listed species and/or designated critical habitat may be affected by the proposed project, the agency is required to consult with the Service pursuant to 50 CFR 402. In addition, the Service recommends that candidate species, proposed species and proposed critical habitat be addressed within the consultation. More information on the regulations and procedures for section 7 consultation, including the role of permit or license applicants, can be found in the "Endangered Species Consultation Handbook" at:

http://www.fws.gov/endangered/esa-library/pdf/TOC-GLOS.PDF

Migratory Birds: In addition to responsibilities to protect threatened and endangered species under the Endangered Species Act (ESA), there are additional responsibilities under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) and the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (BGEPA) to protect native birds from project-related impacts. Any activity, intentional or unintentional, resulting in take of migratory birds, including eagles, is prohibited unless otherwise permitted by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (50 C.F.R. Sec. 10.12 and 16 U.S.C. Sec. 668(a)). For more information regarding these Acts see https://www.fws.gov/birds/policies-and-regulations.php.

The MBTA has no provision for allowing take of migratory birds that may be unintentionally killed or injured by otherwise lawful activities. It is the responsibility of the project proponent to comply with these Acts by identifying potential impacts to migratory birds and eagles within applicable NEPA documents (when there is a federal nexus) or a Bird/Eagle Conservation Plan (when there is no federal nexus). Proponents should implement conservation measures to avoid or minimize the production of project-related stressors or minimize the exposure of birds and their resources to the project-related stressors. For more information on avian stressors and recommended conservation measures see https://www.fws.gov/birds/bird-enthusiasts/threats-to-birds.php.

In addition to MBTA and BGEPA, Executive Order 13186: *Responsibilities of Federal Agencies to Protect Migratory Birds*, obligates all Federal agencies that engage in or authorize activities that might affect migratory birds, to minimize those effects and encourage conservation measures that will improve bird populations. Executive Order 13186 provides for the protection of both migratory birds and migratory bird habitat. For information regarding the implementation of Executive Order 13186, please visit https://www.fws.gov/birds/policies-and-regulations/ executive-orders/e0-13186.php.

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. The Service encourages Federal agencies to include conservation of threatened and endangered species into their project planning to further the purposes of the Act. Please include the Consultation Code in the header of this letter with any request for consultation or correspondence about your project that you submit to our office.

Attachment(s):

Official Species List

Official Species List

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

Arkansas Ecological Services Field Office

110 South Amity Suite 300 Conway, AR 72032-8975 (501) 513-4470

Project Summary

Project Code:2022-0019821Event Code:NoneProject Name:Augusta SolarProject Type:Power Gen - SolarProject Description:Proposed solar project in Woodruff County, Arkansas.Project Location:Vertice Solar

Approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: <u>https://www.google.com/maps/@35.25691985,-91.34837714823644,14z</u>



Counties: Woodruff County, Arkansas

Endangered Species Act Species

There is a total of 9 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries¹, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

1. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

Birds

NAME	STATUS
Eastern Black Rail <i>Laterallus jamaicensis ssp. jamaicensis</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/10477</u>	Threatened
Ivory-billed Woodpecker Campephilus principalis No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8230</u>	Endangered
 Piping Plover Charadrius melodus Population: [Atlantic Coast and Northern Great Plains populations] - Wherever found, except those areas where listed as endangered. There is final critical habitat for this species. The location of the critical habitat is not available. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6039</u> 	Threatened
Red Knot <i>Calidris canutus rufa</i> There is proposed critical habitat for this species. The location of the critical habitat is not available. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1864</u>	Threatened

Clams

NAME	STATUS
Pink Mucket (pearlymussel) <i>Lampsilis abrupta</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/7829</u>	Endangered
Rabbitsfoot <i>Quadrula cylindrica cylindrica</i> There is final critical habitat for this species. The location of the critical habitat is not available. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5165</u>	Threatened
Scaleshell Mussel <i>Leptodea leptodon</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5881</u>	Endangered
Insects NAME	STATUS
Monarch Butterfly <i>Danaus plexippus</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9743</u>	Candidate
Flowering Plants	STATUS
Pondberry <i>Lindera melissifolia</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1279</u>	Endangered

Critical habitats

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.

IPaC User Contact Information

Agency:GBMc and AssociatesName:Sarah HallettAddress:219 Brown LaneCity:BryantState:ARZip:72022Emailshallett@gbmcassoc.comPhone:5018477077

APPENDIX D

NRCS Correspondence



Casey Shepard Environmental Engineer III 1 Cooperative Way P.O. Box 194208 Little Rock, Arkansas 72219-4208

Dear Ms. Shepard

This letter is in response to your request for information related to Prime Farmland and Farmland of Statewide Importance for the Bailey Solar Plant Project located in Woodruff county, Arkansas. There is Prime Farmland in the area, but because this activity will be an indirect conversion there will be no additional acres converted. This activity will not affect Prime Farmland or Farmland of Statewide Importance. Please find enclosed form AD-1006, Prime Farmland Map, and Hydric Soils map.

