

## ABSTRACT

A survey of 2,594 U.S. farmer, rancher, and fishery cooperatives ending their business year during calendar year 2007 showed a net business volume of $\$ 127.8$ billion with a net income of $\$ 3.8$ billion. These cooperatives had assets totaling $\$ 57$ billion, $\$ 36$ billion of liabilities, and $\$ 21$ billion in equity. Cooperatives were a major employer in rural areas, with 125,000 full-time workers, and 56,000 parttime or seasonal employees. Business volume by commodity is reported for all cooperatives. Num-
ber of cooperatives, cooperative memberships, and number of employees are classified according to whether the business is a marketing, supply, or service cooperative. Trends in cooperative numbers, memberships, employees, business size, sales volume, net income, assets, liabilities, and net worth are reported.

Keywords: cooperatives, statistics, business volume, employees, memberships, balance sheet, income statement, financial ratios.

## COOPERATIVE STATISTICS, 2007

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Service Report 68
November 2008

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## PREFACE

Cooperative statistics are collected annually to provide information on the progress and trends among the Nation's farmer, rancher, and fishery cooperatives. These statistics are used for research, technical assistance, education, planning, and public policy. The collection, analysis, and dissemination of cooperative statistics by United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) are authorized by the Cooperative Marketing Act of 1926.

This report provides aggregate information on the number, membership, business volume, net income, basic balance sheet items, and full-time and parttime and seasonal employees of cooperatives for business years ending in calendar year 2007. Cooperatives are classified by principal product marketed and major function. Fishery and ethanol cooperatives are included as "other product marketing" cooperatives. Both gross (includes inter-cooperative business) and net (excludes inter-cooperative business) dollar volumes are reported.

Statistics for 2007 were compiled on a State and national basis. The information was collected from individual farmer, rancher, and fishery cooperatives
by a mail survey of all organizations identified by USDA Rural Development's Cooperative Programs $(\mathrm{CP})$ as farmer, rancher, or fishery cooperatives. Information was requested for the cooperatives’ 2007 business year.

CP conducts an annual census to gain accurate information for assistance purposes. Information obtained from individual cooperatives is combined with data from other cooperatives to maintain confidentiality.

Statistics for all cooperatives were derived by estimating data for non-respondents and combining this information with respondent data. Data from respondents and other sources accounted for 85 percent of the total gross sales of farmer, rancher, and fishery cooperatives in 2007.

CP depends on the cooperative community's response to its annual survey to develop a detailed and comprehensive set of statistics on cooperatives. The time and effort taken to provide information and the timeliness with which it is furnished are greatly appreciated.

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## HIGHLIGHTS

There are 2,594 U.S. farmer, rancher, and fishery cooperatives, according to the 2007 survey of marketing, supply, and service cooperatives by USDA Rural Development's Cooperative Programs (CP).
$\square$ Total gross business volume (includes intercooperative business) handled by cooperatives was $\$ 146.6$ billion; net business (excludes intercooperative business) was $\$ 127.8$ billion.
$\square$ Total net income was $\$ 3.8$ billion, which includes inter-cooperative dividends and refunds of $\$ 645.8$ million.
$\square$ Cooperative memberships were 2.5 million, down 110,000 from 2006.
$\square$ Cooperatives employed 125,000 full-time and 56,000 part-time and seasonal employees. Fulltime employee numbers were up 1 percent, while part-time and seasonal employee numbers were down 2 percent.
$\square$ Gross value of products marketed by cooperatives was $\$ 93$ billion, with a net value (after eliminating duplication from inter-cooperative business) of $\$ 85$ billion. Gross marketings were up 22 percent due to increased prices of grain and oilseed and dairy products.
$\square$ Gross value of supplies handled by cooperatives was $\$ 49$ billion, with a net value of $\$ 38$ billion. Gross supply sales were up 7 percent, primarily due to increasing energy costs and ingredient prices for feed.
$\square$ Receipts for services related to marketing farm products and handling supplies, plus other income, totaled $\$ 3.5$ billion.
$\square$ Cooperatives had $\$ 57$ billion in combined assets. Total assets increased 19 percent with much of this increase from higher inventories due to increased grain and oilseed prices and higher product prices due to increased energy costs. Net assets, after eliminating inter-cooperative investments, was $\$ 53$ billion. Inter-cooperative investments included those in CoBank.
$\square$
Total liabilities totaled \$36 billion.
$\square$ Net worth, or member and patron equity, was $\$ 21$ billion. Member and patron equity financed 37 percent of total assets, down from 42 percent in 2006.

Table A-Highlights, 2007

|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Number of cooperatives | 2007 | 2006 | Change |
| Memberships (millions) | 2,594 | 2,675 | -81 |
| Gross business volume (billion \$) | 2.5 | 2.6 | -0.11 |
| Net business volume (billion \$) | 146.6 | 126.5 | 20.11 |
| Net income before taxes (billion \$) | 127.8 | 110.5 | 17.30 |
| Total assets (billion \$) | 3.8 | 3.2 | 0.67 |
| Net worth (billion \$) | 57.1 | 47.9 | 9.24 |
| Full-time employees (thousand) | 20.9 | 19.9 | 1.02 |
| Part-time and seasonal employees (thousand) | 125.2 | 123.4 | 1.78 |

## Cooperative Statistics, 2007

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## I. COOPERATIVE DEFINITION

USDA Rural Development’s Cooperative Programs (CP) considers four major criteria in identifying farmer, rancher, and fishery cooperatives:
(1) Membership is limited to persons producing agricultural and aquacultural products and to associations of such producers;
(2) Cooperative members are limited to one vote regardless of the amount of stock or membership capital owned; or the cooperative does not pay dividends on stock or membership capital in excess of 8 percent a year or the legal rate in the State, whichever is higher;
(3) Business conducted with non-members may not exceed the value of business conducted with members;
(4) The cooperative operates for the mutual interest of members by providing member benefits on the basis of patronage.

These criteria may result in larger or smaller numbers of farmer, rancher, and fishery cooperatives than found in lists or directories of State agencies or cooperative councils. Year-to-year comparisons with specific commodity groups reflect any differences in lists and classifications in State and Federal data.

## Classification of Cooperatives

CP classifies each cooperative under one of the following major functions: marketing, supply, or service. Fishery and ethanol cooperatives are classified as other product marketing cooperatives; wool pools are classified as marketing cooperatives; and livestock shipping associations and rice drying cooperatives are classified as service cooperatives.

Marketing cooperatives derive most of their total dollar volume from the sale of members' products. These cooperatives are further classified into 1 of 13 commodities or commodity groups, depending upon which accounts for most of its business volume. CP may reclassify a cooperative into a different commodity category if its primary business volume changes significantly.

Supply cooperatives derive most of their business volume from the sale of production supplies, machinery and equipment, and building materials. Many also handle farm, ranch, and home items, such as heating oil, lawn and garden supplies and equipment, and food.

Service cooperatives provide specialized services related to the business operations of farmers, ranchers, or cooperatives, such as cotton ginning, trucking, storing, drying, and artificial insemination. Cotton ginning cooperatives comprise almost twothirds of all service cooperatives and will often be listed separately in this report.

Many cooperatives handle multiple commodities and provide marketing and supply services, as well as the facilities and equipment used to perform these services. These associations are classified according to the predominant commodity or function, as indicated by their business volume.

## Organizational Membership Structures

CP further classifies marketing, supply, and service cooperatives into three organizational structures according to membership. The membership structures used are centralized, federated, and mixed.

## Centralized

Of the 2,594 cooperatives in 2007, 2,529 were centralized organizations, mostly locals with individual farmer, rancher, or fishery members. Centralized cooperatives usually serve a local area or community, county, or several counties. Most usu-
ally perform a limited number of initial marketing functions. Most supply sales are at the retail level. A few centralized cooperatives, principally regionals, operate over multi-state areas and provide more vertically integrated services, such as processing products, manufacturing feed, or refining petroleum.

Bargaining associations also have centralized organizational structures. They derive all or most of their business volume from negotiating with distributors, processors, and other buyers and sellers over price, quantity, grade, terms of sale, and other factors involved in marketing products. Only a few bargain to purchase supplies. While the primary function of such an association is to bring buyers and sellers together to contract for the sale of members' products, many bargaining associations now perform additional functions.

For example, dairy bargaining associations at one time only negotiated price. Now, many perform additional functions, such as physically handling part of the milk for spot sales. They, like other dairy marketing cooperatives, represent their members at Federal or State milk marketing order hearings.

Figure 1-Farmer Cooperatives in the United States, 1998-2007


Figure 2-Distribution of Memberships, by Type of Cooperative, 2007


Percentages are based on 2.5 million total memberships.
${ }^{1}$ Includes dry bean and pea, wool and mohair, rice, sugar, fishery, and other product marketing cooperatives.

## Mixed

The 22 mixed cooperatives have individual farmer, rancher, and fishery members and autonomous cooperative members, a combination of centralized and federated structures. They serve large geographic areas, with members in many States, and provide a variety of integrated services.

## II. 2007 STATISTICS

Cooperatives' total net business volume was $\$ 127.8$ billion in 2007, while net income was $\$ 3.8$ billion. There were 2,594 agricultural cooperatives in 2007, and they had 2.5 million members. Together they had $\$ 57$ billion in assets with $\$ 21$ billion in equity. Coop-

Table 1-Number of cooperatives and memberships, by major business activity, 2007

| Major business |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| activity | Cooperatives <br> Number | Memberships <br> Thousands |
| Bean and pea, dry edible | 6 | 1.6 |
| Cotton | 12 | 41.5 |
| Dairy | 161 | 67.1 |
| Fruit and vegetable | 162 | 27.9 |
| Grain and oilseed ${ }^{1}$ | 612 | 465.9 |
| Livestock | 56 | 78.2 |
| Nuts | 17 | 15.4 |
| Poultry ${ }^{2}$ | 12 | 0.4 |
| Rice | 14 | 12.1 |
| Sugar ${ }^{3}$ | 32 | 11.5 |
| Tobacco | 11 | 66.2 |
| Wool and mohair | 63 | 10.1 |
| Fish | 45 | 5.9 |
| Other marketing ${ }^{4}$ | 30 | 6.1 |
| Total marketing | $\mathbf{1 , 2 3 3}$ | $\mathbf{8 0 9 . 9}$ |
| Total supply |  |  |
|  | $\mathbf{1 , 0 6 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 , 5 2 5 . 9}$ |
| Other services ${ }^{5}$ | 71 | 32.0 |
| Cotton ginning | 187 | 26.6 |
| Artificial insemination | 13 | 64.0 |
| Storage | 7 | 0.8 |
| Transportation | 16 | 0.4 |
| Rice dryers | 6 | 0.3 |
| Total service | $\mathbf{1 , 5 9 4}$ | $\mathbf{1 2 4 . 1}$ |
| Total |  |  |

[^0]eratives remained a major employer in rural areas, using 125,000 full-time workers.

## Number of Cooperatives

The 2007 survey counted 2,594 marketing, supply, and service ${ }^{1}$ cooperatives, compared with 2,675 in 2006 . Of the 2,594 cooperatives, 1,233 pri-
marily marketed products, 1,061 primarily handled production supplies, and 300 provided services related to marketing or purchasing activities (Table 1, Appendix Figure 1). The proportion of marketing, supply, and service cooperatives to the total number of cooperatives remained virtually unchanged from 2006. Marketing cooperatives comprise about 48 percent of all cooperatives; supply, 41 percent; and service; 11 percent of the total (Figure 1 and Appendix Table 1).

There was a net decrease of 81 associations (3 percent) from 2006 to 2007, largely reflecting a continuing trend involving merger, acquisition, or dissolution. The largest decrease was 30 in grain and oilseed cooperatives while supply lost 29. Thirtynine cooperatives were added to the list this year, 22 were in dairy and 13 were cotton gins. Most of the added cooperatives had been dropped from the list earlier but were added back when it was found that they were still in operation. Most drops occur when two or more cooperatives merge or combine their operations. Many other drops result from undelivered mail that is returned, combined with discontinued phone service.

Cooperative numbers by marketing, supply, and service functions by State are shown in Table 2. Minnesota had the most marketing cooperatives (113), followed closely by North Dakota (99). Texas had the most supply and service cooperatives (163).
Many cooperatives operate branches to better serve their members. Most branches are owned; others are leased. A number of the branches are formerly independent cooperatives that served a local community. For economic or other reasons, many were acquired by or merged with other cooperatives and operated as branches from which to serve members and patrons at outlying locations.

Grain and oilseed and supply cooperatives operated over 5,000 branches-2,060 and 2,991, respectively. Grain and oilseed cooperatives averaged

[^1]Table 2-Number of cooperatives, by major function and State, 2007

\left.|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Function | Supply |  |  |
| Marketing | \& service | Total |  |
| State |  |  |  |
| Number |  |  |  |$\right]$.

[^2]more than three branches, while supply cooperatives averaged just less than three branches per cooperative.

## Memberships

Memberships in marketing, supply, and service cooperatives totaled an estimated 2.5 million in 2007, down 110,000 from 2006 (Table 3). By major business activity, 62 percent and 19 percent were memberships of supply and grain cooperatives, respectively (Appendix Table 2, Figure 2). Dairy cooperative memberships were only 3 percent of the total, but accounted for 28 percent, or $\$ 35$ billion, of cooperatives' net business volume in 2007.

Memberships in cooperatives dropped from 3.4 million in 1998 to 2.5 million in 2007 (Figure 3). The long term decline largely reflects the decreasing number of farms, farmers, and ranchers in the United States (Appendix Figure 2). Many farmers and ranchers are members of more than one cooperative, and each membership is counted. Consequently, the number of memberships has exceeded the number of farms, but these numbers appear to be converging. Duplication in membership cannot be eliminated with current reporting methods.

Member classification depends on the type of cooperative used and may not be related to the member's product(s) marketed or supplies purchased. For example, a member may market only one of the products handled by the cooperative; another may use a cooperative classified in the marketing group to purchase one or more supply items. A member's business with the cooperative, therefore, may not be in the group that represents the cooperative's major business volume (the criterion for classifying cooperatives in this report). The membership, however, will be included arbitrarily in that classification.

During the past decade, memberships in service and marketing cooperatives decreased at more than twice the rate of memberships in supply cooperatives. Memberships in marketing cooperatives dropped 588,000 (42 percent) and service cooperatives had a decline of 56,000 (31 percent), while memberships in supply cooperatives decreased 248,000 (14 percent).

Table 3-Number ${ }^{1}$ of cooperatives, memberships ${ }^{2}$, and gross and net sales by State, $2007^{3}$

| Head- <br> quartered <br> in State |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| State | Member- <br> ships | Business volume <br> Gross $^{4}$ | Net $^{5}$ |  |
| Number Thousands |  |  |  |  |


| COTTON $^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Texas | 4 | 22.8 | 710.679 | 201.438 |
| Other States | 8 | 18.7 | $1,957.011$ | 165.576 |
| Foreign7 | 0 | 0.0 | 8.262 | 8.262 |
| United States | 12 | 41.5 | $2,675.952$ | 375.275 |

DAIRY

| California | 5 | 1.1 | $4,041.507$ | $4,029.474$ |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Idaho | 3 | 0.3 | 398.428 | 398.428 |
| Illinois | 4 | 2.5 | $1,734.858$ | $1,726.863$ |
| Iowa | 7 | 3.8 | $1,793.860$ | $1,691.349$ |
| Minnesota | 26 | 10.1 | $5,146.356$ | $5,008.609$ |
| New Mexico | 4 | 0.1 | 777.525 | 259.167 |
| New York | 36 | 3.7 | $2,161.796$ | $1,800.475$ |
| North Dakota | 3 | 1.2 | 413.581 | 407.846 |
| Ohio | 5 | 1.0 | 252.551 | 237.521 |
| Pennsylvania | 15 | 2.4 | 554.111 | 458.752 |
| Wisconsin | 27 | 17.1 | $5,835.435$ | $5,504.403$ |
| Other States | 26 | 23.4 | $14,448.212$ | $13,855.778$ |
| Foreign | 0 | 0.0 | 111.515 | 111.515 |
| United States | 161 | 66.9 | $37,669.734$ | $35,490.182$ |

## FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

| Arizona | 4 | 0.8 | 84.650 | 44.406 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| California | 41 | 11.9 | $2,626.543$ | $1,878.000$ |
| Colorado | 3 | 0.3 | 4.827 | 4.827 |
| Florida | 18 | 1.1 | 793.943 | 320.413 |
| Hawaii | 4 | 0.1 | 7.332 | 7.332 |
| Michigan | 14 | 3.1 | 503.773 | 484.337 |
| Minnesota | 3 | 0.2 | 0.336 | 0.336 |
| New Jersey | 7 | 0.6 | 192.483 | 64.855 |
| New York | 9 | 1.0 | 41.380 | 41.380 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes centralized and federated cooperatives and those with mixed organizational structures. Headquartered in the State listed.
${ }^{2}$ Includes voting farmer-members, but not nonvoting patrons. (Duplication in these membership figures occurs because many farmers belong to more than one cooperative.) Memberships include members of cooperatives not headquartered in the State listed. Totals may not add due to rounding.
${ }^{3}$ Data covering operations of cooperatives for fiscal years ended in 2007. States listed are those with more than two cooperatives or where disclosure was not a problem.
${ }^{4}$ Gross business volume includes sales between coopera-
tives. Gross sales include sales of cooperatives not headquartered in the State listed. Totals may not add due to rounding.
${ }^{5}$ Net business volume excludes sales between cooperatives.
Net sales include sales of cooperatives not headquartered in the State listed. Totals may not add due to rounding.
${ }^{6}$ Cotton ginning cooperatives are included as service cooperatives.
${ }^{7}$ Includes memberships, marketing and sales in other countries.
${ }^{8}$ Excludes oilseed meal and oil. Oilseed meal is included in feed sales, whereas oil sales are included in other marketing sales.