Should you have any questions or need additional information, please call me at (501) 301-3180 or email at <u>rebecca.fox@usda.gov</u>.

Sincerely,

Rebecca Fox Assistant State Soil Scientist

Enclosure





Farmland Classification of Soils Bailey Solar Plant Woodruff county, Arkansas



U.S. Department of Agriculture FARMLAND CONVERSION IMPACT RATING									
PART I (To be completed by Federal Agency) Date Of La			and Ev	and Evaluation Request 9/15/21					
Name of Project Bailey Solar Plant Project Fede			Federal Agency Involved Rural Utility Service						
			County and State Woodruff County, Arkansas						
			Request Received By Person Completing Form: 9/15/2021 9:45:11 A Rebecca Fox						
Does the site contain Prime, Unique, Statewi (If no, the FPPA does not apply - do not com	•	or Local Important Farmland? YES N			Acres I 177,823	rrigated	Average Farm Size 1,365		
Major Crop(s) Soybeans	Farmable Land In Govt.	Jurisdiction % 67			Amount of Farmland As Defined in FPPA Acres: 358,669 % 94				
Name of Land Evaluation System Used	Name of State or Local S	Site Assessn	nent Sy	/stem	Date Land Evaluation Returned by NRCS				
NCCPI	NC	NE			9/16/21				
PART III (To be completed by Federal Agen	PART III (To be completed by Federal Agency)				Site A	Alternative Site B	e Site Rating Site C	Site D	
A. Total Acres To Be Converted Directly					0	Sile B	Sile C	Sile D	
B. Total Acres To Be Converted Indirectly					624			+	
C. Total Acres In Site					624			+	
PART IV (To be completed by NRCS) Land	Evaluation Information				024				
A. Total Acres Prime And Unique Farmland					601				
B. Total Acres Statewide Important or Local Important Farmland					24			1	
C. Percentage Of Farmland in County Or Local Govt. Unit To Be Converted				0.2445					
D. Percentage Of Farmland in Govt. Jurisdiction With Same Or Higher Relative Value				40			1		
PART V (To be completed by NRCS) Land Evaluation Criterion				74					
Relative Value of Farmland To Be Converted (Scale of 0 to 100 Points)			imum						
PART VI (To be completed by Federal Agency) Site Assessment Criteria (Criteria are explained in 7 CFR 658.5 b. For Corridor project use form NRCS-CPA-106)			Po	oints	Site A	Site B	Site C	Site D	
1. Area In Non-urban Use (15)									
2. Perimeter In Non-urban Use			(10)						
3. Percent Of Site Being Farmed			(20)						
4. Protection Provided By State and Local Government			(20)						
3. Distance i fom orban built-up Area			(15)						
6. Distance To Urban Support Services			(15)						
7. Size Of Present Farm Unit Compared To Average (10)									
8. Creation Of Non-farmable Farmland (10)									
9. Availability Of Farm Support Services (5)									
10. On-Farm Investments (20)									
11. Effects Of Conversion On Farm Support Services (10)									
12. Compatibility With Existing Agricultural U	se		(10)						
TOTAL SITE ASSESSMENT POINTS 160			60	0	0	0	0		
PART VII (To be completed by Federal Ag	gency)								
Relative Value Of Farmland (From Part V)		1	00	74	0	0	0		
Total Site Assessment (From Part VI above or local site assessment)		1	60	0	0	0	0		
TOTAL POINTS (Total of above 2 lines)			2	260	74	0	0	0	
Site Selected:	Date Of Selection				Was A Loca YE		sment Used?		
Reason For Selection:									

Date:

STEPS IN THE PROCESSING THE FARMLAND AND CONVERSION IMPACT RATING FORM

- Step 1 Federal agencies (or Federally funded projects) involved in proposed projects that may convert farmland, as defined in the Farmland Protection Policy Act (FPPA) to nonagricultural uses, will initially complete Parts I and III of the form. For Corridor type projects, the Federal agency shall use form NRCS-CPA-106 in place of form AD-1006. The Land Evaluation and Site Assessment (LESA) process may also be accessed by visiting the FPPA website, http://fppa.nrcs.usda.gov/lesa/.
- Step 2 Originator (Federal Agency) will send one original copy of the form together with appropriate scaled maps indicating location(s) of project site(s), to the Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) local Field Office or USDA Service Center and retain a copy for their files. (NRCS has offices in most counties in the U.S. The USDA Office Information Locator may be found at http://offices.usda.gov/scripts/ndISAPI.dll/oip_public/USA_map, or the offices can usually be found in the Phone Book under U.S. Government, Department of Agriculture. A list of field offices is available from the NRCS State Conservationist and State Office in each State.)
- Step 3 NRCS will, within 10 working days after receipt of the completed form, make a determination as to whether the site(s) of the proposed project contains prime, unique, statewide or local important farmland. (When a site visit or land evaluation system design is needed, NRCS will respond within 30 working days.
- Step 4 For sites where farmland covered by the FPPA will be converted by the proposed project, NRCS will complete Parts II, IV and V of the form.
- Step 5 NRCS will return the original copy of the form to the Federal agency involved in the project, and retain a file copy for NRCS records.
- Step 6 The Federal agency involved in the proposed project will complete Parts VI and VII of the form and return the form with the final selected site to the servicing NRCS office.
- Step 7 The Federal agency providing financial or technical assistance to the proposed project will make a determination as to whether the proposed conversion is consistent with the FPPA.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE FARMLAND CONVERSION IMPACT RATING FORM (For Federal Agency)

Part I: When completing the "County and State" questions, list all the local governments that are responsible for local land use controls where site(s) are to be evaluated.

Part III: When completing item B (Total Acres To Be Converted Indirectly), include the following:

- 1. Acres not being directly converted but that would no longer be capable of being farmed after the conversion, because the conversion would restrict access to them or other major change in the ability to use the land for agriculture.
- 2. Acres planned to receive services from an infrastructure project as indicated in the project justification (e.g. highways, utilities planned build out capacity) that will cause a direct conversion.
- Part VI: Do not complete Part VI using the standard format if a State or Local site assessment is used. With local and NRCS assistance, use the local Land Evaluation and Site Assessment (LESA).
- 1. Assign the maximum points for each site assessment criterion as shown in § 658.5(b) of CFR. In cases of corridor-type project such as transportation, power line and flood control, criteria #5 and #6 will not apply and will, be weighted zero, however, criterion #8 will be weighed a maximum of 25 points and criterion #11 a maximum of 25 points.
- 2. Federal agencies may assign relative weights among the 12 site assessment criteria other than those shown on the FPPA rule after submitting individual agency FPPA policy for review and comment to NRCS. In all cases where other weights are assigned, relative adjustments must be made to maintain the maximum total points at 160. For project sites where the total points equal or exceed 160, consider alternative actions, as appropriate, that could reduce adverse impacts (e.g. Alternative Sites, Modifications or Mitigation).

Part VII: In computing the "Total Site Assessment Points" where a State or local site assessment is used and the total maximum number of points is other than 160, convert the site assessment points to a base of 160. Example: if the Site Assessment maximum is 200 points, and the alternative Site "A" is rated 180 points:

 $\frac{\text{Total points assigned Site A}}{\text{Maximum points possible}} = \frac{180}{200} \text{ X } 160 = 144 \text{ points for Site A}$

For assistance in completing this form or FPPA process, contact the local NRCS Field Office or USDA Service Center.

NRCS employees, consult the FPPA Manual and/or policy for additional instructions to complete the AD-1006 form.

APPENDIX E

Cultural Resources Agency Correspondence





February 16, 2022

Stephen Cain Manager – Environmental Compliance Arkansas Electric Cooperative Corporation 1 Cooperative Way Little Rock, AR 72219-4208

Re: Woodruff County – New Augusta Section 106 Review – USDA-RUS Proposed Undertaking – Construction of solar electrical power generation station, New Augusta, Woodruff County, AR AHPP Tracking Number 107911.02

Dear Mr. Cain:

The staff of the Arkansas Historic Preservation Program (AHPP) reviewed the proposed undertaking at 417 West Main St, Trumann, AR. As described, the undertaking entails constructing a solar electrical power generation station in New Augusta, Woodruff County, AR.

The architectural resource survey identified eight properties in the Area of Potential Effect (APE) of the requisite age to potentially qualify for the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP): Resource No. 1, St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Railway/AR33, Resource No. 2, Sloane Valve Company/2719 AR 33 Business Hwy, Resource No. 3, 600 Pine St, Resource No. 4, 606 Pine St, Resource No. 5, 613 Pine St, Resource No. 6, Pine St, Resource No. 7, 1408 South 7th St, Resource No. 8, 609 East Poplar St. The AHPP concurs with a finding of **Not Eligible** for all eight properties.

Based on the provided information, the AHPP concurs with a finding of **no historic properties affected pursuant to 36 CFR § 800.4(d)(1)** for the proposed undertaking.

We appreciate the opportunity to review this undertaking. If you have any questions, please contact George Burson at (501) 324-9270 or at <u>George.Burson@arkansas.gov</u>. Please refer to the AHPP Tracking Number above in any correspondence.

Sincerely,

for Scott Kaufman Director, AHPP



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