Table 3-Number ${ }^{1}$ of cooperatives, memberships ${ }^{2}$, and gross and net sales by State, $2007^{3}$
(Continued)


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(Continued)

| State in | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Head- } \\ & \text { quartered } \\ & \text { in State } \end{aligned}$ | Member- ships |  |  | State | Head- quartered in State | Memberships | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Busines } \\ & \text { Gross }^{4} \end{aligned}$ | volume <br> $\mathrm{Net}^{5}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number Thousands |  | Millions |  |  | Number | Thousands |  |  |
| TOTAL MARKETING (continued) |  |  |  |  | CROP PROTECTANTS (continued) |  |  |  |  |
| New York | 49 | 5.0 | 2,458.170 | 2,003.261 | Montana |  |  | 59.465 | 53.895 |
| North Carolina | 10 | 3.6 | 371.607 | 330.885 | Nebraska |  |  | 243.966 | 236.380 |
| North Dakota | 99 | 28.7 | 3,488.914 | 3,473.345 | New York |  |  | 4.003 | 1.449 |
| Ohio | 39 | 29.3 | 2,678.705 | 2,650.857 | North Dakota |  |  | 182.547 | 174.960 |
| Oklahoma | 25 | 31.1 | 529.504 | 478.968 | Ohio |  |  | 98.068 | 96.959 |
| Oregon | 18 | 5.2 | 1,832.304 | 1,675.675 | Oklahoma |  |  | 22.277 | 22.208 |
| Pennsylvania | 31 | 3.8 | 967.836 | 872.478 | Oregon |  |  | 100.836 | 100.323 |
| South Carolina | , | 0.7 | 104.518 | 71.535 | Pennsylvania |  |  | 8.927 | 3.010 |
| South Dakota | 48 | 30.9 | 2,705.895 | 2,690.391 | South Dakota |  |  | 140.740 | 132.640 |
| Tennessee | 7 | 66.5 | 178.282 | 62.748 | Tennessee |  |  | 117.888 | 69.129 |
| Texas | 52 | 40.7 | 3,042.697 | 2,727.111 | Texas |  |  | 47.092 | 46.066 |
| Utah | 6 | 2.8 | 494.778 | 489.985 | Utah |  |  | 8.258 | 7.221 |
| Vermont | 3 | 1.3 | 488.398 | 488.398 | Virginia |  |  | 21.704 | 18.344 |
| Virginia | 14 | 3.7 | 446.656 | 406.518 | Washington |  |  | 156.550 | 149.793 |
| Washington | 37 | 13.3 | 2,541.596 | 2,498.638 | West Virginia |  |  | 2.169 | 1.938 |
| West Virginia | 12 | 1.0 | 15.659 | 13.992 | Wisconsin |  |  | 154.366 | 122.959 |
| Wisconsin | 44 | 63.5 | 7,598.547 | 6,702.001 | Wyoming |  |  | 1.591 | 1.591 |
| Wyoming | 5 | 0.7 | 71.367 | 71.367 | Other States |  |  | 54.392 | 42.747 |
| Other States | 7 | 2.4 | 524.453 | 466.473 | Foreign ${ }^{7}$ |  |  | 29.649 | 7.480 |
| Foreign ${ }^{7}$ | 0 | 0.5 | 822.582 | 600.174 | United States |  |  | 3,716.511 | 3,139.956 |
| United States | 1,233 | 809.7 | 93,120.330 | 85,351.601 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | FEED ${ }^{12}$ |  |  |  |  |
| SUPPLIES PROVIDED |  |  |  |  | Alabama |  |  | 52.854 | 29.627 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Arkansas |  |  | 57.954 | 55.686 |
| CROP PROTECTANTS ${ }^{12}$ |  |  |  |  | California |  |  | 273.787 | 250.391 |
| Alabama |  |  | 69.202 | 68.114 | Colorado |  |  | 43.372 | 43.367 |
| Arkansas |  |  | 132.033 | 123.378 | Florida |  |  | 45.380 | 43.294 |
| California |  |  | 34.734 | 33.195 | Georgia |  |  | 26.915 | 23.515 |
| Colorado |  |  | 50.295 | 50.294 | Idaho |  |  | 112.815 | 89.417 |
| Florida |  |  | 11.172 | 10.920 | Illinois |  |  | 278.612 | 278.602 |
| Georgia |  |  | 63.387 | 59.134 | Indiana |  |  | 95.639 | 95.607 |
| Idaho |  |  | 30.961 | 7.687 | lowa |  |  | 1,912.853 | 1,714.762 |
| Illinois |  |  | 403.874 | 300.866 | Kansas |  |  | 213.895 | 206.097 |
| Indiana |  |  | 204.640 | 189.771 | Kentucky |  |  | 56.632 | 49.869 |
| lowa |  |  | 436.524 | 346.670 | Louisiana |  |  | 31.285 | 31.285 |
| Kansas |  |  | 132.199 | 132.199 | Maryland |  |  | 34.084 | 29.394 |
| Kentucky |  |  | 35.297 | 25.845 | Massachusett |  |  | 10.988 | 10.809 |
| Louisiana |  |  | 23.523 | 23.523 | Michigan |  |  | 101.851 | 101.849 |
| Maryland |  |  | 15.109 | 10.052 | Minnesota |  |  | 1,153.098 | 1,009.354 |
| Massachusetts |  |  | 0.192 | 0.192 | Mississippi |  |  | 47.489 | 47.192 |
| Michigan |  |  | 25.136 | 24.110 | Missouri |  |  | 247.249 | 209.914 |
| Minnesota |  |  | 316.240 | 289.269 | Montana |  |  | 37.770 | 26.151 |
| Mississippi |  |  | 54.775 | 54.241 | Nebraska |  |  | 368.263 | 317.096 |
| Missouri |  |  | 222.729 | 101.402 | New York |  |  | 55.924 | 46.983 |
|  |  |  |  |  | North Dakota |  |  | 66.923 | 59.125 |
| ${ }^{12}$ Headquartered in State and membership values are not collected for individual supply products, rather they are collected for total supplies. |  |  |  |  | Ohio |  |  | 142.837 | 142.718 |
|  |  |  |  |  | Oklahoma |  |  | 62.745 (continu | ( next $\begin{array}{r}62.597\end{array}$ |

Table 3-Number ${ }^{1}$ of cooperatives, memberships ${ }^{2}$, and gross and net sales by State, $2007^{3}$
(Continued)


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Table 3-Number ${ }^{1}$ of cooperatives, memberships ${ }^{2}$, and gross and net sales by State, $2007^{3}$
(Continued)



Cooperatives had an estimated 125,000 full-time employees in 2007, an increase of about 2,000 from 2006 (Table 4), but far less than the peak of 176,665 in 2000. Marketing cooperatives had an increase of over 2,000 employees, supply cooperatives decreased less than 1,000, while employee numbers at service cooperatives did not change.

Cooperatives employ full-time and, in most cases, part-time and seasonal employees to run their operations. Their number and type depends on a number of factors, such as size of operation, type of commodity handled, and involvement in valueadded activities.

In 2007, cooperatives employed an estimated 181,000 full-time and part-time and seasonal employees (Table 5), virtually unchanged from 2006. Among marketing cooperatives, those primarily handling fruits and vegetables had the most employees $(31,000)$, followed by dairy $(27,000)$, then grains and oilseeds $(24,000)$.

By type, marketing cooperatives had 111,000 full-time and part-time and seasonal employees (62 percent of total); supply cooperatives had 59,000 (32 percent); and service cooperatives had 11,000 (6
percent).
Figure 4 shows the number of full-time employees by type of cooperative for 2007. Supply, fruit and vegetable, dairy, and grain and oilseed cooperatives used the most employees; cotton cooperatives the fewest. Dairy, rice, and cotton cooperatives had the smallest proportion of part-time and seasonal employees to total employees. Fruit and vegetable and cotton ginning cooperatives both had more than half of their employees as part-time and seasonal employees.

Cooperatives used 56,000 part-time and seasonal employees in 2007, down about 1,000, or 2 percent, from 2006. Most of the decrease was in fruit and vegetable cooperatives.

In 2007, marketing cooperatives reported 35,000 part-time and seasonal employees, or 62 percent of that type of worker used. Marketing cooperatives averaged 28 part-time and seasonal employees per cooperative. Fruit and vegetable cooperatives, with about 17,000, accounted for about 29 percent of all part-time and seasonal employees used by cooperatives. Supply cooperatives had about 15,000 parttime and seasonal employees, an average of 14 per cooperative.

Most types of marketing cooperatives operated with more employees than did supply cooperatives. For example, sugar cooperatives averaged 374 employees; rice, 206; fruit and vegetable, 190; while supply cooperatives averaged 55 (Figure 5).

## Business Size

Most cooperatives, as measured by annual gross business volume, are relatively small and serve local areas. Some actively seek regional, national, and even international markets to increase business volume. Although few in number, larger cooperatives account for much of cooperatives' business volume. They have grown in size partly from mergers, consolidations, and acquisitions. From 2001 to 2007, there were 826 fewer cooperatives with less than $\$ 25$ million in sales while there were 191 cooperatives that moved up into the sales group of more than $\$ 25$ million in sales. The sales group of $\$ 100$ to $\$ 199.9$ million had the most growth, increasing from 46 cooperatives in 2001 to 153 in 2007 (Table $6)$.

In 2007, 62 percent of all cooperatives reported

Figure 3-Cooperative Memberships by Function, 1998-2007


Figure 4-Full-Time and Part-Time and Seasonal Employees, by Cooperative Type, 2007

${ }^{1}$ Includes dry bean and pea, nut, tobacco, wool and mohair, and other product marketing cooperatives.
Figure 5-Average Full-Time and Part-Time and Seasonal Employees, 2007

${ }^{-}$Includes dry bean and pea, nut, tobacco, wool and mohair, and other product marketing cooperatives
a business volume of less than $\$ 15$ million. However, they accounted for only 5 percent of the total gross dollar volume (Figure 6). Only 4 percent of farmer cooperatives reported a business volume of at least $\$ 200$ million, but they accounted for 67 percent of the total sales.

## Business Volume

Total gross business volume of the 2,594 marketing, supply, and service cooperatives for 2007 was $\$ 146.6$ billion (table 7), up 16 percent from $\$ 126.5$ billion in 2006. Gross business volume fell from the record $\$ 128$ billion in 1996 to $\$ 112$ billion in 2002; however, this has not been a steady decline-some years saw increases to over $\$ 120$ billion while other years fell to $\$ 115$ billion or less (Appendix Table 3, Appendix Figure 4). Much of the volume increase between 2006 and 2007 can be attributed to higher grain and oilseed and dairy prices and higher energy costs.

Gross dollar volume of products marketed by cooperatives increased about $\$ 17$ billion, from $\$ 76$ billion in 2006 to $\$ 93$ billion in 2007 ( 22 percent). Dairy cooperatives had an $\$ 8.6$ billion increase in sales due to higher prices while grain and oilseed cooperatives increased $\$ 7$ billion, again from higher prices. Gross volume of all supplies handled by cooperatives was $\$ 49$ billion, up 8 percent from $\$ 46$ billion in 2006, with the increase mainly due to higher energy prices and grain and oilseed prices (as stated before, one supply cooperative was dropped from the list as it is 74 percent owned by another cooperative, this lowered supply sales by over $\$ 2$ billion).

Total net business volume of cooperatives in 2007 was $\$ 126.5$ billion- $\$ 76.5$ billion from products marketed, \$46 billion from supply sales, and $\$ 4$ billion from services performed and other
income sources. The total net figure, which excludes inter-cooperative business, was up 16 percent from $\$ 110.5$ billion in 2006. The $\$ 126.5$ billion was a record net business volume-surpassing $\$ 110.5$ billion in 2006 by $\$ 16$ billion (Appendix Table 4, Appendix Figure 5). There have been a number of fluctuations in net business volume. It dropped to around $\$ 100$ billion in 1999 and stayed there except for the current upward trend that started in 2003. Adjusted for inflation where 1991 $=100^{2}$, net business volume totaled $\$ 93$ billion in 1998 and increased to $\$ 108$ billion in 2007 (Figure 7). The difference between actual and real net business volume in 2007 was $\$ 20$ billion. The real net business volume was lower than the actual value in 2007 due to prices paid for production inputs increasing more than prices received for farm products. The index for prices received for all farm commodities from 1998 to 2007 rose 43 points, while the index for prices paid for farm production items increased 62 points, hence the gap between actual and real cooperative net business volume when adjusted by prices paid and prices received for farm production.

Net volume of products marketed increased from 2006, from $\$ 70$ billion to $\$ 76$ billion-an increase of 9 percent. Net marketing business volume accounted for 64 percent of total cooperative sales in 2007, unchanged from 2006.

Figure 8 illustrates the leading products marketed by cooperatives based
${ }^{2}$ Marketing sales was deflated by the index of producer prices received for "all farm products" (1991 = 100). Supply sales and service receipts and other income were deflated by the index of prices paid by farmers for "production items, " excluding interest, taxes, and wages $(1991=100)$.

Figure 6-Distribution of Farmers Cooperatives and Volume, by Size, 2007


Figure 7-Cooperatives' Net Business Volume, Actual and Adjusted, 1998-2007


Figure 8-Relative Importance of Farm Products Marketed by Cooperatives, 2007


Figure 9-Relative Importance of Supplies Handled by Cooperatives, 2007


Percentages are based on a total net supply business volume of $\$ 38.3$ billion.
${ }_{1}$ Includes building materials, tires, batteries and accessories, equipment, animal health products, pet food, semen, hardware, food, clothing, and other.

Figure 10-Cooperatives' Net Sales of Selected Commodities, 1998-2007

\$2 billion over 2006 sales.
Receipts for services provided by marketing, supply, and service cooperatives, plus other income, stayed virtually the same at $\$ 4$ billion. Service receipts and other income represented 3 percent of total net business volume.

Marketing sales of four major commodity groups-dairy, grains and oilseeds, fruits and vegetables, and livestock—were up slightly from 83 percent of marketing sales in 1998 to 84 percent in 2007 (Figure 10). Dairy sales were up $\$ 10$ billion from 1998 while grains and oilseeds sales were up $\$ 7$ billion. Net volume among commodity groups was highest in 2007 for dairy, with $\$ 35$ billion ( $\$ 25$ billion in 1998), followed by grains and oilseeds. Both milk and milk product and grains and oilseeds had the highest ever net sales.

In the supply group, feed and fertilizer were important farm inputs (Figure 11) but petroleum was especially important with sales equal to the combined feed and fertilizer amounts. With the large price increase of petroleum, its share of supply sales increased from 27 percent in 1998 to 38 percent in 2007. The combination of petroleum, feed, and fertilizer sales accounted for 76 percent of cooperatives' total supply sales in 2007 and 70 percent in 1998. In 2007, the sales of all supplies increased except for petroleum and seed.

Gross and net business volume by State are presented in Table 3. Sales are allocated to the State in which the product marketed was originated and the farm supplies were sold. Minnesota led all States in total gross and net business volume with $\$ 17.4$ billion and $\$ 16.7$ billion, respectively, followed by Iowa with $\$ 14.4$ billion in gross business and $\$ 13.1$ billion in net business volume.

## Balance Sheet

The balance sheet of a cooperative states its financial position at the end of a 12 -month fiscal year. The balance sheet represents the cooperative's assets, liabilities, member equity, and their mutual relationship. Combined assets for all cooperatives totaled \$57 billion in 2007, almost $\$ 10$ billion higher than 2006 (Table 8). Total assets of cooperatives, excluding intercooperative investments, increased by $\$ 9$ billion to $\$ 53$ billion. Cooperatives' total assets grew from $\$ 47$ billion in 1998 to $\$ 57$ billion in 2007 (Appendix Table 5 and Figure 12). Most of this growth occurred between 2006 and 2007. Although CP does not collect statistics on inventories, most of the $\$ 10$ billion in asset growth occurred in current assets, of which inventory is a component. As the financial records of cooperatives were analyzed this year, it was evident that inventories were much higher, especially in grain and oilseed cooperatives, reflecting the large increase in prices of grains and oilseeds. In the income statement, interest expenses were also up, reflecting the cost of carrying a large inventory and borrowing funds to maintain a hedge on these expensive inventories in the futures market.

In 1998, $\$ 4.7$ billion (10 percent of total assets)

Figure 11-Cooperatives' Net Sales of Selected Supplies, 1998-2007

was invested in other cooperatives, including CoBank, and this investment peaked at $\$ 5.5$ billion in 2002. In 2007, these investments were $\$ 4.2$ billion, down $\$ 0.5$ billion from 1998, and at 7 percent of total assets, 3 points lower than a decade ago.

Of the $\$ 57$ billion in total assets, marketing cooperatives accounted for $\$ 37$ billion, up $\$ 7$ billion from 2006. Dairy and grain and oilseed cooperatives both had over $\$ 12$ billion in assets, more than 3 times the assets of any other type of marketing cooperative but only 60 percent of the more than $\$ 19$ billion assets of supply cooperatives.

Table 9 compares common-size balance sheets for six sizes of cooperatives (for all types and sizes, see Appendix Table 6). Common-size balance sheets present all accounts as a percent of total assets, which allows comparison between different sizes and types cooperatives.

## Current Assets

Current assets are generally comprised of cash and cash equivalents, accounts and notes (with short-term maturities) receivable, inventories, and prepaid expenses. Current assets were about 60 percent for all sizes of cooperatives, up from 55 percent in 2006. Smaller cooperatives, especially service, most sugar, and cotton ginning cooperatives had smaller levels of current

Table 4-Cooperatives' number of full-time employees, 2007-2002

| Commodity | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 | 2004 | 2003 | 2002 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Thousands |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.0 |
| Dairy | 23.6 | 22.9 | 24.4 | 24.0 | 23.4 | 23.7 |
| Fruits and vegetables | 14.2 | 13.4 | 13.5 | 14.3 | 18.4 | 18.7 |
| Grains and oilseeds | 18.3 | 17.4 | 17.6 | 17.5 | 20.4 | 18.9 |
| Livestock and poultry | 2.3 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 20.6 | 34.4 | 34.4 |
| Rice | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.5 |
| Sugar | 7.5 | 6.6 | 6.8 | 7.1 | 4.9 | 4.5 |
| Other marketing | 6.8 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 7.8 | 5.8 | 6.8 |
| Total marketing | 76.9 | 74.3 | 75.5 | 95.3 | 111.9 | 111.3 |
| Total supply | 43.6 | 44.4 | 46.0 | 49.7 | 48.2 | 50.7 |
| Service | 4.7 | 4.7 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 5.0 | 4.0 |

Total
125.2123 .4125 .4149 .5165 .1166 .1
assets. Grain and oilseed and larger cooperatives tended to have higher levels of current assets.

## Investments and Other Assets

Investments were most often in other cooperatives and CoBank, while other assets is a catch-all account in this study and, as imagined, contained a wide variety of items. Investments plus other assets ranged from 18 percent for small cooperatives down to 15 percent for large cooperatives. Investments were larger for supply cooperatives than most marketing cooperatives. All but the largest supply cooperatives generally purchase their inputs from regional supply cooperatives, hence the large investments in other cooperatives. Large dairy cooperatives, large fresh fruit and vegetable cooperatives, and large livestock marketing cooperatives all had low investments-often less than 4 percent.

## Property, Plant, and Equipment

Net property, plant, and equipment (net PP\&E) are tangible assets used in the cooperative's operations. By size, PP\&E had little range; usually it was between 23 and 28 percent of total assets. Ethanol cooperatives, large sugar cooperatives, small cotton
ginning cooperatives, and service cooperatives all had PP\&E of at least 40 percent of their assets.

## Current Liabilities

Current liabilities are all obligations that will be paid with the use of current assets and will probably be paid within one year. Current liabilities are comprised of notes payable to banks and/or other trade creditors, accounts payable, current maturities of long-term debt, income taxes, other accrued liabilities (payroll, property taxes, interest, and other), patronage dividends payable, and miscellaneous or other current liabilities. Current liabilities by cooperative size were at least 33 percent of total assets and grew to 47 percent for larger cooperatives. Product marketing cooperatives tended to have higher levels of current liabilities than supply cooperatives.

## Total Liabilities

Total liabilities include current liabilities plus long-term liabilities (which are primarily long-term debt). In the aggregate, all types and sizes of cooperatives had some long-term debt. The first three sizes of cooperatives in Table 9 all had at least 8 percent of their assets financed through long-term debt. The fourth size of cooperatives used the most debt, financing 16 percent of their assets. Total liabilities were $\$ 36$ billion, up $\$ 8$ billion from 2006 (Table 10). Cooperatives' total liabilities grew from $\$ 27$ billion in 1998 to $\$ 36$ billion in 2007. Total liabilities financed 63 percent of total assets in 2007, up 5 points from 2006.

## Allocated (or Member) Equities

Comparing allocated equities to total assets determines the percent of the cooperative's assets owned by members. Allocated equity comprised just over a third of ownership of all sizes of cooperatives. The very largest had both the smallest percentage of retained earnings and overall equity.

Net worth, or member and patron equity, was $\$ 21$ billion, up $\$ 1$ billion from 2006. The proportion of total assets financed by member and patron equity was 37 percent, down 5 points from 2006. Net worth for all marketing cooperatives totaled $\$ 12$ billion, up $\$ 0.5$ billion from 2006. Marketing cooperatives accounted for 58 percent of farmer coopera-

Table 5-Full-time and part-time and seasonal employees of farmer cooperatives, by cooperative type, 2007-2006 ${ }^{1}$

| Principal product(s) marketed |  | al yees |  | time | Partsea | me \& onal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| or major function | 2007 | 2006 | 2007 | 2006 | 2007 | 2006 |
| Products marketed |  |  | Thou | sands |  |  |
| Cotton | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 0.5 | 0.3 |
| Dairy | 26.6 | 25.9 | 23.6 | 22.9 | 3.0 | 2.9 |
| Fruit and vegetable | 30.7 | 32.8 | 14.2 | 13.4 | 16.6 | 19.3 |
| Grain and oilseed | 24.2 | 23.2 | 18.3 | 17.4 | 6.0 | 5.8 |
| Livestock and poultry | 3.5 | 3.5 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 1.1 | 1.2 |
| Rice | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 0.3 | 0.1 |
| Sugar | 12.0 | 10.1 | 7.5 | 6.6 | 4.4 | 3.5 |
| Fish | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Other marketing ${ }^{2}$ | 8.6 | 9.5 | 6.1 | 6.6 | 2.5 | 3.0 |
| Marketing | 111.6 | 110.6 | 76.9 | 74.3 | 34.7 | 36.3 |
| Supply | 58.6 | 58.8 | 43.6 | 44.4 | 14.9 | 14.4 |
| Service | 11.3 | 11.3 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 6.6 | 6.6 |
| Total | 181.4 | 180.7 | 125.2 | 123.4 | 56.2 | 57.3 |

${ }^{1}$ Totals may not add due to rounding.
${ }^{2}$ Includes dry edible bean and pea, nut, tobacco, wool, and other product marketing cooperatives.

## Total (Net) Sales

Total (net) sales are all sales less discounts and returns and allowances from gross sales. Service cooperatives do not have a total sales value: the first income statement item for these cooperatives is service.

## Cost of Goods Sold (COGS)

COGS includes the beginning inventory plus purchases and freight costs, minus purchase returns and allowances, purchase discounts, and ending inventory. COGS, therefore, was the purchase price of the supplies sold or products marketed. For all sizes of cooperatives, COGS was 89 percent of net sales. COGS can be much lower for cooperatives that process products or provide technical services. Artificial insemination cooperatives, processed fruit and vegetable cooperatives, and larger sugar cooperatives have a lower COGS. Grain and oilseed and most dairy cooperatives have a COGS in excess of 90 percent, while large livestock marketing cooperatives that operate mainly as auctions have a COGS of 99 percent.

## Gross Margins

The excess of net sales over the cost of goods sold is the gross margin or gross margin percentage, and it is an important operating ratio. A small change in the gross margin can tremendously impact net operating margins. A cooperative manager must maintain a gross margin near industry averages. Thus, least-cost sources of supplies need to be developed and marketing cooperatives need to pay market rates on the products they purchase.

Cooperatives are often characterized as businesses that provide goods and services "at cost." However, a cooperative cannot operate at cost on a daily basis. Cooperatives need adequate gross margins

Table 6-Farmer cooperatives and memberships, by gross business volume, 2007 ${ }^{1}$

| Sales volume group (million \$) | Cooperatives |  | Dollar volume |  | Memberships ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number | Percent of total | Gross ${ }^{3}$ <br> (million \$) | Percent of total | Number $(1,000)$ | Percent of total |
| Less than 5.0 | 988 | 38.1 | 1,602 | 1.1 | 355 | 14.4 |
| 5-9.9 | 402 | 15.5 | 2,677 | 1.9 | 211 | 8.6 |
| 10-14.9 | 220 | 8.5 | 2,523 | 1.8 | 114 | 4.6 |
| 15-24.9 | 261 | 10.1 | 4,801 | 3.4 | 228 | 9.3 |
| 25-49.9 | 286 | 11.0 | 9,099 | 6.4 | 290 | 11.8 |
| 50-99.9 | 177 | 6.8 | 11,928 | 8.4 | 197 | 8.0 |
| 100-199.9 | 153 | 5.9 | 14,260 | 10.0 | 348 | 14.2 |
| 200-499.9 | 68 | 2.6 | 17,119 | 12.0 | 161 | 6.5 |
| 500-999.9 | 20 | 0.8 | 13,933 | 9.8 | 99 | 4.0 |
| 1,000 \& more | 19 | 0.7 | 64,501 | 45.3 | 457 | 18.6 |
| Total ${ }^{4}$ | 2,594 | 100.0 | 142,442 | 100.0 | 2,460 | 100.0 |

[^3]cooperatives: they provide hauling, storage, grading, delivery, custom application, record keeping and drying, to name some of the most common. Other operating income is generated from sales activities and includes income from providing financing for sales.

For service cooperatives, service is 100 percent on their income statement. By cooperative size, service income is the most important for smaller cooperatives (15 percent of sales) and diminishes as size increases to cooperatives with over \$500 million in sales (1 per-
to be profitable and to afford to finance essential future-directed discretionary expenditures, such as expansion and advertising.

Gross margin equals net sales less cost of goods sold, so cooperatives with higher COGS had lower gross margins. The COGS was about four points higher for the very largest cooperatives than for the other sizes. As discussed earlier in COGS, those cooperatives with a low COGS would have high gross margins.

## Service and Other Operating Income

This consists of any service these cooperatives provided. Some cooperatives only provide services such as rice driers, cotton gins, storage and transportation, locker plants, pest management and scouting, and other miscellaneous services. Service income is important to marketing and supply

Figure 13-Percentage of Assets Financed by Net Worth, by Cooperative Type, 2007 cent of sales). Many of the cotton ginning cooperatives have mainly service income and limited sales, hence service income ranges from 14 percent to 85 percent of sales for these cooperatives.



[^4]Table 7-Cooperatives' gross and net business volumes by commodity, 2007 \& $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}^{1}$

| Commodity | Gross volume |  | Net volume |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2007 | 2006 | 2007 | 2006 |
| Products marketed: |  | Billion \$ |  |  |
| Beans and peas |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton | 3.114 | 3.493 | 1.786 | 2.126 |
| Dairy | 37.670 | 29.029 | 35.490 | 27.414 |
| Fruits and vegetables | 6.862 | 7.188 | 4.293 | 5.791 |
| Grains and oilseeds ${ }^{2}$ | 28.838 | 21.701 | 28.349 | 21.358 |
| Livestock | 3.383 | 3.388 | 3.215 | 3.270 |
| Nuts | . 804 | . 804 | . 804 | . 804 |
| Poultry ${ }^{3}$ | 1.360 | 1.378 | 1.360 | 1.378 |
| Rice | 1.116 | 1.066 | 1.116 | 1.066 |
| Sugar | 4.904 | 3.735 | 3.998 | 2.628 |
| Tobacco | . 105 | . 157 | . 105 | . 157 |
| Wool and |  | . 003 | . 006 | . 003 |
| Other |  |  |  | 4.336 |
| Total marketing | 93.120 | 76.480 | 85.352 | 70.441 |
| Supplies purchased: |  |  |  |  |
| Crop protectants | 3.717 | 3.345 | 3.140 | 3.025 |
| Feed | 8.645 | 7.261 | 7.575 | 6.330 |
| Fertilizer | 7.686 | 6.605 | 6.844 | 5.930 |
| Petroleum | 21.616 | 21.773 | 14.662 | 15.172 |
| Seed | 2.815 | 2.351 | 1.819 | 1.499 |
| Other supplies ${ }^{5}$ | 4.844 | 4.537 | 4.255 | 3.965 |
| Total supplies | 49.322 | 45.872 | 38.296 | 35.922 |
| Services and |  |  |  |  |
| Total business 1 | 146.575 | 126.470 | 127.781 | 110.482 |

[^5]
## Operating Expenses

There are only four accounts for expenses in Table 9, wages, depreciation, interest, and all other. The wage account includes all employee expenses, some of which are salaries and wages, payroll taxes, employee insurance, unemployment compensation, and pension expense. The all other account would include administrative expenses (which are overhead costs associated with a cooperative and indirectly related to revenue production) such as professional services, office supplies, telephone, meetings and travel, donations, dues and subscriptions, directors' fees and expense, and annual meetings. The all other account would also include general expenses (which are directly related to revenue production) such as advertising and promotion, delivery (auto and truck), insurance, property, business and other taxes and licenses, rent and lease expenses, plant supplies and repairs, repairs and maintenance, utilities, miscellaneous, bad debts and other.

Wage expenses were the highest for smaller cooperatives and fell as cooperative size increased from 12 percent for the smallest cooperatives to 4 percent for the largest. Wage expenses were higher for service cooperatives, as they are generally small and lack other sales to spread out wage costs. Artificial insemination cooperatives had wage expenses that were over 40 percent of sales, and smaller cotton ginning cooperatives averaged over 20 percent of sales. Larger livestock marketing (auctions) and ethanol cooperatives had wage expenses averaging 1 percent of sales.

Depreciation expenses did not change much with cooperative size; their range was just over one, ranging from 2 percent for the smallest cooperatives to 1 percent for the largest. Ethanol cooperatives have newer PP\&E and a lot of undepreciated costs, so they have some of the highest depreciation expenses (4 percent) relative to sales. Larger livestock cooperatives had little PP\&E, so depreciation expenses were low ( 0.06 percent).

Interest expenses were relatively minor for all sizes of cooperatives, comprising less than 1 percent of total sales. As noted earlier, interest expenses have been increasing as commodity prices have increased. To protect themselves from price fluctuations, many cooperatives use hedges in financial markets. Commodity prices had a steady upward

Table 8-Combined assets for farmer cooperatives, $2007^{1}$

| Principal product(s) | Assets <br> of own <br> marketed and <br> major function | Co-ops ${ }^{2}$ | Investments <br> in other | Iotal <br> co-ops $^{3}$ | Tota <br> assets |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | :---: |
| Investments in <br> other co-ops as <br> percent of total |  |  |  |  |  |
| Products <br> marketed | No. |  | Billion \$ |  | Percent |

[^6]
## Net Operating Margins

This is gross margins minus total expenses but before taxes and patronage refunds from other cooperatives, so it is income generated by the cooperatives’ own operations. Net operating margins for all cooperatives in 2007 was $\$ 3.2$ billion, excluding inter-cooperative dividends and refunds (Table 11).

Net operating margins as a percent of net sales was about 2 percent for all cooperatives by size (Table 9). Ethanol and most service cooperatives; rice drier, hulling, artificial insemination, and cotton ginning, had high net operating margins. Dairy cooperatives, rice marketing and larger livestock marketing had low net operating margins.

## Patronage Income

Refunds received or income from other cooperatives resulted from business with other cooperatives, generally regionals or CoBank, a cooperative bank. The patronage refund from regionals was based on business volume and consisted of cash refunds and equity stock. Stock was usually revolved back to the local cooperative on a set schedule. Many cooperatives that borrowed funds from CoBank received both cash and non-cash patronage income. The non-cash patronage from CoBank was from investing in the bank, which was usually required in proportion to the funds borrowed.

Patronage refunds received from other cooperatives, including CoBank, totaled $\$ 646$ million, up (30 percent) from $\$ 498$ million in 2006 (Appendix Figure 6). In 1998, refunds from other cooperatives totaled $\$ 573$ million, or 33 percent of total net income. In 2007, refunds had fallen to 17 percent of total net income.

Table 9-Common size analysis by cooperative size, 2007

| Cooperative sales size | $\begin{aligned} & <\$ 5 \\ & \text { million } \end{aligned}$ | From $\$ 5$ to \$15 million | From \$15 to \$100 million | From \$100 to $\$ 500$ million | $\begin{aligned} & >\$ 500 \\ & \text { million } \end{aligned}$ | All Sizes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Balance sheet | Percent of total assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current assets | 53.85 | 56.87 | 60.40 | 62.42 | 58.58 | 59.72 |
| Other assets | 9.85 | 5.02 | 4.82 | 4.79 | 13.29 | 8.99 |
| Investments | 8.51 | 14.66 | 10.26 | 7.22 | 5.23 | 7.29 |
| PP\&E (net) | 27.72 | 23.45 | 24.52 | 25.57 | 22.89 | 24.00 |
| Total assets | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Current liabilities | 33.08 | 40.34 | 46.95 | 50.03 | 47.58 | 47.41 |
| Total liabilities | 44.40 | 48.77 | 55.89 | 66.28 | 67.33 | 63.33 |
| Allocated equity | 41.18 | 34.55 | 25.72 | 22.09 | 25.80 | 25.61 |
| Retained earnings | 14.28 | 16.69 | 18.33 | 11.63 | 6.87 | 11.05 |
| Total equity | 55.54 | 51.23 | 44.11 | 33.72 | 32.67 | 36.67 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |


| Income statement | Percent of total sales |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total sales | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Cost of goods sold | 84.17 | 87.64 | 88.26 | 87.36 | 90.90 | 89.45 |
| Gross margin | 15.83 | 12.56 | 11.74 | 12.64 | 9.10 | 10.56 |
| Service and other income | 14.87 | 7.23 | 3.73 | 3.12 | 0.76 | 2.21 |
| Gross revenue | 30.61 | 19.72 | 15.47 | 15.76 | 9.86 | 12.77 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 12.16 | 8.18 | 5.97 | 5.80 | 3.66 | 4.81 |
| Depreciation | 2.20 | 1.62 | 1.38 | 1.37 | 0.86 | 1.11 |
| Interest | 0.92 | 0.84 | 0.98 | 1.19 | 0.51 | 0.76 |
| Other | 12.87 | 6.94 | 5.09 | 5.96 | 2.63 | 4.08 |
| Total expenses | 28.07 | 17.58 | 13.42 | 14.33 | 7.66 | 10.77 |
| Net operating margins | 2.57 | 2.14 | 2.05 | 1.44 | 2.20 | 2.00 |
| Patronage income | 1.54 | 1.17 | 0.91 | 0.67 | 0.15 | 0.45 |
| Non-operating income | 0.58 | 0.39 | 0.57 | 0.38 | 0.05 | 0.00 |
| Net income before taxes | 4.77 | 3.52 | 3.53 | 2.48 | 2.40 | 2.69 |
| Taxes | 0.19 | 0.20 | 0.35 | 0.29 | 0.17 | 0.23 |
| Net income | 4.57 | 3.32 | 3.18 | 2.19 | 2.23 | 2.46 |

## Ratios

| Current | 1.63 | 1.41 | 1.29 | 1.25 | 1.23 | 1.26 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.63 |
| Debt to asset | 0.44 | 0.49 | 0.56 | 0.66 | 0.67 | 1.73 |
| Debt to equity | 0.80 | 0.95 | 1.27 | 1.97 | 2.06 | 4.54 |
| Times interest earned | 6.19 | 5.22 | 4.62 | 3.08 | 5.73 | 2.49 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 2.86 | 10.39 |
| Total asset turnover | 1.43 | 1.91 | 2.15 | 2.27 | 12.48 |  |
| Fixed asset turnover | 5.16 | 8.13 | 8.76 | 8.89 | 9.10 | 10.56 |
|  |  |  |  | 12.64 | 8.30 | 8.60 |
| Gross profit margin | 15.83 | 12.56 | 11.74 | 8.35 | 23.95 |  |

Table 10-Combined balance sheet data for farmer cooperatives, $2007^{1}$

| Principal product(s) <br> marketed and <br> major function | Co-ops | Total |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| assets |  |  | | Total |
| :---: |
| liabilities | | Net |
| ---: |
| worth |

${ }^{1}$ Totals may not add due to rounding.
${ }^{2}$ Excludes cottonseed and other oilseed oils and meals. Oilseed oil is included in other marketing, whereas meal is included in supplies (feed).
${ }^{3}$ Includes dry edible beans and peas, fish, nuts, tobacco, wool, cottonseed, and other marketing.

Patronage refunds were a little more than 1.5 percent of sales for the smallest cooperatives and fell to 0.2 percent for the largest (Table 9). Smaller cotton ginning cooperatives had patronage refunds of over 5 percent of sales. Livestock marketing, poultry marketing, tobacco marketing, wool marketing, and service cooperatives other than cotton ginning had virtually no patronage refunds.

## Non-Operating Income

This is income not generated by sales. It could be interest from investments. It also could come from the sale of PP\&E, rentals, and extraordinary items. Sometimes PP\&E are sold to generate income, but usually they are fully depreciated. When sold, if the market value is greater than the book value, income is generated. In some cases, disposal of a fully

Table 11-Cooperatives' net income before taxes, $2007^{1}$

| Principal produc marketed and major function | (s) ${ }^{\text {Co-ops }}$ | Income before taxes | Net operating margins | Patronage income ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Products marketed: | No. | Million dollars |  |  |
| Cotton | 12 | 95.7 | 95.2 | . 5 |
| Dairy | 161 | 347.7 | 323.1 | 24.6 |
| Fruits and vegetables | 162 | 417.1 | 409.4 | 7.7 |
| Grains and oilseeds ${ }^{2}$ | 612 | 601.5 | 412.2 | 189.4 |
| Livestock and poultry | 68 | 39.6 | 15.6 | 23.9 |
| Rice | 14 | 33.7 | 33.4 | . 3 |
| Sugar | 32 | 116.0 | 114.6 | 1.4 |
| Other marketing ${ }^{3}$ | 172 | 304.2 | 300.7 | 3.6 |
| Total marketing | 1,233 | 1,955.7 | 1,704.3 | 251.3 |
| Total supply | 1,061 | 1,717.7 | 1,348.4 | 369.3 |
| Service | 300 | 156.8 | 131.6 | 25.1 |
| Total | 2,594 | 3,830.1 | 3,184.4 | 645.8 |

${ }^{1}$ Adjusted for losses and before taxes. Before tax income used in this table because historically, after tax net income was not collected. Totals may not add due to rounding.
${ }^{2}$ Excludes cottonseed and other oilseed oils and meals. Oilseed oil is included in other marketings, whereas meal is included in supplies (feed).
${ }^{3}$ Includes dry edible beans and peas, fish, nuts, tobacco, wool, and other marketing.
depreciated asset may mean a loss. Rental income from unused facilities or equipment provides income flows. Extraordinary items might be either a gain or a loss. A gain could result from a fire loss where the insurance settlement was greater than the book value. A loss might occur from flood damage for which the cooperative had no coverage. For all sizes of cooperatives, non-operating income averaged less than 0.6 percent of sales.

## Net Income Before Taxes

Net income before taxes was a record $\$ 3.8$ billion, an increase of 21 percent from the $\$ 3.2$ billion in 2006. Net income in 2007 was more than double

Figure 14-Cooperatives' Net Income Before Taxes, 1998-2007


Figure 15-Net Income or Loss, by Type of Cooperative, 2007

${ }_{2}{ }^{1}$ Includes dividends and patronage refunds from other cooperatives and CoBank.
${ }^{2}$ Includes dry bean and pea, nut, tobacco, wool and mohair, fishery, and other product marketing cooperatives.
cooperatives' total net income in 2007, down from 47 percent in 2006 (Appendix Figure 7).

Losses totaled $\$ 155$ million in 2007, an 89-percent increase over the $\$ 82$ million in losses in 2006. Dairy cooperatives had over 75 percent of the losses (\$121 million, Appendix Figure 8). The number of cooperatives with losses was down from 263 to 216, or a decrease of 18 percent.

## Income Taxes

Cooperatives paid income taxes on earnings not allocated to members (retained earnings) and on dividend payments. The individual cooperative's board determined what amounts of income were allocated to retained earnings and to members. Non-member business has an impact on retained earnings because cooperatives can allocate the earnings to nonmembers or retain the income. By size, cooperatives paid $\$ 330$ million in income taxes.

## Net Income

Net income after taxes (net operating margins plus patronage refunds and non-operating income minus taxes) was the highest for smaller cooperatives (5 percent) but fell to 2 percent for cooperatives with sales of $\$ 100$ million to $\$ 500$ million. The largest cooperatives averaged net incomes after taxes of 2.2 percent of sales. Hulling, rice drier, ethanol marketing, cotton ginning, and artificial insemination cooperatives all had higher than average net incomes while dairy and livestock marketing cooperatives had lower levels of net income relative to sales.

## Selected Financial Ratios

Financial ratios express relationships between items in the balance sheet and income statements of a business operation and help in analyzing a cooperative's economic and financial situation. Ratios
can indicate problem areas, serve as guidelines for planning, and aid in formulating actions. However, ratio interpretation is largely subjective.

Nine financial ratios were used to measure cooperative performance or financial condition-the current ratio, debt to asset, debt to equity, times interest earned, total asset turnover, fixed asset turnover, gross profit margin, return on assets, and return on member equity.

## Liquidity Ratio

The current ratio is a liquidity ratio-a measure of the cooperative's ability to meet short-term obligations. It focuses on the cooperative's ability to remain solvent. The current ratio is current assets divided by current liabilities. However, this ratio does not consider the degree of liquidity of each of the current asset components. If the current assets of a cooperative were mainly cash, they would be much more liquid than if comprised of mainly inventory.

If the ratio is less than one, current liabilities exceed current assets and the cooperative's liquidity is threatened. Improvements can be achieved by selling additional capital stock, borrowing additional long-term debt, or disposing of unproductive fixed assets and retaining proceeds. Current liabilities may also be reduced by retaining a greater portion of allocated savings (reducing the cash portion).

A high current ratio is a favorable condition financially because it indicates the ability to pay current liabilities from the conversion of current assets into cash. Operationally, this same high ratio tends to increase operating freedom and reduce the probability of bill-paying difficulty from write-downs of accounts receivable or inventory. The current ratios of six sizes of cooperatives are shown in Table 9 (for all types and sizes, see Appendix Table 6). By size, the ratio is always less than 1.7 , meaning current assets exceed current liabilities by less than 1.7 times. If needed, these current assets could be sold to cover all short-term liabilities and the cooperative would still have some liquid assets left. By type, the current ratio exceeds two for these cooperatives: small artificial insemination, small processed and fresh fruit and vegetable, large poultry, tobacco, wool, small transportation, and storage cooperatives.

## Leverage Ratios

Leverage ratios look at the long-term solvency of the cooperative and help analyze the use of debt and the ability to meet obligations in times of crisis. Debt-to-asset ratio is defined as total debt divided by total assets. Elements include long-term liabilities plus short-term liabilities and total assets. Generally, larger cooperatives relied on the use of more debt financing. Reducing debt, increasing savings, or financing a greater portion of assets with working capital may improve this ratio.

Debt financing was used for about half of assets owned by cooperatives up to $\$ 100$ million in sales and rose to 67 percent for the largest cooperatives. Service cooperatives (except hulling), artificial insemination, and tobacco marketing cooperatives had the lowest use of debt financing.

Debt-to-equity ratio is calculated by dividing total liabilities by total member equity. This ratio shows the financial flexibility and the long-term capital structure of the cooperative. High ratios indicate inadequate borrowing power. A low ratio is more favorable and financially makes the cooperative more independent of outside sources of funds, because owners' equity is available. A low ratio may indicate low return on equity. Operationally, a low ratio tends to reduce interest cost. Improvement may be gained by disposing of unproductive assets and using proceeds to liquidate debt, or accelerating payments on long-term loans. Other ways include increasing local equity by generating higher levels of net operating margins, slowing down equity retirement programs, selling additional capital stock, or retaining more allocated savings.

As cooperatives' size grew, so did their use of debt. The ratio was 0.8 for the smallest cooperatives and it grew to 2.06 for the largest. Service cooperatives (except hulling), artificial insemination, and tobacco marketing cooperatives had the lowest ratio.

Times interest earned ratio is the number of times interest expense is covered by earnings. It is calculated by dividing earnings before interest and taxes by interest expense. A ratio of 1.0 or more indicates the ability of current earnings to pay current interest expenses. Lending institutions are more apt to loan to cooperatives whose times interest earned ratio is more than 1.0 because it shows their ability to pay
interest payments. Subsequently, a lending institution may lend funds at lower rates more readily for capital improvements.

Collecting old receivables, improving inventory turnover, disposing of assets and reducing debt with proceeds, or reducing debt with working capital, may improve this ratio. Financially, a high ratio affects the return on equity and tends to increase it. Operationally, a high ratio reduces interest cost.

Interest coverage was between six and three for all sizes of cooperatives. Some especially high values were calculated by cooperative type but these values could be influenced by a number of the cooperatives in any particular type not breaking out interest expenses in their surveys or on their annual reports. Artificial insemination, cotton ginning, and service cooperatives had the highest ratios.

## Activity Ratios

These ratios measure how well cooperatives use assets. A low ratio could mean that the cooperative was overcapitalized or carrying too much inventory.

Total asset turnover ratio was found by dividing sales by total assets. A high ratio favorably influences finances through the reduction of financial leverage and/or increased return on equity. A high ratio operationally tends to reduce interest costs. The ratio grew from 1.4 to 2.9 as cooperatives were larger. Dairy cooperatives (except the largest and smallest) have a high total asset turnover ratio.

Fixed asset turnover ratio represents sales divided by net PP\&E. This ratio is similar to the total-asset turnover ratio and shows how well the cooperative used its fixed assets. This ratio by itself might not give a complete picture of the cooperative's financial health. A cooperative with fully depreciated assets would have an artificially high ratio. A cooperative that invested heavily in PP\&E for future expansion will have a temporarily low ratio.

The measure for this ratio may or may not show favorable or unfavorable conditions, but merely cooperative conditions. An abnormally high ratio usually indicates very old, nearly depreciated fixed assets or the leasing of property and equipment. Financially, a high ratio is influenced favorably by increasing asset use, reducing financial leverage, and/or increasing return on equity. Operationally, it tends to reduce depreciation and interest costs. It
may also increase costs related to operating leases, personnel and travel, or delivery expenses. This ratio may be improved by restricting further investments in fixed assets; redesigning production or office facilities to increase the sales generating potential of existing space and equipment; and/or selling idle machinery and parts, unused vehicles, and unnecessary equipment.

The fixed asset turnover ratio was between 5.2 and 12.5 for all sizes of cooperatives. As with the total asset turnover ratio, dairy cooperatives all have a high fixed asset turnover ratio.

## Profitability Ratios

Profitabilty ratios indicate the efficiency of the cooperative's operations. Because a cooperative is owned by its user-members, many common industry profitability ratios have little meaning. For instance, profitability ratios measuring the return on common or preferred stock of similar investor-oriented firms are not appropriate because there is seldom an open market for cooperative stock. Gross profit margin, a profitability ratio, was discussed in the income statement so will not be reexamined in this section.

Return on assets measures the rate of return on total investment. It is determined by dividing net income by total assets and usually is calculated before interest and taxes. This ratio is a measure of performance. It is not sensitive to the leverage position of the cooperative. Although some assets were financed through debt, the ratio measures return to both members and lenders.

Operationally, a high ratio tends to reduce interest cost and financially indicates a comparatively high rate of return on assets employed. This ratio rose from 8 for the smallest cooperatives to almost 10 for cooperatives with sales of $\$ 15$ million to $\$ 100$ million and then fell to 8.3 for cooperatives with $\$ 100$ million to $\$ 500$ million in sales before rising to 9.1 for the largest cooperatives. It is high for cotton ginning cooperatives and especially high for those cooperatives identified earlier with high net incomes as a percentage of sales (hulling cooperatives and ethanol cooperatives).

Return on member equity is net income divided by allocated equity. It represents members' investment in their cooperative and is an important measure of profitability. This ratio is sensitive to the
amount of debt capital in the cooperative and is best used in conjunction with other measures such as the return on assets. Financially, a high ratio is favorable and tends to decrease financial leverage. However, a high ratio may also be a symptom of insufficient investment. Operationally, a high ratio tends to reduce interest cost over time but may occur when
both total debt and interest costs are high. By size, the highest return on member equity was over 24 percent for cooperatives with $\$ 15$ million to $\$ 100$ million in sales and those with sales greater than $\$ 500$ million. Cotton ginning cooperatives, hulling cooperatives, and ethanol cooperatives have very high returns on member equity.

## APPENDIX TABLES

## Appendix Table 1-Number of cooperatives by major business activity, 2007-1998



[^7]Appendix Table 2-Cooperative memberships, by major business activity, 2007-1998

| Major business activity | y 2007 | 2006 | 2005 | 2004 | 2003 | 2002 | 2001 | 2000 | 1999 | 1998 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Products marketed: |  | Thousands |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bean \& pea (dry edible) | e) 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.9 |
| Cotton | 41.5 | 42.7 | 43.2 | 43.4 | 43.4 | 43.5 | 45.9 | 45.4 | 43.8 | 41.3 |
| Dairy | 67.1 | 71.4 | 60.8 | 71.6 | 80.8 | 81.7 | 91.0 | 96.9 | 90.7 | 92.9 |
| Fruit and vegetable | 27.9 | 28.7 | 29.8 | 30.6 | 32.7 | 32.5 | 37.8 | 41.1 | 40.9 | 44.0 |
| Grain and oilseed ${ }^{1}$ | 465.9 | 467.0 | 479.3 | 496.1 | 555.3 | 542.5 | 581.5 | 615.3 | 657.9 | 728.7 |
| Livestock | 78.2 | 82.3 | 82.9 | 96.0 | 91.9 | 94.0 | 105.3 | 132.1 | 137.1 | 161.5 |
| Nuts | 15.4 | 15.4 | 15.4 | 14.6 | 33.8 | 35.8 | 40.1 | 41.7 | 43.7 | 46.0 |
| Poultry ${ }^{2}$ | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 3.6 | 26.3 | 26.1 | 19.1 | 29.2 | 29.2 | 36.3 |
| Rice | 12.1 | 12.2 | 12.1 | 12.1 | 12.5 | 12.4 | 13.9 | 12.2 | 11.8 | 12.9 |
| Sugar ${ }^{3}$ | 11.5 | 11.8 | 14.8 | 13.5 | 13.9 | 13.9 | 16.3 | 15.6 | 15.7 | 15.9 |
| Tobacco | 66.2 | 158.6 | 160.1 | 161.1 | 127.4 | 127.8 | 165.7 | 165.9 | 170.0 | 172.8 |
| Wool and mohair | 10.1 | 9.8 | 10.5 | 11.2 | 10.9 | 11.1 | 12.6 | 13.0 | 15.4 | 17.9 |
| Other marketing | 12.0 | 11.7 | 21.2 | 22.6 | 23.3 | 25.5 | 28.0 | 31.9 | 23.9 | 25.3 |
| Total marketing | 809.9 | 913.7 | 932.2 | 978.0 | 1,054.2 | 1,049.1 | 1,160.0 | 1,243.0 | 1,282.8 | 1,398.4 |
| Total supplies 1, | 1,525.9 | 1,522.4 | 1,538.3 | 1,599.7 | 1,590.4 | 1,637.1 | 1,745.8 | 1,717.8 | 1,731.4 | 1,773.7 |
| Total services | 124.1 | 133.5 | 101.2 | 99.6 | 113.3 | 107.4 | 128.1 | 124.3 | 159.1 | 180.6 |
| Total business 2, | 2,459.9 | 2,569.6 | 2,571.7 | 2,677.3 | 2,758.0 | 2,793.6 | 3,033.9 | 3,085.1 | 3,173.3 | 3,352.6 |

[^8]
## Appendix Table 3-Cooperatives' gross business volume, by type of cooperative, 20071998

| Major business activity | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 | 2004 | 2003 | 2002 | 2001 | 2000 | 1999 | 1998 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Billion $\$$ |  |  |  |  |
| Products marketed: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beans and peas (dry edible) | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Cotton | 3.1 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.2 | 3.0 |
| Dairy | 37.7 | 29.0 | 31.0 | 30.7 | 26.0 | 25.9 | 29.4 | 25.8 | 28.5 | 27.8 |
| Fruits and vegetables | 6.9 | 7.2 | 7.6 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 8.4 | 9.7 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 9.9 |
| Grains and oilseeds | 28.8 | 21.7 | 23.0 | 24.9 | 23.6 | 20.1 | 22.6 | 22.9 | 21.7 | 25.3 |
| Livestock | 3.4 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 3.0 | 6.8 | 9.9 | 9.6 | 8.0 | 7.4 | 7.6 |
| Nuts | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| Poultry | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 3.5 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.1 |
| Rice | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| Sugar | 4.9 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 |
| Tobacco | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Wool and mohair | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other marketing | 4.8 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 3.6 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.7 |
| Total marketing | 93.1 | 76.5 | 78.0 | 82.7 | 77.2 | 76.6 | 84.0 | 80.4 | 80.5 | 84.5 |

Supplies purchased:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Crop protectants | 3.7 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 4.1 |
| Feed | 8.6 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 6.7 | 5.5 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 7.2 |
| Fertilizer | 7.7 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 6.5 | 5.2 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.3 | 7.8 |
| Petroleum | 21.6 | 21.8 | 16.3 | 14.6 | 12.8 | 11.4 | 14.1 | 13.3 | 8.1 | 8.8 |
| Seed | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 1.0 |
| Other supplies | 4.8 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.1 |
| Total supplies | 49.3 | 45.9 | 39.3 | 37.0 | 35.5 | 31.5 | 36.1 | 36.8 | 30.9 | 33.0 |


| Services and other income | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 3.5 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total business | 146.6 | 126.5 | 121.7 | 123.4 | 116.9 | 111.6 | 123.6 | 120.7 | 115.3 | 121.0 |

Appendix Table 4-Cooperatives' net business volume, by type of cooperative 2007-1998

| Major business activity | 2007 | 2006 | 2005 | 2004 | 2003 | 2002 | 2001 | 2000 | 1999 | 1998 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Products marketed: |  |  |  |  | Billio |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beans and peas (dry edible) | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 |
| Cotton | 1.8 | 2.1 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 3.0 |
| Dairy | 35.5 | 27.4 | 28.2 | 29.1 | 23.5 | 23.0 | 26.2 | 22.7 | 26.0 | 25.3 |
| Fruits and vegetables | 4.3 | 5.8 | 7.3 | 6.2 | 6.9 | 7.3 | 8.8 | 9.6 | 9.3 | 9.4 |
| Grains and oilseeds | 28.3 | 21.4 | 23.0 | 24.0 | 20.6 | 17.5 | 18.1 | 18.4 | 17.1 | 21.3 |
| Livestock | 3.2 | 3.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 6.8 | 9.9 | 9.6 | 8.0 | 7.3 | 7.4 |
| Nuts | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| Poultry | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.1 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.1 |
| Rice | 1.1 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| Sugar | 4.0 | 2.6 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.4 |
| Tobacco | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Wool and mohair | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 |
| Other marketing | 4.7 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 3.3 |
| Total marketing | 85.4 | 70.4 | 74.2 | 77.2 | 71.0 | 69.7 | 75.0 | 72.1 | 72.0 | 76.6 |
| Supplies sold: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crop protectants | 3.1 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.2 |
| Feed | 7.6 | 6.3 | 5.4 | 5.1 | 5.9 | 5.4 | 4.0 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 5.4 |
| Fertilizer | 6.8 | 5.9 | 5.4 | 5.1 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 5.2 |
| Petroleum | 14.7 | 15.2 | 9.8 | 8.9 | 7.5 | 7.2 | 8.4 | 7.5 | 6.3 | 6.6 |
| Seed | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.7 |
| Other supplies | 4.3 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.5 |
| Total supplies | 38.3 | 35.9 | 28.4 | 27.0 | 25.5 | 23.7 | 24.8 | 24.1 | 23.2 | 24.6 |
| Services and other income | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 3.5 |
| Total business | 127.8 | 110.5 | 106.5 | 107.9 | 100.6 | 96.8 | 103.3 | 99.7 | 99.1 | 104.7 |

Appendix Table 5-Combined balance sheet data for cooperatives, 1998-2007
\(\left.$$
\begin{array}{lccccc}\hline & \begin{array}{c}\text { Assets } \\
\text { from own } \\
\text { operations }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Investments } \\
\text { in other } \\
\text { cooperatives }{ }^{1}\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Total } \\
\text { assets }\end{array} & \begin{array}{c}\text { Total } \\
\text { liabilities }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { Net } \\
\text { worth }\end{array}
$$ <br>
Year \& \& \& Billion dollars \& \& <br>

1998 \& 41.884 \& 4.676 \& 46.560\end{array}\right]\)|  |
| :--- |
| 1999 |

[^9]Appendix table 6-Common size analysis, by cooperative type and size, 2007

| Type of cooperative | Artificial insemination |  | Cotton marketing |  | Cotton services |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cooperative sales size | > \$15 | < \$15 | > \$50 | < \$50 |  |
|  | million | million | million | million | all sizes |
| Balance sheet | Percent of total assets |  |  |  |  |
| Current assets | 54.74 | 63.54 | 77.00 | 62.18 | 62.80 |
| Other assets | 14.80 | 13.64 | 2.28 | 3.21 | 8.63 |
| Investments | 3.14 | 9.98 | 2.03 | 1.36 | 8.59 |
| PP\&E (net) | 27.32 | 12.85 | 18.70 | 33.25 | 19.98 |
| Total assets | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Current liabilities | 28.15 | 25.37 | 56.70 | 46.26 | 51.91 |
| Total liabilities | 34.42 | 27.14 | 65.89 | 57.16 | 60.15 |
| Allocated equity | 38.81 | 36.33 | 24.00 | 25.87 | 37.50 |
| Retained earnings | 26.77 | 36.53 | 10.11 | 16.97 | 2.36 |
| Total equity | 65.58 | 72.86 | 34.11 | 42.84 | 39.85 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Income statement | Percent of total sales |  |  |  |  |
| Total sales | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |  |
| Cost of goods sold | 25.07 | 32.85 | 91.32 | 80.10 |  |
| Gross margin | 74.93 | 67.15 | 8.68 | 19.90 |  |
| Service and other income | 11.41 | 8.42 | 2.15 | 0.86 | 100.00 |
| Gross revenue | 86.34 | 75.57 | 10.83 | 20.76 | 100.00 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 45.34 | 40.67 | 2.19 | 4.24 | 19.83 |
| Depreciation | 4.42 | 2.08 | 0.65 | 1.41 | 2.62 |
| Interest | 0.88 | 0.02 | 0.68 | 1.23 | 4.32 |
| Other | 27.99 | 22.06 | 4.60 | 5.86 | 40.52 |
| Total expenses | 78.63 | 64.83 | 8.13 | 12.73 | 67.28 |
| Net operating margins | 7.71 | 10.74 | 2.70 | 8.03 | 32.72 |
| Patronage income | 0.18 | 0.52 | 0.01 | 0.04 | 0.31 |
| Non-operating income | 1.69 | 0.97 | 0.07 | 0.43 | 0.33 |
| Net income before taxes | 9.58 | 12.23 | 2.78 | 8.50 | 33.36 |
| Taxes | 1.80 | 1.21 | -0.08 | -0.01 | 0.09 |
| Net income | 7.78 | 11.02 | 2.87 | 8.51 | 33.27 |
| Ratios | Percent or number |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 1.95 | 2.50 | 1.36 | 1.34 | 1.21 |
| Debt to asset | 0.34 | 0.27 | 0.66 | 0.57 | 0.60 |
| Debt to equity | 0.52 | 0.37 | 1.93 | 1.33 | 1.51 |
| Times interest earned | 11.92 | 527.04 | 5.07 | 7.93 | 8.73 |
| Total asset turnover | 1.26 | 1.23 | 2.59 | 2.34 | 0.00 |
| Fixed asset turnover | 4.62 | 9.59 | 13.88 | 7.05 | 0.00 |
| Gross profit margin | 74.93 | 67.15 | 8.68 | 19.90 | 0.00 |
| Return on assets | 13.20 | 15.10 | 8.99 | 22.81 | 18.30 |
| Return on member equity (continued next page) | 25.31 | 37.38 | 30.98 | 77.15 | 43.09 |

Appendix table 6-Common size analysis, by cooperative type and size, 2007 (continued)

| Type of cooperative | Cotton ginning |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cooperative sales size | $\begin{aligned} & >\$ 10 \\ & \text { million } \end{aligned}$ | From $\$ 5$ to \$10 million | From $\$ 1$ to $\$ 5$ million | $<\$ 1$ <br> million |
| Balance sheet | Percent of total assets |  |  |  |
| Current assets | 60.21 | 35.99 | 38.03 | 31.95 |
| Other assets | 2.88 | 3.15 | 6.76 | 10.07 |
| Investments | 11.67 | 19.06 | 11.97 | 8.18 |
| PP\&E (net) | 25.24 | 41.79 | 43.24 | 49.80 |
| Total assets | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Current liabilities | 43.72 | 27.52 | 28.14 | 23.69 |
| Total liabilities | 56.91 | 45.52 | 42.23 | 50.24 |
| Allocated equity | 41.89 | 41.38 | 47.56 | 41.45 |
| Retained earnings | 1.20 | 13.10 | 10.20 | 8.31 |
| Total equity | 43.09 | 54.48 | 57.77 | 49.76 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |


| Income statement | Percent of total sales |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total sales | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Cost of goods sold | 91.05 | 83.75 | 81.65 | 82.18 |
| Gross margin | 8.95 | 16.25 | 18.35 | 17.82 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Service and other income | 14.21 | 30.20 | 61.56 | 84.79 |
| Gross revenue | 23.16 | 46.45 | 79.90 | 102.60 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 6.80 | 13.09 | 21.11 | 31.22 |
| Depreciation | 1.23 | 4.66 | 6.64 | 9.73 |
| Interest | 0.90 | 1.63 | 1.64 | 3.77 |
| Other | 7.63 | 24.89 | 40.11 | 54.60 |
| Total expenses | 16.55 | 44.27 | 69.50 | 99.31 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Net operating margins | 6.61 | 2.17 | 10.41 | 3.29 |
| Patronage income | 1.61 | 5.15 | 7.25 | 9.77 |
| Non-operating income | 0.56 | 1.37 | 1.28 | 0.89 |
| Net income before taxes | 8.78 | 8.69 | 18.94 | 13.96 |
| Taxes | 0.03 | 0.14 | 0.12 | 0.01 |
| Net income | 8.75 | 8.55 | 18.82 | 13.95 |

## Ratios

| Current | 1.38 | 1.31 | 1.35 | 1.35 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Debt to asset | 0.57 | 0.46 | 0.42 | 0.50 |
| Debt to equity | 1.32 | 0.84 | 0.73 | 1.01 |
| Times interest earned | 10.79 | 6.33 | 12.58 | 4.71 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total asset turnover | 2.44 | 1.26 | 0.80 | 0.50 |
| Fixed asset turnover | 9.66 | 3.01 | 1.84 | 1.01 |
| Gross profit margin | 8.95 | 16.25 | 18.35 | 17.82 |
| Return on assets | 23.59 | 12.97 | 16.39 | 8.94 |
| Return on member equity | 50.93 | 25.96 | 31.53 | 16.97 |

(continued next page)

Appendix table 6-Common size analysis, by cooperative type and size, 2007 (continued)

| Type of cooperative |  | Dair | d dairy prod |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cooperative sales size | $>\$ 1$ <br> billion | $\$ 500$ million to $\$ 1$ billion | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 200 \text { to } \\ & \$ 500 \text { million } \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 50$ to \$200 million | $\$ 20$ to \$50 million |
| Balance sheet |  |  | ent of total a |  |  |
| Current assets | 59.17 | 64.68 | 67.28 | 71.55 | 60.69 |
| Other assets | 21.30 | 3.47 | 3.56 | 2.04 | 4.44 |
| Investments | 1.41 | 1.36 | 1.95 | 5.98 | 12.84 |
| PP\&E (net) | 18.12 | 30.49 | 27.21 | 20.42 | 22.04 |
| Total assets | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Current liabilities | 52.40 | 57.83 | 43.18 | 57.43 | 55.62 |
| Total liabilities | 73.38 | 69.42 | 68.76 | 63.15 | 62.22 |
| Allocated equity | 22.91 | 27.56 | 23.88 | 26.57 | 31.42 |
| Retained earnings | 3.72 | 3.02 | 7.35 | 10.28 | 6.36 |
| Total equity | 26.62 | 30.58 | 31.24 | 36.85 | 37.78 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Income statement |  |  | Percent of | as |  |
| Total sales | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Cost of goods sold | 94.21 | 88.71 | 91.72 | 94.66 | 94.36 |
| Gross margin | 5.79 | 11.29 | 8.28 | 5.34 | 5.64 |
| Service and other income | 0.27 | 1.22 | 0.09 | 0.64 | 1.59 |
| Gross revenue | 6.07 | 12.51 | 8.37 | 5.98 | 7.24 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 3.40 | 3.39 | 2.74 | 1.97 | 1.91 |
| Depreciation | 0.67 | 0.67 | 0.63 | 0.38 | 0.51 |
| Interest | 0.42 | 0.31 | 0.49 | 0.10 | 0.31 |
| Other | 1.12 | 6.55 | 3.03 | 2.54 | 4.11 |
| Total expenses | 5.62 | 10.93 | 6.90 | 4.99 | 6.83 |
| Net operating margins | 0.45 | 1.59 | 1.47 | 0.99 | 0.40 |
| Patronage income | 0.06 | 0.03 | 0.04 | 0.05 | 0.31 |
| Non-operating income | 0.12 | -0.27 | 0.06 | 0.08 | 0.09 |
| Net income before taxes | 0.63 | 1.35 | 1.57 | 1.13 | 0.80 |
| Taxes | 0.12 | 0.06 | 0.09 | 0.06 | 0.00 |
| Net income | 0.51 | 1.29 | 1.49 | 1.07 | 0.80 |
| Ratios |  |  | Percent or |  |  |
| Current | 1.13 | 1.12 | 1.56 | 1.25 | 1.09 |
| Debt to asset | 0.73 | 0.69 | 0.69 | 0.63 | 0.62 |
| Debt to equity | 2.76 | 2.27 | 2.20 | 1.71 | 1.65 |
| Times interest earned | 2.49 | 5.28 | 4.18 | 11.93 | 3.63 |
| Total asset turnover | 3.19 | 5.19 | 4.40 | 5.90 | 8.75 |
| Fixed asset turnover | 17.59 | 17.03 | 16.19 | 28.89 | 39.68 |
| Gross profit margin | 5.79 | 11.29 | 8.28 | 5.34 | 5.64 |
| Return on assets | 3.36 | 8.63 | 9.10 | 7.28 | 9.70 |
| Return on member equity | 7.04 | 24.33 | 27.40 | 23.75 | 22.28 |

## Appendix table 6-Common size analysis, by cooperative type and size, 2007 (continued)

| Type of cooperative |  | Dairy and dairy products |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cooperative sales size | \$10 to | \$5 to | \$1 to | Less than |
|  | \$20 million | \$10 million | \$5 million | \$1 million |
| Balance sheet | Percent of total assets |  |  |  |
| Current assets | 71.25 | 56.69 | 60.34 | 56.62 |
| Other assets | 2.52 | 12.24 | 9.91 | 16.86 |
| Investments | 12.51 | 18.35 | 10.26 | 0.00 |
| PP\&E (net) | 13.72 | 12.71 | 19.49 | 26.52 |
| Total assets | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Current liabilities | 57.97 | 44.74 | 48.98 | 50.22 |
| Total liabilities | 63.86 | 49.58 | 55.13 | 62.84 |
| Allocated equity | 29.70 | 42.22 | 35.39 | 23.83 |
| Retained earnings | 6.44 | 8.20 | 9.48 | 13.33 |
| Total equity | 36.14 | 50.42 | 44.87 | 37.16 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Income statement | Percent of total sales |  |  |  |
| Total sales | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Cost of goods sold | 94.92 | 93.61 | 92.63 | 92.29 |
| Gross margin | 5.08 | 6.39 | 7.37 | 7.71 |
| Service and other income | 1.47 | 1.67 | 3.53 | 8.63 |
| Gross revenue | 6.55 | 8.06 | 10.90 | 16.33 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 1.88 | 2.78 | 3.26 | 6.34 |
| Depreciation | 0.27 | 0.52 | 0.61 | 1.73 |
| Interest | 0.20 | 0.23 | 0.37 | 0.78 |
| Other | 3.61 | 3.92 | 6.55 | 8.15 |
| Total expenses | 5.97 | 7.46 | 10.58 | 17.00 |
| Net operating margins | 0.58 | 0.61 | 0.33 | -0.67 |
| Patronage income | 0.27 | 0.29 | -0.13 | 0.01 |
| Non-operating income | 0.09 | 0.46 | 0.25 | 0.57 |
| Net income before taxes | 0.94 | 1.36 | 0.45 | -0.09 |
| Taxes | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.00 |
| Net income | 0.92 | 1.36 | 0.43 | -0.09 |
| Ratios | Percent or number |  |  |  |
| Current | 1.23 | 1.27 | 1.23 | 1.13 |
| Debt to asset | 0.64 | 0.50 | 0.55 | 0.63 |
| Debt to equity | 1.77 | 0.98 | 1.23 | 1.69 |
| Times interest earned | 5.68 | 6.94 | 2.22 | 0.88 |
| Total asset turnover | 7.90 | 6.38 | 4.86 | 2.36 |
| Fixed asset turnover | 57.59 | 50.19 | 24.95 | 8.90 |
| Gross profit margin | 5.08 | 6.39 | 7.37 | 7.71 |
| Return on assets | 9.03 | 10.17 | 4.00 | 1.63 |
| Return on member equity | 24.35 | 20.59 | 5.93 | -0.90 |

Appendix table 6-Common size analysis, by cooperative type and size, 2007 (continued)

| Type of cooperative | Fruit and vegetable (fresh sales only) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cooperative sales size | $\begin{aligned} & >\$ 50 \\ & \text { million } \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 20$ to $\$ 50$ million | \$10 to $\$ 20$ million | $\$ 5$ to \$10 million | \$1 to $\$ 5$ million | Less than \$1 million |
| Balance sheet | Percent of total assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current assets | 57.40 | 58.66 | 57.97 | 59.15 | 73.66 | 62.12 |
| Other assets | 5.85 | 11.51 | 7.69 | 5.29 | 7.96 | 16.58 |
| Investments | 4.29 | 3.46 | 2.42 | 5.28 | 2.57 | 0.00 |
| PP\&E (net) | 32.47 | 26.37 | 31.92 | 30.28 | 15.81 | 21.30 |
| Total assets | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Current liabilities | 38.55 | 43.00 | 45.64 | 45.42 | 54.26 | 52.82 |
| Total liabilities | 61.76 | 58.61 | 60.71 | 53.26 | 71.68 | 62.64 |
| Allocated equity | 20.64 | 27.65 | 28.19 | 35.28 | 19.94 | 24.80 |
| Retained earnings | 17.60 | 13.74 | 11.10 | 11.46 | 8.37 | 12.56 |
| Total equity | 38.24 | 41.39 | 39.29 | 46.74 | 28.32 | 37.36 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Income statement | Percent of total sales |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total sales | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Cost of goods sold | 76.38 | 83.86 | 76.46 | 83.15 | 81.04 | 83.17 |
| Gross margin | 23.62 | 16.14 | 23.54 | 16.85 | 18.96 | 16.83 |
| Service and other income | 1.69 | 5.43 | 4.37 | 6.88 | 20.82 | 23.02 |
| Gross revenue | 25.31 | 21.58 | 27.91 | 23.72 | 39.78 | 39.84 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 13.12 | 8.99 | 10.88 | 9.88 | 14.35 | 22.35 |
| Depreciation | 1.55 | 1.29 | 1.54 | 1.78 | 1.65 | 2.59 |
| Interest | 0.63 | 0.72 | 1.58 | 0.58 | 2.53 | 0.52 |
| Other | 8.66 | 9.27 | 11.52 | 10.02 | 19.58 | 13.12 |
| Total expenses | 23.96 | 20.26 | 25.52 | 22.26 | 38.11 | 38.59 |
| Net operating margins | 1.35 | 1.31 | 2.40 | 1.47 | 1.66 | 1.26 |
| Patronage income | 0.10 | 0.19 | 0.10 | 0.38 | 0.34 | 0.00 |
| Non-operating income | 0.39 | 0.95 | 0.29 | 0.76 | 2.65 | 0.34 |
| Net income before taxes | 1.84 | 2.46 | 2.78 | 2.60 | 4.66 | 1.60 |
| Taxes | 0.18 | 0.23 | 0.04 | 0.06 | 0.10 | 0.02 |
| Net income | 1.65 | 2.23 | 2.74 | 2.55 | 4.56 | 1.58 |
| Ratios |  |  | Perce | or number |  |  |
| Current | 1.49 | 1.36 | 1.27 | 1.30 | 1.36 | 1.18 |
| Debt to asset | 0.62 | 0.59 | 0.61 | 0.53 | 0.72 | 0.63 |
| Debt to equity | 1.61 | 1.42 | 1.55 | 1.14 | 2.53 | 1.68 |
| Times interest earned | 3.92 | 4.42 | 2.76 | 5.46 | 2.84 | 4.04 |
| Total asset turnover | 2.55 | 2.80 | 2.68 | 1.70 | 0.97 | 1.48 |
| Fixed asset turnover | 7.87 | 10.60 | 8.39 | 5.62 | 6.13 | 6.93 |
| Gross profit margin | 23.62 | 16.14 | 23.54 | 16.85 | 18.96 | 16.83 |
| Return on assets | 6.29 | 8.88 | 11.67 | 5.43 | 6.96 | 3.13 |
| Return on member equity | 20.43 | 22.53 | 26.01 | 12.30 | 22.17 | 9.40 |

Appendix table 6-Common size analysis, by cooperative type and size, 2007 (continued)

| Type of cooperative | Fruit and vegetable (processed and fresh sales) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cooperative sales size | > \$300 | \$100 to | \$10 to | \$1 to | Less than |
|  | million | \$300 million | \$100 million | \$10 million | \$1 million |
| Balance sheet | Percent of total assets |  |  |  |  |
| Current assets | 54.54 | 66.52 | 65.45 | 78.73 | 55.24 |
| Other assets | 14.78 | 5.07 | 4.35 | 16.93 | 9.51 |
| Investments | 2.02 | 1.98 | 6.26 | 0.34 | 3.33 |
| PP\&E (net) | 28.66 | 26.44 | 23.93 | 4.00 | 31.92 |
| Total assets | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Current liabilities | 36.54 | 47.03 | 58.48 | 68.26 | 22.23 |
| Total liabilities | 66.61 | 68.43 | 69.55 | 75.09 | 66.51 |
| Allocated equity | 26.73 | 16.33 | 26.03 | 22.76 | 12.50 |
| Retained earnings | 6.66 | 15.24 | 4.42 | 2.15 | 20.99 |
| Total equity | 33.39 | 31.57 | 30.45 | 24.91 | 33.49 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Income statement | Percent of total sales |  |  |  |  |
| Total sales | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Cost of goods sold | 75.87 | 80.04 | 78.08 | 86.74 | 69.86 |
| Gross margin | 24.13 | 19.96 | 21.92 | 13.26 | 30.14 |
| Service and other income | 3.27 | 0.51 | 3.48 | 36.64 | 0.17 |
| Gross revenue | 27.39 | 20.47 | 25.40 | 49.90 | 30.31 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 8.68 | 9.95 | 9.04 | 11.59 | 23.23 |
| Depreciation | 2.18 | 1.85 | 1.45 | 1.12 | 2.75 |
| Interest | 1.09 | 1.20 | 1.32 | 1.46 | 1.91 |
| Other | 7.84 | 4.43 | 13.37 | 13.03 | 1.63 |
| Total expenses | 19.78 | 17.43 | 25.18 | 27.20 | 29.52 |
| Net operating margins | 7.61 | 3.04 | 0.21 | 22.70 | 0.79 |
| Patronage income | 0.05 | 0.03 | 0.61 | 0.04 | 0.21 |
| Non-operating income | 0.25 | 0.07 | 0.51 | 1.73 | 0.00 |
| Net income before taxes | 7.90 | 3.15 | 1.34 | 24.47 | 1.00 |
| Taxes | -0.12 | 0.02 | -0.01 | 3.88 | 0.15 |
| Net income | 8.02 | 3.13 | 1.35 | 20.58 | 0.84 |
| Ratios | Percent or number |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 1.49 | 1.41 | 1.12 | 1.15 | 2.49 |
| Debt to asset | 0.67 | 0.68 | 0.70 | 0.75 | 0.67 |
| Debt to equity | 1.99 | 2.17 | 2.28 | 3.02 | 1.99 |
| Times interest earned | 8.24 | 3.62 | 2.01 | 17.81 | 1.52 |
| Total asset turnover | 1.83 | 1.61 | 1.45 | 0.60 | 1.67 |
| Fixed asset turnover | 6.40 | 6.09 | 6.08 | 14.94 | 5.23 |
| Gross profit margin | 24.13 | 19.96 | 21.92 | 13.26 | 30.14 |
| Return on assets | 16.49 | 7.01 | 3.87 | 15.49 | 4.85 |
| Return on member equity | 55.02 | 30.86 | 7.52 | 54.04 | 11.27 <br> (continued next page) |

Appendix table 6-Common size analysis, by cooperative type and size, 2007 (continued)

| Type of cooperative | Supply (with $100 \%$ supply sales) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cooperative sales size | $>\$ 500$ million | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 100 \text { million } \\ & \text { to } \$ 310 \text { million } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \$ 50 \text { to } \\ \$ 100 \text { million } \end{gathered}$ | $\$ 30$ to \$50 million | \$25 to 30 million |
| Balance sheet | Percent of total assets |  |  |  |  |
| Current assets | 58.84 | 58.81 | 54.53 | 54.97 | 50.81 |
| Other assets | 17.72 | 4.70 | 3.02 | 2.80 | 6.46 |
| Investments | 9.09 | 4.84 | 17.63 | 17.99 | 19.15 |
| PP\&E (net) | 14.35 | 31.65 | 24.82 | 24.24 | 23.58 |
| Total assets | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Current liabilities | 40.11 | 45.69 | 36.64 | 39.75 | 38.59 |
| Total liabilities | 59.50 | 62.24 | 45.49 | 46.27 | 48.41 |
| Allocated equity | 26.15 | 24.11 | 30.55 | 31.60 | 32.84 |
| Retained earnings | 14.35 | 13.65 | 23.96 | 22.14 | 18.75 |
| Total equity | 40.50 | 37.76 | 54.51 | 53.73 | 51.59 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Income statement | Percent of total sales |  |  |  |  |
| Total sales | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Cost of goods sold | 91.54 | 87.41 | 86.45 | 85.47 | 84.71 |
| Gross margin | 8.46 | 12.59 | 13.55 | 14.53 | 15.29 |
| Service and other income | 0.78 | 1.23 | 3.45 | 2.56 | 2.42 |
| Gross revenue | 9.24 | 13.82 | 17.00 | 17.09 | 17.71 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 4.02 | 5.94 | 7.20 | 7.45 | 8.02 |
| Depreciation | 0.50 | 1.42 | 1.17 | 1.42 | 1.46 |
| Interest | 0.63 | 0.97 | 0.70 | 0.76 | 0.81 |
| Other | 2.14 | 3.44 | 4.56 | 5.50 | 5.45 |
| Total expenses | 7.30 | 11.76 | 13.63 | 15.12 | 15.74 |
| Net operating margins | 1.94 | 2.06 | 3.37 | 1.97 | 1.97 |
| Patronage income | 0.89 | 0.83 | 1.48 | 1.70 | 2.37 |
| Non-operating income | 0.05 | 0.25 | 0.13 | 0.16 | 0.13 |
| Net income before taxes | 2.88 | 3.14 | 4.98 | 3.83 | 4.45 |
| Taxes | 0.37 | 0.63 | 0.71 | 0.50 | 0.43 |
| Net income | 2.51 | 2.51 | 4.26 | 3.33 | 4.02 |
| Ratios | Percent or number |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 1.47 | 1.29 | 1.49 | 1.38 | 1.32 |
| Debt to asset | 0.60 | 0.62 | 0.45 | 0.46 | 0.48 |
| Debt to equity | 1.47 | 1.65 | 0.83 | 0.86 | 0.94 |
| Times interest earned | 5.58 | 4.25 | 8.07 | 6.06 | 6.48 |
| Total asset turnover | 3.16 | 2.23 | 2.49 | 2.22 | 2.17 |
| Fixed asset turnover | 22.00 | 7.04 | 10.02 | 9.14 | 9.22 |
| Gross profit margin | 8.46 | 12.59 | 13.55 | 14.53 | 15.29 |
| Return on assets | 11.09 | 9.15 | 14.13 | 10.16 | 11.45 |
| Return on member equity | 30.31 | 23.23 | 34.70 | 23.33 | 26.62 |

Appendix table 6-Common size analysis, by cooperative type and size, 2007 (continued)

| Type of cooperative | Supply (with 100\% supply sales) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cooperative sales size | $\$ 20$ to \$25 million | \$15 to \$20 million | \$10 to \$15 million | $\$ 5$ to \$10 million | \$1 to \$5 million | Less than \$1 million |
| Balance sheet | Percent of total assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current assets | 56.16 | 50.60 | 53.72 | 58.71 | 54.44 | 61.91 |
| Other assets | 1.69 | 3.39 | 2.89 | 4.91 | 9.25 | 11.26 |
| Investments | 19.69 | 20.19 | 20.43 | 14.45 | 16.07 | 6.39 |
| PP\&E (net) | 22.46 | 25.82 | 22.95 | 21.93 | 20.24 | 20.43 |
| Total assets | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Current liabilities | 42.28 | 34.13 | 37.49 | 34.78 | 31.22 | 39.93 |
| Total liabilities | 50.65 | 42.44 | 43.67 | 40.97 | 39.96 | 50.23 |
| Allocated equity | 31.80 | 36.00 | 37.11 | 38.57 | 42.75 | 36.76 |
| Retained earnings | 17.18 | 21.55 | 19.22 | 20.46 | 17.29 | 13.01 |
| Total equity | 49.35 | 57.56 | 56.33 | 59.03 | 60.04 | 49.77 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.0 |
| Income statement | Percent of total sales |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total sales | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Cost of goods sold | 84.44 | 85.80 | 85.34 | 85.37 | 85.45 | 83.96 |
| Gross margin | 15.56 | 14.20 | 15.93 | 14.63 | 14.55 | 16.04 |
| Service and other income | 2.38 | 2.65 | 3.72 | 2.93 | 4.15 | 6.98 |
| Gross revenue | 17.94 | 16.85 | 19.65 | 17.56 | 18.70 | 23.01 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 8.84 | 8.07 | 8.61 | 9.36 | 10.20 | 16.02 |
| Depreciation | 1.65 | 1.62 | 1.62 | 1.40 | 1.44 | 1.37 |
| Interest | 0.93 | 0.64 | 0.68 | 0.57 | 0.70 | 0.80 |
| Other | 5.36 | 4.89 | 5.59 | 4.74 | 5.35 | 5.99 |
| Total expenses | 16.78 | 15.22 | 16.51 | 16.07 | 17.71 | 24.18 |
| Net operating margins | 1.17 | 1.62 | 3.15 | 1.50 | 1.01 | -1.17 |
| Patronage income | 2.07 | 2.12 | 1.99 | 1.37 | 1.55 | 0.29 |
| Non-operating income | 0.43 | 0.39 | 0.23 | 0.14 | 0.47 | 0.31 |
| Net income before taxes | 3.67 | 4.14 | 4.10 | 3.01 | 3.04 | -0.57 |
| Taxes | 0.40 | 0.47 | 0.37 | 0.26 | 0.27 | 0.02 |
| Net income | 3.27 | 3.67 | 3.73 | 2.74 | 2.74 | -0.59 |
| Ratios | Percent or number |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 1.33 | 1.48 | 1.43 | 1.69 | 1.74 | 1.55 |
| Debt to asset | 0.51 | 0.42 | 0.44 | 0.41 | 0.40 | 0.50 |
| Debt to equity | 1.03 | 0.74 | 0.78 | 0.69 | 0.67 | 1.01 |
| Times interest earned | 4.94 | 7.50 | 6.98 | 6.31 | 5.34 | 0.29 |
| Total asset turnover | 2.04 | 2.10 | 1.97 | 2.02 | 1.75 | 1.73 |
| Fixed asset turnover | 9.10 | 8.15 | 8.58 | 9.20 | 8.65 | 8.46 |
| Gross profit margin | 15.56 | 14.20 | 15.93 | 14.63 | 14.55 | 16.04 |
| Return on assets | 9.40 | 10.05 | 9.41 | 7.21 | 6.55 | 0.39 |
| Return on member equity | 21.01 | 21.45 | 19.77 | 14.34 | 11.23 <br> (continu | $-2.78$ <br> d next page |

## Appendix table 6-Common size analysis, by cooperative type and size, 2007 (continued)

| Type of cooperative | Mixed supply (with 99\% to 50\% supply sales) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cooperative sales size | \$250 to | \$100 to | \$50 to | \$30 to |
|  | \$900 million | \$200 million | \$100 million | \$50 million |
| Balance sheet | Percent of total assets |  |  |  |
| Current assets | 63.63 | 60.45 | 58.70 | 57.99 |
| Other assets | 1.45 | 3.41 | 4.42 | 4.46 |
| Investments | 11.59 | 13.88 | 16.88 | 13.59 |
| PP\&E (net) | 23.33 | 22.26 | 19.99 | 23.96 |
| Total assets | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Current liabilities | 47.42 | 48.58 | 47.37 | 43.29 |
| Total liabilities | 64.00 | 59.61 | 57.49 | 52.67 |
| Allocated equity | 24.99 | 20.89 | 21.37 | 31.05 |
| Retained earnings | 11.01 | 19.50 | 21.14 | 16.28 |
| Total equity | 36.00 | 40.39 | 42.51 | 47.33 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Income statement | Percent of total sales |  |  |  |
| Total sales | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Cost of goods sold | 89.94 | 88.49 | 88.14 | 86.93 |
| Gross margin | 10.06 | 11.51 | 11.86 | 13.07 |
| Service and other income | 3.38 | 3.39 | 4.04 | 4.30 |
| Gross revenue | 13.44 | 14.90 | 15.90 | 17.37 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 5.61 | 6.56 | 7.21 | 7.97 |
| Depreciation | 1.35 | 1.50 | 1.42 | 1.70 |
| Interest | 1.36 | 1.16 | 1.14 | 0.94 |
| Other | 4.10 | 4.69 | 5.24 | 5.51 |
| Total expenses | 12.42 | 13.91 | 15.01 | 16.11 |
| Net operating margins | 1.02 | 0.99 | 0.88 | 1.26 |
| Patronage income | 1.77 | 1.29 | 1.52 | 1.49 |
| Non-operating income | 0.63 | 0.48 | 0.68 | 0.41 |
| Net income before taxes | 3.43 | 2.76 | 3.08 | 3.15 |
| Taxes | 0.51 | 0.61 | 0.52 | 0.31 |
| Net income | 2.92 | 2.15 | 2.56 | 2.84 |
| Ratios | Percent or number |  |  |  |
| Current | 1.34 | 1.24 | 1.24 | 1.34 |
| Debt to asset | 0.64 | 0.60 | 0.57 | 0.53 |
| Debt to equity | 1.78 | 1.48 | 1.35 | 1.11 |
| Times interest earned | 3.51 | 3.38 | 3.71 | 4.37 |
| Total asset turnover | 2.43 | 2.31 | 2.32 | 2.06 |
| Fixed asset turnover | 10.40 | 10.40 | 11.62 | 8.61 |
| Gross profit margin | 10.06 | 11.51 | 11.86 | 13.07 |
| Return on assets | 11.62 | 9.07 | 9.81 | 8.43 |
| Return on member equity | 28.34 | 23.82 | 27.81 | 18.83 |

Appendix table 6-Common size analysis, by cooperative type and size, 2007 (continued)

| Type of cooperative | Mixed supply (with $99 \%$ to $50 \%$ supply sales) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cooperative sales size | \$20 to | \$10 to | \$5 to | Less than |
|  | \$30 million | \$20 million | \$10 million | \$5 million |
| Balance sheet | Percent of total assets |  |  |  |
| Current assets | 59.91 | 57.75 | 60.31 | 56.08 |
| Other assets | 4.57 | 3.99 | 2.78 | 7.48 |
| Investments | 15.55 | 15.20 | 16.16 | 10.89 |
| PP\&F (net) | 19.97 | 23.06 | 20.75 | 25.55 |
| Total assets | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Current liabilities | 47.96 | 39.68 | 36.55 | 33.72 |
| Total liabilities | 55.26 | 46.65 | 42.06 | 42.77 |
| Allocated equity | 28.56 | 33.70 | 34.02 | 40.36 |
| Retained earnings | 16.18 | 19.64 | 23.92 | 17.33 |
| Iotal equity | 44.74 | 53.35 | 57.94 | 57.23 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Income statement | Percent of total sales |  |  |  |
| Total sales | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Cost of goods sold | 88.73 | 87.28 | 87.76 | 86.96 |
| Gross margin | 11.27 | 12.72 | 11.88 | 13.04 |
| Service and other income | 4.04 | 4.99 | 4.47 | 4.88 |
| Gross revenue | 15.31 | 17.71 | 16.35 | 16.98 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 6.96 | 8.10 | 7.60 | 10.26 |
| Depreciation | 1.48 | 1.66 | 1.62 | 1.45 |
| Interest | 1.03 | 0.74 | 0.71 | 0.66 |
| Other | 4.51 | 5.42 | 5.70 | 5.23 |
| Total expenses | 13.98 | 15.98 | 15.63 | 17.61 |
| Net operating margins | 1.33 | 1.73 | 0.72 | -0.63 |
| Patronage income | 1.61 | 1.32 | 1.43 | 0.77 |
| Non-operating income | 0.52 | 0.11 | 0.28 | 0.37 |
| Net income before taxes | 3.45 | 3.16 | 2.79 | 1.45 |
| Taxes | 0.40 | 0.32 | 0.22 | 0.09 |
| Net income | 3.05 | 2.84 | 2.57 | 1.36 |
| Ratios | Percent or number |  |  |  |
| Current | 1.25 | 1.46 | 1.65 | 1.66 |
| Debt to asset | 0.55 | 0.47 | 0.42 | 0.43 |
| Debt to equity | 1.24 | 0.87 | 0.73 | 0.75 |
| Times interest earned | 4.34 | 5.24 | 4.93 | 3.18 |
| Total asset turnover | 2.10 | 1.96 | 2.18 | 1.90 |
| Fixed asset turnover | 10.54 | 8.50 | 10.48 | 7.44 |
| Gross profit margin | 11.27 | 12.72 | 11.88 | 13.04 |
| Return on assets | 9.45 | 7.66 | 7.62 | 4.01 |
| Return on member equity | 22.49 | 16.55 | 16.45 | 6.39 |

Appendix table 6-Common size analysis, by cooperative type and size, 2007 (continued)
Type of cooperative Mixed grain and oilseed marketing (with $49 \%$ to $25 \%$ supply sales)

| Cooperative sales size | $\$ 225$ to <br> $\$ 450$ million | $\$ 200$ million <br> $\$ 20$ <br> Percent of total assets | $\$ 50$ to <br> $\$ 100$ | $\$ 30$ to <br> $\$ 50$ million |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| Balance sheet | 67.36 | 63.58 | 68.66 | 69.01 |
| Current assets | 1.92 | 10.81 | 2.01 | 2.05 |
| Other assets | 9.30 | 9.24 | 10.00 | 10.11 |
| Investments | 21.43 | 16.36 | 19.33 | 18.83 |
| PP\&E (net) | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Total assets |  |  |  |  |
|  | 59.00 | 56.86 | 57.81 | 58.65 |
| Current liabilities | 72.50 | 72.21 | 66.94 | 65.96 |
| Total liabilities | 16.06 | 16.27 | 20.39 | 21.68 |
| Allocated equity | 11.45 | 11.52 | 12.67 | 12.36 |
| Retained earnings | 27.50 | 27.79 | 33.06 | 34.04 |
| Total equity | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |


| Income statement | Percent of total sales <br> Total sales |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 100.00 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |  |  |
| Cost of goods sold | 91.31 | 91.59 | 91.15 | 91.84 |
| Gross margin | 8.69 | 8.41 | 8.85 | 8.16 |
|  |  |  |  | 4.70 |
| Service and other income | 3.06 | 5.19 | 12.56 |  |
| Gross revenue | 11.75 | 13.60 |  | 12.61 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 3.75 | 4.80 | 4.81 | 4.86 |
| Depreciation | 1.38 | 1.27 | 1.31 | 1.35 |
| Interest | 1.37 | 1.75 | 1.27 | 1.11 |
| Other | 4.07 | 4.43 | 4.18 | 4.07 |
| Total expenses | 10.56 | 12.25 | 11.56 | 11.48 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Net operating margins | 1.19 | 1.35 | 1.00 | 1.14 |
| Patronage income | 1.09 | 0.84 | 0.92 | 0.93 |
| Non-operating income | 0.29 | 0.29 | 0.73 | 0.66 |
| Net income before taxes | 2.57 | 2.48 | 2.65 | 2.73 |
| Taxes | 0.44 | 0.34 | 0.42 | 0.22 |
| Net income | 2.13 | 2.14 | 2.23 | 2.52 |

## Ratios

## Percent or number

| Current | 1.14 | 1.12 | 1.19 | 1.18 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Debt to asset | 0.72 | 0.72 | 0.67 | 0.66 |
| Debt to equity | 2.64 | 2.60 | 2.02 | 1.94 |
| Times interest earned | 2.88 | 2.42 | 3.09 | 3.47 |
|  | 1.90 | 1.83 | 2.15 | 2.05 |
| Total asset turnover | 8.89 | 11.21 | 11.13 | 10.87 |
| Fixed asset turnover | 8.69 | 8.41 | 8.85 | 8.16 |
| Gross profit margin | 7.50 | 7.76 | 8.44 | 7.86 |
| Return on assets | 25.23 | 24.10 | 23.51 | 23.74 |

Appendix table 6-Common size analysis, by cooperative type and size, 2007 (continued)


| Income statement | Percent of total sales |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total sales | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Cost of goods sold | 91.85 | 91.68 | 91.86 | 91.69 | 90.01 |
| Gross margin | 8.15 | 8.32 | 8.14 | 8.31 | 9.99 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service and other income | 4.06 | 4.15 | 3.85 | 4.18 | 4.80 |
| Gross revenue | 12.22 | 12.47 | 11.76 | 12.49 | 14.79 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 4.78 | 4.83 | 5.25 | 5.38 | 7.12 |
| Depreciation | 1.42 | 1.52 | 1.50 | 1.46 | 1.45 |
| Interest | 0.93 | 1.10 | 1.03 | 0.70 | 0.70 |
| Other | 4.07 | 4.26 | 3.64 | 4.30 | 4.64 |
| Total expenses | 11.19 | 11.70 | 11.43 | 11.69 | 13.91 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net operating margins | 1.02 | 0.77 | 0.33 | 0.80 | 1.17 |
| Patronage income | 0.80 | 0.88 | 0.76 | 0.53 | 0.40 |
| Non-operating income | 0.34 | 0.46 | 0.29 | 0.31 | 0.22 |
| Net income before taxes | 2.17 | 2.10 | 1.61 | 1.64 | 1.50 |
| Taxes | 0.19 | 0.15 | 0.12 | 0.05 | 0.02 |
| Net income | 1.98 | 1.96 | 1.48 | 1.59 | 1.47 |

Ratios
Current
Debt to asset 0.61
Debt to equity 1.53
Times interest earned
Total asset turnover 2.19
Fixed asset turnover
Gross profit margin
Return on assets
Return on member equity
8.15
6.80
17.11

Percent or number

| 1.17 | 1.26 | 1.36 | 1.44 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 0.66 | 0.61 | 0.57 | 0.53 |
| 1.97 | 1.54 | 1.31 | 1.14 |
| 2.92 | 2.56 | 3.35 | 3.13 |
|  |  |  |  |
| 1.96 | 2.20 | 2.04 | 1.99 |
| 9.90 | 10.90 | 10.55 | 9.74 |
|  |  |  |  |
| 8.32 | 8.14 | 8.31 | 9.99 |
| 6.28 | 5.80 | 4.78 | 4.38 |
| 18.08 | 13.81 | 12.23 | 10.16 |

(continued next page)

Appendix table 6-Common size analysis, by cooperative type and size, 2007 (continued)

Type of cooperative Grain and oilseed marketing (with less than $25 \%$ supply sales)

| Cooperative sales size | $\$ 100$ to <br> $\$ 250$ million | $\$ 50$ to <br> $\$ 100$ million <br> Percent of total assets | $\$ 30$ to <br> $\$ 50$ million | $\$ 20$ to <br> $\$ 30$ million |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: |
| Balance sheet |  |  |  |  |
| Current assets | 67.60 | 68.75 | 68.89 | 66.12 |
| Other assets | 3.38 | 2.15 | 3.57 | 4.15 |
| Investments | 6.34 | 6.75 | 5.64 | 5.43 |
| PP\&E (net) | 22.68 | 22.35 | 21.90 | 24.31 |
| Total assets | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Current liabilities | 58.78 | 57.95 | 55.99 | 58.10 |
| Total liabilities | 70.83 | 67.83 | 63.96 | 66.02 |
| Allocated equity | 18.09 | 19.75 | 22.22 | 17.94 |
| Retained earnings | 11.08 | 12.42 | 13.82 | 16.03 |
| Total equity | 29.17 | 32.17 | 36.04 | 33.98 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |


| Income statement |  | Percent of total sales |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Total sales | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Cost of goods sold | 92.59 | 93.40 | 92.37 | 93.87 |
| Gross margin | 7.41 | 6.60 | 7.63 | 6.13 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Service and other income | 2.84 | 2.98 | 2.56 | 3.02 |
| Gross revenue | 10.25 | 9.58 | 10.19 | 9.15 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 2.81 | 3.04 | 4.31 | 2.84 |
| Depreciation | 1.15 | 1.06 | 1.18 | 1.20 |
| Interest | 1.29 | 1.24 | 1.15 | 1.24 |
| Other | 3.26 | 2.51 | 2.96 | 2.50 |
| Total expenses | 8.50 | 7.85 | 9.60 | 7.78 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Net operating margins | 1.75 | 1.74 | 0.58 | 1.37 |
| Patronage income | 0.50 | 0.41 | 0.39 | 0.25 |
| Non-operating income | 0.72 | 0.22 | 0.26 | 0.77 |
| Net income before taxes | 2.97 | 2.37 | 1.23 | 2.40 |
| Taxes | 0.32 | 0.30 | 0.13 | 0.29 |
| Net income | 2.65 | 2.07 | 1.09 | 2.11 |

## Ratios

| Current | 1.15 | 1.19 | 1.23 | 1.14 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Debt to asset | 0.71 | 0.68 | 0.64 | 0.66 |
| Debt to equity | 2.43 | 2.11 | 1.77 | 1.94 |
| Times interest earned | 3.31 | 2.91 | 2.06 | 2.94 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Total asset turnover | 1.98 | 2.44 | 2.31 | 2.30 |
| Fixed asset turnover | 8.74 | 10.93 | 10.56 | 9.46 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross profit margin | 7.41 | 6.60 | 7.63 | 6.13 |
| Return on assets | 8.43 | 8.83 | 5.52 | 8.36 |
| Return on member equity | 29.01 | 25.64 | 11.40 | 27.06 |

## Appendix table 6-Common size analysis, by cooperative type and size, 2007 (continued)

| Type of cooperative | Grain and oilseed marketing (with less than $25 \%$ supply sales) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cooperative sales size | \$15 to | \$10 to | \$5 to | Less than |
|  | \$20 million | \$15 million | \$10 million | \$5 million |
| Balance sheet | Percent of total assets |  |  |  |
| Current assets | 67.86 | 65.31 | 65.32 | 61.53 |
| Other assets | 1.44 | 2.95 | 5.84 | 10.03 |
| Investments | 5.72 | 6.45 | 4.55 | 3.98 |
| PP\&E (net) | 24.98 | 25.28 | 24.29 | 24.47 |
| Total assets | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Current liabilities | 57.60 | 49.25 | 47.67 | 45.71 |
| Total liabilities | 68.00 | 55.78 | 56.65 | 56.02 |
| Allocated equity | 17.13 | 22.56 | 23.51 | 29.49 |
| Retained earnings | 14.86 | 21.66 | 19.83 | 14.49 |
| Total equity | 32.00 | 44.22 | 43.35 | 43.98 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Income statement | Percent of total sales |  |  |  |
| Total sales | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Cost of goods sold | 94.65 | 94.47 | 93.11 | 91.16 |
| Gross margin | 5.35 | 5.53 | 6.89 | 8.84 |
| Service and other income | 2.65 | 3.25 | 3.38 | 5.91 |
| Gross revenue | 8.00 | 8.78 | 10.26 | 14.75 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 2.56 | 3.24 | 3.37 | 5.36 |
| Depreciation | 1.04 | 1.22 | 1.12 | 1.49 |
| Interest | 0.93 | 0.77 | 0.86 | 0.80 |
| Other | 2.45 | 2.61 | 3.66 | 5.85 |
| Total expenses | 6.99 | 7.84 | 9.01 | 13.51 |
| Net operating margins | 1.01 | 0.94 | 1.25 | 1.24 |
| Patronage income | 0.28 | 0.27 | 0.14 | 0.22 |
| Non-operating income | 0.17 | 0.88 | 0.49 | 0.08 |
| Net income before taxes | 1.45 | 2.09 | 1.88 | 1.53 |
| Taxes | 0.09 | 0.21 | 0.06 | 0.01 |
| Net income | 1.36 | 1.88 | 1.82 | 1.52 |
| Ratios | Percent or number |  |  |  |
| Current | 1.18 | 1.33 | 1.37 | 1.35 |
| Debt to asset | 0.68 | 0.56 | 0.57 | 0.56 |
| Debt to equity | 2.13 | 1.26 | 1.31 | 1.27 |
| Times interest earned | 2.56 | 3.72 | 3.19 | 2.90 |
| Total asset turnover | 2.46 | 2.62 | 2.70 | 1.99 |
| Fixed asset turnover | 9.86 | 10.36 | 11.13 | 8.13 |
| Gross profit margin | 5.35 | 5.53 | 6.89 | 8.84 |
| Return on assets | 5.87 | 7.50 | 7.41 | 4.64 |
| Return on member equity | 19.56 | 21.80 | 20.96 | 10.23 |

Appendix table 6-Common size analysis, by cooperative type and size, 2007 (continued)

| Type of cooperative | Fish marketing |  |  |  | Poultry marketing |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cooperative sales size | $\begin{aligned} & >\$ 10 \\ & \text { million } \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 5$ to \$10 million | \$1 to \$5 million | Less than \$1 million | $\begin{aligned} & >\$ 100 \\ & \text { million } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <\$ 50 \\ & \text { million } \end{aligned}$ |
| Balance sheet | Percent of total assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current assets | 62.86 | 34.65 | 55.92 | 46.02 | 64.41 | 54.72 |
| Other assets | 11.70 | 0.24 | 0.19 | 0.18 | 0.37 | 12.53 |
| Investments | 0.04 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 1.54 | 1.36 |
| PP\&E (net) | 25.40 | 65.11 | 43.89 | 53.80 | 33.67 | 31.39 |
| Total assets | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Current liabilities | 50.35 | 17.61 | 45.33 | 34.23 | 28.63 | 34.83 |
| Total liabilities | 59.10 | 75.52 | 66.66 | 60.02 | 43.45 | 44.19 |
| Allocated equity | 26.55 | 22.30 | 24.72 | 39.55 | 16.93 | 26.93 |
| Retained earnings | 14.35 | 2.12 | 8.62 | 0.44 | 39.62 | 28.88 |
| Total equity | 40.90 | 23.93 | 33.34 | 39.98 | 56.55 | 55.81 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Income statement | Percent of total sales |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total sales | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Cost of goods sold | 79.51 | 74.55 | 85.57 | 86.96 | 86.69 | 74.27 |
| Gross margin | 20.49 | 25.45 | 14.43 | 13.04 | 13.31 | 25.73 |
| Service and other income | 2.75 | 5.89 | 1.14 | 3.20 | 12.48 | 0.63 |
| Gross revenue | 22.81 | 25.91 | 15.52 | 17.73 | 25.79 | 26.35 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 13.90 | 7.41 | 5.13 | 8.53 | 5.63 | 10.93 |
| Depreciation | 1.28 | 2.92 | 0.86 | 0.90 | 0.96 | 1.08 |
| Interest | 0.85 | 0.40 | 0.57 | 0.52 | 0.59 | 0.13 |
| Other | 5.77 | 15.67 | 7.09 | 7.64 | 17.56 | 13.52 |
| Total expenses | 21.80 | 26.39 | 13.65 | 17.59 | 24.74 | 25.65 |
| Net operating margins | 1.02 | -0.49 | 1.88 | 0.14 | 1.05 | 0.70 |
| Patronage income | 0.00 | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 3.25 | 0.05 |
| Non-operating income | 0.44 | 5.44 | 0.04 | 0.00 | 1.25 | 0.01 |
| Net income before taxes | 1.46 | 4.95 | 1.97 | 0.24 | 5.55 | 0.76 |
| Taxes | 0.02 | 0.00 | 0.14 | 0.00 | 0.06 | -0.11 |
| Net income | 1.44 | 4.97 | 1.84 | 0.24 | 5.49 | 0.87 |
| Ratios | Percent or number |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 1.25 | 1.97 | 1.23 | 1.34 | 2.25 | 1.57 |
| Debt to asset | 0.59 | 0.76 | 0.67 | 0.60 | 0.43 | 0.44 |
| Debt to equity | 1.45 | 3.18 | 2.00 | 1.50 | 0.77 | 0.79 |
| Times interest earned | 2.72 | 13.43 | 4.45 | 1.47 | 10.34 | 6.93 |
| Total asset turnover | 2.50 | 2.39 | 7.51 | 1.88 | 3.38 | 2.04 |
| Fixed asset turnover | 9.86 | 3.67 | 17.12 | 3.49 | 10.03 | 6.49 |
| Gross profit margin | 20.49 | 25.45 | 14.43 | 13.04 | 13.31 | 25.73 |
| Return on assets | 5.78 | 12.76 | 19.13 | 1.42 | 20.75 | 1.81 |
| Return on member equity | 13.58 | 53.22 | 55.85 | 1.14 | 109.41 | 6.57 |

Appendix table 6-Common size analysis, by cooperative type and size, 2007 (continued)

| Type of cooperative |  |  | Livestock marketing |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cooperative sales size | $\begin{aligned} & >\$ 300 \\ & \text { million } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \$ 60 \text { to } \\ & \$ 100 \text { million } \end{aligned}$ | $\$ 15$ to \$45 million | $\$ 5$ to \$10 million | $\$ 1$ to $\$ 5$ million | Less than \$1 million |
| Balance sheet Percent of total assets | Percent of total assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current assets | 82.43 | 89.35 | 61.96 | 66.76 | 50.97 | 60.86 |
| Other assets | 2.20 | 2.68 | 6.98 | 11.67 | 20.56 | 15.44 |
| Investments | 5.69 | 1.97 | 0.07 | 0.00 | 8.78 | 0.05 |
| PP\&E (net) | 9.68 | 6.00 | 30.99 | 21.57 | 19.70 | 23.65 |
| Total assets | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Current liabilities | 69.12 | 69.34 | 49.62 | 38.25 | 35.37 | 49.08 |
| Total liabilities | 81.52 | 78.30 | 75.75 | 46.23 | 40.10 | 59.62 |
| Allocated equity | 10.19 | 16.49 | 12.71 | 41.08 | 44.30 | 25.25 |
| Retained earnings | 8.29 | 5.21 | 11.54 | 12.69 | 15.60 | 15.14 |
| Total equity | 18.48 | 21.70 | 24.25 | 53.77 | 59.90 | 40.38 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Income statement Percent of total sales |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total sales | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Cost of goods sold | 99.30 | 98.57 | 90.97 | 96.79 | 87.35 | 88.08 |
| Gross margin | 0.70 | 1.43 | 9.03 | 3.21 | 12.65 | 11.92 |
| Service and other income | 1.07 | 3.68 | 3.44 | 3.17 | 4.80 | 6.25 |
| Gross revenue | 1.76 | 5.11 | 12.47 | 6.38 | 17.45 | 18.16 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 0.84 | 1.79 | 6.16 | 2.17 | 7.95 | 8.81 |
| Depreciation | 0.06 | 0.19 | 1.17 | 0.60 | 0.93 | 1.19 |
| Interest | 0.28 | 1.65 | 0.60 | 0.29 | 0.42 | 0.56 |
| Other | 0.53 | 0.66 | 4.41 | 3.02 | 7.23 | 6.64 |
| Total expenses | 1.71 | 4.29 | 12.34 | 6.08 | 16.53 | 17.20 |
| Net operating margins | 0.06 | 0.82 | 0.13 | 0.30 | 0.92 | 0.96 |
| Patronage income | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.19 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.04 |
| Non-operating income | 0.12 | 0.16 | 0.04 | 0.03 | 0.24 | 0.02 |
| Net income before taxes | 0.20 | 1.02 | 0.36 | 0.32 | 1.16 | 1.02 |
| Taxes | 0.00 | 0.27 | 0.08 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Net income | 0.20 | 0.76 | 0.28 | 0.32 | 1.16 | 1.02 |
| Ratios Percent or number |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 1.19 | 1.29 | 1.25 | 1.75 | 1.44 | 1.24 |
| Debt to asset | 0.82 | 0.78 | 0.76 | 0.46 | 0.40 | 0.60 |
| Debt to equity | 4.41 | 3.61 | 3.12 | 0.86 | 0.67 | 1.48 |
| Times interest earned | 1.73 | 1.62 | 1.60 | 2.11 | 3.77 | 2.82 |
| Total asset turnover | 15.59 | 1.79 | 3.22 | 10.88 | 3.64 | 0.88 |
| Fixed asset turnover | 161.02 | 29.80 | 10.40 | 50.42 | 18.46 | 3.74 |
| Gross profit margin | 0.70 | 1.43 | 9.03 | 3.21 | 12.65 | 11.92 |
| Return on assets | 7.56 | 4.79 | 3.08 | 6.70 | 5.75 | 1.40 |
| Return on member equity | 30.99 | 8.20 | 7.12 | 8.59 | 9.52 | 3.57 |
|  |  |  |  |  | (continu | d next page) |

Appendix table 6-Common size analysis, by cooperative type and size, 2007 (continued)


Appendix table 6-Common size analysis, by cooperative type and size, 2007 (continued)


Appendix table 6-Common size analysis, by cooperative type and size, 2007 (continued)

| Type of cooperative | Sugar marketing |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cooperative sales size | $>\$ 300$ <br> million | \$100 to \$200 million | $\begin{gathered} \$ 30 \text { to } \\ \$ 100 \text { million } \end{gathered}$ | Less than \$21 million |
| Balance sheet | Percent of total assets |  |  |  |
| Current assets | 37.74 | 40.28 | 31.36 | 62.82 |
| Other assets | 21.12 | 2.41 | 2.36 | 14.92 |
| Investments | 0.85 | 12.48 | 4.12 | 0.00 |
| PP\&E (net) | 40.30 | 44.83 | 62.16 | 22.27 |
| Total assets | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Current liabilities | 34.88 | 37.47 | 28.48 | 48.29 |
| Total liabilities | 66.20 | 52.17 | 42.39 | 59.42 |
| Allocated equity | 37.06 | 39.38 | 53.29 | 24.21 |
| Retained earnings | -3.26 | 8.45 | 4.31 | 16.38 |
| Total equity | 33.80 | 47.83 | 57.61 | 40.58 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Income statement | Percent of total sales |  |  |  |
| Total sales | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Cost of goods sold | 74.88 | 70.66 | 73.27 | 94.00 |
| Gross margin | 25.12 | 29.34 | 26.73 | 6.00 |
| Service and other income | 5.43 | 4.96 | 0.13 | 3.35 |
| Gross revenue | 30.55 | 34.30 | 26.85 | 9.36 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 11.33 | 8.44 | 10.14 | 3.28 |
| Depreciation | 3.41 | 2.60 | 2.17 | 0.39 |
| Interest | 2.01 | 1.69 | 2.11 | 0.19 |
| Other | 10.41 | 19.33 | 11.12 | 4.76 |
| Total expenses | 27.18 | 32.06 | 25.53 | 8.61 |
| Net operating margins | 3.37 | 2.24 | 1.32 | 0.74 |
| Patronage income | 0.03 | 0.00 | 0.12 | 0.00 |
| Non-operating income | -1.18 | 0.43 | 1.72 | 0.02 |
| Net income before taxes | 2.23 | 2.68 | 3.16 | 0.76 |
| Taxes | 0.04 | 0.01 | 0.26 | 0.00 |
| Net income | 2.18 | 2.67 | 2.90 | 0.76 |
| Ratios | Percent or number |  |  |  |
| Current | 1.08 | 1.07 | 1.10 | 1.30 |
| Debt to asset | 0.66 | 0.52 | 0.42 | 0.59 |
| Debt to equity | 1.96 | 1.09 | 0.74 | 1.46 |
| Times interest earned | 2.11 | 2.58 | 2.50 | 5.07 |
| Total asset turnover | 1.50 | 1.90 | 1.74 | 3.85 |
| Fixed asset turnover | 3.73 | 4.23 | 2.79 | 17.29 |
| Gross profit margin | 25.12 | 29.34 | 26.73 | 6.00 |
| Return on assets | 6.38 | 8.29 | 9.15 | 3.65 |
| Return on member equity | 8.86 | 12.83 | 9.45 | 12.09 |

Appendix table 6-Common size analysis, by cooperative type and size, 2007 (continued)

| Type of cooperative | Rice drier |  | tion | Storage | Hulling |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cooperative sales size | All sizes | $\begin{gathered} >\$ 1 \\ \text { million } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & <\$ 1 \\ & \text { million } \end{aligned}$ | All sizes | All sizes |
| Balance sheet | Percent of total assets |  |  |  |  |
| Current assets | 37.32 | 44.38 | 44.48 | 50.07 | 44.77 |
| Other assets | 0.39 | 1.81 | 4.55 | 4.43 | 4.61 |
| Investments | 0.00 | 2.00 | 1.79 | 0.00 | 0.02 |
| PP\&E (net) | 62.28 | 51.81 | 49.17 | 45.50 | 50.60 |
| Total assets | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Current liabilities | 31.89 | 29.51 | 21.63 | 18.10 | 32.75 |
| Total liabilities | 31.95 | 37.97 | 24.75 | 22.87 | 49.77 |
| Allocated equity | 63.32 | 49.40 | 68.20 | 64.87 | 41.30 |
| Retained earnings | 4.73 | 12.63 | 7.05 | 12.26 | 8.93 |
| Total equity | 68.05 | 62.03 | 75.25 | 77.13 | 50.23 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Income statement | Percent of service |  |  |  |  |
| Service and other income | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Gross revenue | 100.20 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 | 100.00 |
| Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wages | 22.56 | 28.42 | 46.73 | 28.74 | 19.74 |
| Depreciation | 5.54 | 6.00 | 5.78 | 1.46 | 5.27 |
| Interest | 0.10 | 0.43 | 0.64 | 0.30 | 1.10 |
| Other | 39.34 | 59.79 | 43.76 | 53.32 | 40.19 |
| Total expenses | 67.54 | 94.64 | 96.91 | 83.83 | 66.30 |
| Net operating margins | 32.46 | 5.36 | 3.09 | 16.17 | 33.70 |
| Patronage income | 0.00 | 0.30 | 0.20 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| Non-operating income | 1.13 | 0.62 | 0.79 | 0.05 | 0.25 |
| Net income before taxes | 33.58 | 6.28 | 4.08 | 16.21 | 33.95 |
| Taxes | 0.00 | 0.01 | 0.00 | 0.33 | 0.45 |
| Net income | 33.58 | 6.27 | 4.08 | 15.88 | 33.51 |
| Ratios | Percent or number |  |  |  |  |
| Current | 1.17 | 1.50 | 2.06 | 2.77 | 1.37 |
| Debt to asset | 0.32 | 0.38 | 0.25 | 0.23 | 0.50 |
| Debt to equity | 0.47 | 0.61 | 0.33 | 0.30 | 0.99 |
| Times interest earned | 339.90 | 15.51 | 7.39 | 54.49 | 31.79 |
| Return on assets | 25.13 | 17.98 | 4.28 | 11.05 | 37.55 |
| Return on member equity | 39.57 | 34.01 | 5.42 | 16.38 | 86.89 |

Appendix Table 7-Net income of cooperatives, 1998-2007 ${ }^{1}$

| Year | Net operating <br> margins | From other <br> cooperatives $^{2}$ |  |
| :--- | ---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1998 | 1,169 | Million dollars | Total |
| 1999 | 945 | 573 |  |
| 2000 | 1,041 | 384 | 1,742 |
| 2001 | 1,039 | 235 | 1,328 |
| 2002 | 847 | 318 | 1,276 |
| 2003 | 1,013 | 362 | 1,357 |
| 2004 | 1,993 | 92 | 1,210 |
| 2005 | 2,147 | 335 | 1,105 |
| 2006 | 2,665 | 401 | 2,328 |
| 2007 | 3,184 | 498 | 2,548 |
|  |  | 646 | 3,163 |

1 Totals may not add due to rounding. Excludes income from cooperative pooling operations.
${ }^{2}$ Dividends and patronage refunds received from other marketing, supply, and service cooperatives, and CoBank, where applicable.

## APPENDIX FIGURES

## Appendix Figure 1-Distribution of Cooperatives by Type, 2007



Percentages are based on a total of 2,594 cooperatives.
${ }^{1}$ Includes dry bean and pea, nut, wool and mohair, tobacco, rice, sugar, fishery, and other product marketing cooperatives.
Appendix Figure 2-U.S. Farms and Cooperative Memberships, 1979-2007
Million


## Appendix Figure 3-Distribution of Full-Time Employees by Cooperatives Type, 2007



Percentages are based on a total of 125.1 thousand full-time employees.
${ }^{1}$ Includes dry bean and pea, nut, wool and mohair, tobacco, fishery, and other product marketing cooperatives.

## Appendix Figure 4-Cooperatives' Gross and Net Business Volumes, 1979-2007

Billion dollars


[^10]Appendix Figure 5-Cooperative's Net Business Volume, 1979-2007
Billion dollars


Appendix Figure 6-Cooperatives' Investments in Other Cooperatives and Patronage Refunds Received from Other Cooperatives ${ }^{1}$, 1998-2007

Billion dollars


Appendix Figure 7-Dis̄tribūtion Net Income, by Cooperative Type, 2007


Percentage based on net income before taxes of $\$ 3.8$ billion.
${ }^{1}$ Includes dry bean and pea, nut, wool and mohair, tobacco, fishery, and other product marketing cooperatives.

## Appendix Figure 8-Distribution Losses, by Cooperatives Type, 2007



[^11]${ }^{1}$ Includes dry bean and pea, nut, wool and mohair, tobacco, fishery, and other product marketing cooperatives.



[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Cooperatives primarily handling grains and oilseeds, excluding cottonseed.
    ${ }^{2}$ Cooperatives primarily handling eggs, turkeys, ratite, squab, and related products.
    ${ }^{3}$ Cooperatives primarily handling sugar beets, sugarcane, honey, and related products.
    ${ }^{4}$ Cooperatives primarily handling forest products, hay, hops, seed marketed for growers, nursery stock, ethanol, coffee, and other farm products not classified separately. Also includes manufactured food products and resale items marketed by cooperatives.
    ${ }^{5}$ Cooperatives primarily providing shipping, trucking, storing, and other services.

[^1]:    ${ }^{1}$ Services include trucking, cotton ginning, storage, crop drying, artificial insemination, livestock shipping, and similar services affecting the form, quality, or location of products and supplies. They do not include credit, electric, telephone, or other such services not directly related to marketing or supply activities.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes States with fewer than three cooperatives for any function. States with at least three cooperatives were: Alaska, 6; Connecticut, 5; Delaware, 3; Maine, 22; Maryland, 12; New Jersey, 13; South Carolina, 5; and Vermont, 3.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Business volume includes revenues from marketing plus the value of products bargained for or handled on a commission basis, supply sales, service receipts, and other income.
    ${ }^{2}$ Includes number of farmers, ranchers, and fishermen eligible to vote for directors. Does not include memberships held by other cooperatives, such as local cooperative memberships in regional cooperatives.
    ${ }^{3}$ Includes inter-cooperative business volume.
    ${ }^{4}$ Total may not add due to rounding.

[^4]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes dry bean and pea, nut, tobacco, wool and mohair, fishery, and other product marketing cooperatives

[^5]:    ${ }^{1}$ Gross includes and net excludes inter-cooperative business. Totals may not add due to rounding.
    ${ }^{2}$ Excludes cottonseed. Cottonseed oil is included in other marketings, whereas cottonseed meal is included in feed.
    ${ }^{3}$ Includes eggs, turkeys, ratite, squab, and related products.
    ${ }^{4}$ Includes coffee, fish, forest products, hay, hops, seed marketed for growers, nursery stock, ethanol, other farm products not separately classified, and sales of products not received directly from member patrons. Also includes manufactured food products and resale items marketed by cooperatives.
    ${ }_{5}^{5}$ Includes building materials, containers and packaging supplies, machinery and equipment, meats and groceries, automotive supplies, hardware, chicks, and other supplies not separately classified.
    ${ }^{6}$ Includes trucking, cotton ginning, storage, grinding, application, locker plants, and other related items. Services include charges related to marketing or purchasing, but not included in the volume reported for those activities, plus other income and extraordinary items.

[^6]:    ${ }^{1}$ Totals may not add due to rounding.
    ${ }^{2}$ Many cooperatives have multi-product and multi-functional operations. Most are classified according to predominant commodity or function as indicated by business volume.
    ${ }^{3}$ Also includes investments in CoBank.
    ${ }^{4}$ Excludes cottonseed and other oilseed oils and meals. Oilseed oil is included in other marketings while meal is included in supplies (feed).
    ${ }^{5}$ Includes dry edible beans and peas, fish, nuts, tobacco, wool, and other marketing.

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ Cooperatives primarily handling grains and oilseeds, excluding cottonseed.
    ${ }^{2}$ Cooperatives primarily handling eggs, turkeys, ratite, squab, and related products.
    ${ }^{3}$ Cooperatives primarily handling sugar beets, sugarcane, honey, and related products.

[^8]:    ${ }^{1}$ Cooperatives primarily handling grains and oilseeds, excluding cottonseed.
    ${ }^{2}$ Cooperatives primarily handling eggs, turkeys, ratite, squab, and related products.
    ${ }^{3}$ Cooperatives primarily handling sugar beets, sugarcane, honey, and related products.

[^9]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes investments in other cooperatives and CoBank, where applicable.

[^10]:    ${ }^{1}$ Includes inter-cooperative business.
    ${ }^{2}$ Excludes inter-cooperative business.

[^11]:    Percentage based on total losses of \$155 million.

